

Jonas Swamps Douglas In Easy Race

BIG MARGIN MORE THAN '52 VICTORY

Lone Republican Returned To House By 37,000 Votes

By JULIAN SCHEER
Charlotte News Staff Writer
Republican Rep. Charles Raper Jonas, operating behind a well organized and smooth working team of young workers, rolled to a surprisingly one-sided 10th District victory yesterday over Democratic challenger Ben E. Douglas.

The Lincolnton lawyer defeated the Charlotte businessman by more than 37,000 votes for his third successive winning campaign as North Carolina's only non-Democrat in the House of Representatives.

With 182 of 184 precincts in the 10th reporting, Jonas has a total vote of 91,870 as compared to Douglas' 53,911.

The margin is 37,959. In Mecklenburg County, the 10th's largest county, Jonas polled 47,760 votes to 25,079 for a winning margin of 22,681. County Prec. In Jonas Doug. Avery 20 20 3,751 1,145 Burke 36 36 11,055 8,646 Catawba 24 24 18,701 12,208 Lincoln 22 22 6,795 5,750 Mecklenburg 59 59 47,760 25,079 Mitchell 13 13 3,898 1,081 Totals 184 182 91,870 53,911 Douglas conceded at 11:57 p.m. Tuesday as the district's heavy vote piled up.

ALL DISTRICTS

The entire 10th District went for Jonas, duplicating his initial win over incumbent Hamilton Jones in 1952. In 1954, Judge J. C. Seaberry defeated Jonas only in Burke County.

The 1954 victory saw Jonas win by 51,492 to 38,080 in the district and by 21,824 to 13,291 in Mecklenburg.

The 1952 victory had Jonas getting 42,826 votes to Jones' 22,285 in Mecklenburg.

The Jonas margin of victory already far exceeds his previous efforts.

STEAM FOUND

The turnout surprised many observers who saw an otherwise dull campaign pick up steam in the final days.

Bright and sunny skies enabled voters to get to the polls all over the district.

Jonas support had been expected to be strong in Avery and Mitchell, traditionally Republican counties, and Mecklenburg. His home county of Lincoln was again close, but his margin in Catawba County caught observers offguard.

In sprawling Mecklenburg, Jonas won in all but 10 of the 59 precincts reporting. In 1954 he carried 38 of 52 precincts.

What's Inside

- Business 12B
- Classified 9-11B
- Comics 7C
- Crossword Puzzle 7A
- Editorials 6A
- Features 6C
- Obituaries 6B
- Radio-TV 8B
- Serial 7A
- Sports 6-8B
- Theaters 14A
- Women 2-5B

THE CHARLOTTE NEWS ***** FINAL

Largest Evening Newspaper In The Two Carolinas
Charlotte, North Carolina, Wednesday, November 7, 1956
36 Pages — Price Five Cents

CONGRESS GOES DEMOCRATIC; IKE'S MARGIN EIGHT MILLION

President Ahead Of '52 Figure

By JACK BELL
Associated Press Staff Writer
President Eisenhower built up a margin of more than eight million votes today in his record smashing second term victory over Adlai Stevenson, but he appeared to be falling short of his goal of gaining a Republican Congress.

The count of popular votes at 10:30 a.m. EST was Eisenhower 30,015,335, Stevenson 21,708,370.

Four years ago Eisenhower took 39 states and 442 electoral votes to Stevenson's 19. Yesterday Eisenhower added Louisiana, Kentucky and West Virginia to his 1952 list. But he seemed likely to lose Missouri, which he won four years ago.

Stevenson was crushed under a tremendous vote of confidence for the 66-year-old President, who suffered a heart attack last year and underwent an abdominal operation last June.

Eisenhower's vote, pointing toward a possible nine-million edge, compared with the 6,612,449 by which he won in 1952. The Eisenhower count seemed likely to surpass the 33,927,441 he got in 1952.

Stevenson could count only six states in the Deep South—Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Mississippi, North Carolina and South Carolina—together with Missouri, for 74 electoral votes.

With his own margin almost certain to surpass his record 1952 showing, Eisenhower stepped to a microphone in the early morning hours to say he will continue his efforts for peace.

BROAD GAINS

Breaking into a broad grin, he expressed his "most grateful thanks" to those he said had voted for "principles and ideals" and not "merely for an individual."

Then with Vice President Nixon standing nearby, he told cheering Republicans:

"With whatever talents the good God has given me, with whatever strength there is within me, I will continue, and so will my associates, to do just one thing—to work for 168 million Americans here at home, and for peace in the world."

Eisenhower said that with his

See IKE'S on page 2-A

Presidential Table

POPULAR-ELECTORAL VOTE RETURNS AT 10:30 A. M. (By The Associated Press)

State	Voting Units	Units Rptng.	Popular Vote Eisen.	Popular Vote Stev.	Electoral Vote	Trend of Vote
Ala.	2,947	2,188	156,899	216,859	11	—
Ariz.	521	530	116,362	71,917	4	—
Ark.	2,394	1,231	67,807	92,150	4	—
Calif.	24,904	15,374	1,295,944	1,094,468	32	—
Colo.	1,790	1,665	367,821	243,743	6	—
Conn.	169	169	709,335	404,209	3	—
Del.	396	356	97,454	92,903	3	—
Fla.	1,782	1,411	567,116	404,367	10	—
Ga.	1,780	804	161,690	285,002	12	—
Idaho	883	646	112,157	73,353	4	—
Ill.	9,588	8,028	2,134,523	1,418,106	27	—
Ind.	4,384	3,850	1,058,949	686,792	13	—
Iowa	2,438	2,257	644,350	447,101	10	—
Kans.	2,976	2,402	383,326	361,812	3	—
Ky.	4,056	2,469	387,407	329,835	10	—
La.	2,040	1,738	274,695	215,617	10	—
Main.	630	627	249,024	101,979	5	—
Md.	1,289	1,284	550,056	367,740	4	—
Mass.	1,963	1,785	1,248,709	854,771	16	—
Mich.	5,171	4,978	1,637,686	1,306,769	20	—
Minn.	3,850	2,280	462,738	396,680	11	—
Miss.	1,820	1,235	49,383	112,809	—	—
Mo.	4,560	4,307	778,163	810,807	13	—
Mont.	1,081	890	31,280	24,663	4	—
Neb.	2,103	1,875	310,533	168,052	6	—
Nev.	347	295	42,515	29,362	3	—
N.H.	297	297	176,520	90,420	4	—
N.J.	4,155	4,112	1,564,264	839,720	16	—
N.M.	915	735	127,348	90,275	4	—
N.Y.	11,132	11,129	4,316,104	2,742,228	45	—
N.C.	2,055	1,811	480,392	323,807	14	—
N.D.	2,218	872	54,892	38,616	4	—
Ohio	12,097	10,543	1,958,619	1,221,235	25	—
Okl.	3,212	3,114	440,492	398,672	8	—
Ore.	2,532	2,081	422,536	190,120	6	—
Penn.	8,806	8,751	2,539,633	1,954,312	32	—
R.I.	293	293	220,962	180,507	4	—
S.C.	1,740	1,478	75,082	122,353	8	—
S.D.	1,868	1,471	101,894	74,634	4	—
Tenn.	2,600	2,551	457,444	447,452	11	—
Tex.	254	244	840,658	662,227	24	—
Utah	1,028	676	208,178	113,267	4	—
Va.	246	246	110,781	44,243	3	—
Va.	1,876	1,827	374,649	255,858	12	—
Wash.	4,782	3,631	452,538	375,181	9	—
W.Va.	2,310	2,333	376,608	326,182	6	—
Wis.	3,349	3,339	916,378	561,573	12	—
Wyo.	683	617	66,862	44,507	3	—
Totals	154,844	126,276	30,015,335	21,708,370	457	74

Lead In Undecided Contests

WASHINGTON (AP)—Democrats appeared in a strong position today to curtail the Eisenhower landslide and retain control of both branches of Congress. If they do, it will be the first time in the history of the present two-party system that a President failed to carry at least one branch of Congress when he was elected.

At 10:30 a.m. the Democrats had elected 21 members to the House, only 11 short of a numerical majority, and were ahead in 22 of the undecided 42 contests. Republicans had elected 18 seats and were ahead in 17 others. To attain the 218 needed for a majority, Republicans would have to win 33 of the outstanding 39 contests, many of them in normally Democratic areas.

In the 35 Senate contests decided in yesterday's voting, Democrats had won 16 and Republicans 15, with the Democrats leading in the remaining 4. The Democrats have 31 backers and the Republicans 30, with 49 seats needed for Democratic control and only 47 for Republican control since Vice President Nixon has a tie-breaking vote.

Republican Sen. James H. Duff of Pennsylvania, one of Eisenhower's earliest supporters, went down to defeat at the hands of Democrat Joseph S. Clark Jr., 55-year-old former mayor of Philadelphia.

With Duff's defeat in his reelection bid, the Democrats had wrested three seats from the Republicans in Idaho they had won, Herman Welker. In Ohio, Sen. George H. Bender of Ohio lost to Democrat Frank J. Lausche.

But the Republicans also had picked up three seats from the Democrats, so the net effect was

See DEMOCRATS on page 2-A



President Eisenhower Grasps Wife's Hand, Raises Other In Victory

Happy Ike To Work For People, Peace

By MARVIN L. ARROWSMITH

WASHINGTON (AP)—President Eisenhower, jubilant over a smashing re-election victory, said today he would work with all his strength "for 168 million Americans here at home and for peace in the world."

And Eisenhower told a Republican party celebration at the Sheraton-Park hotel at 1:45 a.m.:

"I think that modern Republicanism has now proved itself. And America has approved of modern Republicanism."

Eisenhower's victory talk was made to a wildly cheering crowd of about 2,000 party faithful in the hotel ballroom and to a nationwide television and radio audience.

He said he wanted to make a pledge, and then went on to say:

"With whatever talents the good God has given me and with whatever strength there is in me, I will continue—and so will my associates—to do just one thing; to work for 168 million Americans here at home and for peace in the world."

CLOSE WATCH

Even as he received election returns last night, Eisenhower kept close watch on developments in Soviet-crushed Hungary and the Middle East. About midnight, the White House announced that Eisenhower had just received a "very friendly and encouraging" message from French Premier Guy Mollet regarding efforts to halt the shooting in Egypt. The details of the message were not made public.

Eisenhower and his family went to the hotel about 10 p.m. after they had checked early election returns at the White House while having a quiet dinner. Eisenhower associates sensed early that he was going to win "big."

How We Voted

How did Mecklenburg vote? Registration was 55,632 and in the presidential race, 76,738 voted for a percentage of 80.

With the biggest voting bloc, he polled 61 per cent of the ballot.

In the Congressional race, 72,839 voted or 76 per cent of the registered voters.

Jonas polled 47,760 votes or 65 per cent of the total vote.

Here's how Mecklenburg voted in each contested local race:

Results unofficial from 39 of 59 precincts:

Presidential: Eisenhower (48,365) over Stevenson (28,371).

Congressional: Jonas (47,760) over Douglas (25,079).

Gubernatorial: Hodges (44,755) over Hayes (23,243).

U. S. Gov.: Barnhardt (41,342) over Dunn (22,835).

U. S. Senate: Ervin (39,643) over Johnson (23,550).

State House: Vestler (40,833), Nepp (40,131), Hicks (39,265), Love (35,496), Coria (34,887), contester.

State Senate: Blythe (41,830), County Commission: McEwen (41,408), Garrison (40,668), McNich (40,280), Brown (39,833), Griet, Loser, 25,723.

Our Weather

Fair to partly cloudy through Thursday. Mild today and Thursday. Cool again tonight.

High tomorrow 44
Low tomorrow morning 45
High today 47
Low today 37

More Weather Data on Page 2-A
Go First to FIELDS — (Expert) Watch Reports.

Shooting Reports Overshadow Uneasy Middle East 'Peace'

LONDON (AP)—Reports of continuing shooting shadowed a shaky cease-fire in the Middle East today.

Prime Minister Eden told the House of Commons there had been "some shooting" during the day at Port Said in the Suez Canal Zone. He said Britain had no official confirmation that Egypt accepted a United Nations cease-fire order.

The Cairo radio, in a broadcast reported from Beirut, charged that British-French forces were continuing attacks "in defiance of the U.N. call for a cease-fire."

Threats of Communist intervention, and a declaration by Premier David Ben-Gurion of Israel indicating he will refuse to force troops through the Gaza Strip and Sinai Peninsula further threatened the hair-trigger peace, only hours old.

RUSSIA READY

Soviet Defense Minister Marshal Georgi Zhukov, in a Bolshevik Revolution anniversary speech in Moscow, declared Russia was ready to send military forces to throw British, French and Israeli troops out of Egypt if the U.N. approves.

Two of Russia's satellites, Romania and Czechoslovakia, offered in New York to contribute troops to the U.N. as part of an international police force in the Middle East.

An Egyptian diplomat in Hong Kong said 250,000 Red Chinese have volunteered for "Egypt's struggle" against aggression. Soviet reserve officers were reported by another Egyptian diplomat in Moscow to be volunteering.

Eden said he did not wish to emphasize the shooting at Port Said. He declared Britain and France had not the "slightest intention" of moving ahead of their present positions, or pushing in additional forces aside from administrative and security elements.

In Jerusalem, Premier Ben-Gurion declared the 1949 armistice with Egypt is a dead letter. He said Israel will not agree to any foreign forces "no matter under what name" being stationed on Israel soil or territory.

See REDS on page 10-A

Radios Silenced In War-Torn Budapest

VIENNA (AP)—Hungarian radio stations went off the air abruptly today amid signs the Russians were on a rampage against rebel holdouts.

In London, a British minister told the House of Commons the Communists had imposed a strict curfew in Budapest and were shooting any violators on sight.

A rebel broadcast said Duna-panentele, an anti-Red stronghold in the Danube valley south of Budapest, was under Soviet attack and Russian planes were bombing the town. This report came in a broadcast by Radio Rakoczy monitored in Munich by Radio Free Europe.

Then Radio Rakoczy, presumably a portable transmitter, announced that it was ceasing transmission indefinitely.

Hours before, the Russian-controlled Radio Budapest and stations at Peck, in southern Hungary and at Szombathely, near the Austrian frontier, had mysterious shutdowns.

Lord John Hope, British under-secretary of state for foreign affairs, told the Commons reports to London indicated fighting was still going on in Budapest late last night despite repeated Russian demands for surrender of the rebels and other parts of Hungary.

"Some sections of the town were in flames," he said.

"According to a Red Cross report, civilian casualties from Russian firing have become very heavy. There is a complete curfew and anyone seen on the streets is liable to be shot by Soviet troops."

Hope said the Communists had abandoned pretense that Hungarians are fighting side by side with the Russians.

"The fighting in Hungary bears the exclusive character of a Soviet repressive campaign," he said.

Hope appealed to Moscow on behalf of the British government to grant permission for Red Cross convoys to enter Hungary with food and medicine from Vienna.

He said Russia has not yet given permission to relief convoys to enter the country.

"The fighting in Hungary claimed it had succeeded in establishing brief contact with a rebel radio transmitter in the battered Hungarian capital and was informing the fighting still raged.

A diplomatic source in Vienna said London received information that the rebellion was continuing in several sections of Budapest and other parts of Hungary.



Jonases Flash Victory Smile of 3-Time Winners

Evening Prayer

Our Father God, may we make this prayer our own. We are tired, but we rest back upon spiritual resources, knowing that through the strength which Thou dost give, we shall be more than conquerors. In Jesus' name. Amen.

Select FOREMOST Milk Products at your favorite store. — Adv.