

Japs Take Hong Kong

City Gives Up After Heroic Resistance

(Continued From Page One)

The public works department struggled bravely to effect a remedy but the enemy destroyed the pipe again and again.

For days now their terminals but one day's supply and civilian casualties were heavy, but under the inspiring leadership of Sir Mark Young, the morale of all was high.

"So ends a great fight against overwhelming odds. The courage and determination of the Royal Canadian Air Force, the Royal Canadian and India as well as local volunteer units, including many Chinese, will long be remembered."

"Christmas Present"

Says Tokyo's Radio

TOKYO—Official Broadcast Reporters announced tonight that the British Crown Colony of Hong Kong had fallen and without the loss of a single soldier.

The fate of a mortal misfortune was flashed to the Japanese people by radio as a "Christmas present" from their广播员.

The announcement was brief. The enemy at Hong Kong no longer able to withstand our concentrated attacks, surrendered at 7:30 A. M. (2:30 A. M. EST) Dec. 25. Consequently Imperial troops were ordered to cease firing at 7:30 A. M. (2:30 A. M. EST).

Details reported shortly later that high representatives of the Japanese Army and Sir Mark Young, British Governor of Hong Kong, were gathered at the Peninsula Hotel in Kowloon across Victoria Harbor from Hong Kong Island.

General said that five hours before the surrender two British non-combatants brought the Japanese messenger to the British General who would not yet give up resistance.

A Domes broadcast of the surrender described Hong Kong as a peaceful, Christian colony, but the Japanese nation had said the capture "would have been achieved in much shorter order had it not been for the stubborn resistance of the British Garrison for repeated Japanese advances to abandon resistance in the interests of the safety of residents of the island." The British广播员 added that on a holiday night newspapers rushed out extra which have been reserved for the biggest war news.

NOT REAL CHRISTMAS

(The day is not celebrated as Christmas in Japan, but rather as the sixteenth anniversary of the accession of Emperor Hirohito. Actually the day is the birthday of the present emperor, Taisho, rather than the actual accession.)

Domestic declared that the fall of Hong Kong marks the beginning of the last stage of the British imperialism on China soil and brings to an end century-long exploitation.

Hundreds See Sub Attack

(Continued From Page One)

sank except for the load of lumber which floated her.

Meanwhile, the Navy announced that two submarine crews had met a kind of trouble and that a third, previously listed as missing and probably sunk, had arrived safely at a port.

The four-masted schooner "Lucky" which was discovered as a strayed California port last night after her own power failed a bit to last her own power.

The nature of the damage was not known.

The Navy earlier had received a report that a schooner had been disabled by a submarine not far from the Aburada torpedo base.

The Navy also heard a report that another lumber schooner the "Barbara C." was fired upon near the Aburada. The ship's officers were uncertain whether the shots, which were fired from a submarine or were being fired at a submarine by those batteries.

NEWSPRINT ARRIVES

The safe arrival was the Canadian freighter "Roshenak," two days ago with a cargo of newsprint.

Captain Thomas Hill, skipper of the Standard Oil Tanker "El Paso," which had been held up by submarine Monday, disclosed upon safe arrival in port that the "Story" had been attacked twice but escaped.

Thirty-three men escaped from the Aburada into lifeboats and were rescued by Coast Guard and Marine Patrol boats which rushed to the scene. All survivors were injured, none seriously.

LUMBER SPILLED

Said Seaman Herbert Stephen, 20, of Portland, Ore.:

"I was in the forepeak when the cargo struck. There was a terrible jolt and the ship seemed to spin around."

"I heard a dull, booming sound, as if it raced to the deck and fell into the water. Then the number load on the after deck sprang into the air in every direction."

John Scott, 44, also of Portland, said it was his fifth paddling experience—and the others were during the First World War.

"Why, mate," he grinned, "we were in plain sight of land, there weren't boats on the way, we weren't even afraid."

"May I have it, in the name of Christmas?" he asked.

He Had Santa Claus In Back of His Mind

BONNIEVILLE, Ind.—H. F. Mrs. Bonnerville farm machinery dealer, is ready to nominate for most unexpected recipient of the year, ten-year-old Dennis Williams—who squirmed between two brick walls less than a foot apart and got stuck.

When Dennis went to the boy's room, Dennis said:

"Hurry, I don't want to be late for school."

Japs Drive For Manila

(Continued From Page One)

Advance Units 110 Miles From Capital

(Continued From Page One)

Linuan, and Bauang, twelve miles north of the capital.

American officers declared that for days the Japanese have been bombing and strafing us but without damage.

"We have one special problem," said one officer said. "Sunday we started flying patrols, so that the Japanese must have known we were coming."

But the first war Christmas

in 24 years has been spent in numerous plane factories, munition plants, and industrial areas the refueling barrier of production went forward.

Extra precautions were taken throughout the country in all vital industries and the Japanese attempted to sabote important facilities.

On the Pacific Coast the Navy declared a "double alert" against surprise attacks.

PRESENTS TO THE NATION

The nation's drive for armament has been reflected in the streets it received. The New York Navy Yard commissioned the new 6,000-ton cruiser Atlanta and sent off its first load of Christmas Eve to the Fleet. And in Detroit the main part of 500 men Bofors antiaircraft gun barrels rolled off the assembly line.

Highlighting the Christmas Eve calendar were the addresses which President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Churchill made to the United States, Britain, and their Allies to be of good cheer and strong in the confidence that final victory would be won for their dear world.

Churchill, it developed later, will have more to do with the Far East announced by Britain's naval chief of staff, Admiral Sir Bruce Fraser, and the Admiralty.

A spokesman for the United States announced Tuesday of the Far East announced by Britain's naval chief of staff, Admiral Sir Bruce Fraser, and the Admiralty.

A large Japanese transport and a mine-sweeper are known to have been destroyed, he said, and an American transport and a Japanese tender were regarded as probably.

A spokesman said that the Japanese had captured the "Okinawa,"

and the "Okinawa,"