

Senators In Unanimous Verdict
M'CARTHY CENSURED BY COMMITTEE



JUNIOR SPACEMAN Van Shaffner, 6, tries on his dad's flying togs, parachute and all, at McDill Air Force Base, Tampa, Fla., but finds he has quite a bit of growing to do yet before he will fill them. Maj. Shaffner gives his son a helping hand while sister Kathy, 8, gets a good chuckle out of the proceedings. Van will show off the outfit when 15,000 kids visit the base. (AP Wirephoto)

1,000 Die
When Huge
Ferry Capsizes
58 Americans Listed
As Dead Or Missing

By JOHN RANDOLPH
TOKYO (AP)—An estimated 1,500 persons perished in a howling typhoon which struck northern Japan last night, including nearly 1,000 who died when a huge sea-going ferry capsized.
Fifty-eight Americans are dead or missing.
Authorities said 580 bodies have been recovered, including those of 14 Americans. Another 943 are missing, among them 44 Americans.
The great storm, generating winds up to 110 miles an hour, apparently had whirled harmlessly into the Japan Sea when suddenly it curved back and struck the northern island of Hokkaido almost without warning.
RECORD DISASTER
The result was Japan's greatest maritime disaster.
Giant waves in Tsugaru Straits sank five big ferries, four of which carried as passengers, and hundreds of small craft.
A fire virtually wiped out Iwanai, a city of 23,000 on Hokkaido's west coast, and police reported disastrous landslides and floods throughout Hokkaido.
Communications and power lines were wrecked. Rail lines and highways were blocked.
The most terrible disaster occurred in Hakodate harbor, where the big ocean ferry Toya Maru, carrying 1,352 passengers and crewmen, smashed into rocks and turned turtle.
Forty-three railroad cars were hurled about inside the hull.
"HELL ON EARTH"
A survivor described the stricken vessel as "a hell on earth."
The first newsman to reach Hakodate harbor used a similar phrase in describing it—"a sea of hell."
Eyewitnesses said the sickle-shaped harbor and its mile-long coast resembled a great naval disaster scene of the Pacific war, scores of five ships and literally hundreds of small craft littered the beach.
The sand was dotted with bodies, many in life jackets which had failed to save their lives in the raging surf.
Smashed lifeboats, shattered timbers and the flames and jetsam of a sea disaster covered the beach.
"We've got a terrible thing up here," said John C. Macdough, commander of the U. S. Air Base at Misawa, who flew over the scene.
In the town of Iwanai, 90 miles north of Hakodate, 32 persons died in a fire which destroyed 3,000 of the town's 4,500 houses in a few minutes. Forty-four persons were injured and others are missing, authorities said.
Hakodate was without light or power. Emergency generators were put into operation to flood-light the disaster scene inside the breakwater, where the oily keel of the Toya Maru was visible above the still-churning water.
FREIGHTER SUNK
Japan's maritime safety force reported one other ocean freighter sunk, five grounded and one damaged in the storm. More than 1,100 small craft, mostly fishing boats, were lost, beached or damaged.
Twenty-seven patrol boats, six landing vessels, three mine sweepers—all Japanese—combined Hokkaido for bodies and possible survivors. They were assisted by U. S. air and naval units, Kyodo News Agency said.
The U. S. Far East Command announced that 57 American military personnel were aboard the Toya Maru and that one was known to have survived.
Two other Americans listed as missing and presumably drowned were Thomas M. West, an agent for a domestic firm, and Dean Leeper, 32, of Ohio, student secretary for the Japan YMCA.
Alfred H. Stone, 32, a missionary from Toronto, Canada, was listed by the Christian Press here as a known fatality.
Dumars, a missionary on Hokkaido, was identified as a survivor.
An Army said military personnel included 11 soldiers, two wives of military personnel, one American civilian, one child, two Army postal clerks and 10 casualties, presumably servicemen on leave or being transferred.



SEN. JOE MCCARTHY ATTORNEY EDWARD B. WILLIAMS
Waiting For The Report. (AP Wirephotos)



SEN. WATKINS SEN. JOHNSON
Committee Leaders Go Over Report

Group Recommends
Action By Senate

WASHINGTON—(AP)—A special Senate committee recommended today that the Senate censure Sen. Joseph R. McCarthy.
Unanimously, the committee of three Republicans and three Democrats said that such public condemnation—which might have great effect on McCarthy's political future—was warranted by:
1. Incidents of a contemptuous attitude by McCarthy toward the Senate and its committees.
2. The Wisconsin Republican's abusive language about other Senators.
3. His "inexcusable" treatment of Brig. Gen. Ralph W. Zwicker, the Army officer who was called before McCarthy's investigations subcommittee last February as a witness.
Actually, the committee lumped the contempt of the Senate and abusive language counts in a single count. Thus McCarthy was found "guilty" by the committee on only two of the five broad categories of charges considered by the committee.
It did not recommend censure on the other three.

"GRAVE ERROR"
But the committee reported that McCarthy committed a "grave error" and manifested "a high degree of irresponsibility" in connection with the controversial 2 1/4 page FBI "letter" which figured prominently in the McCarthy-Army hearings earlier this year.
And the special censure committee also described as "improper" McCarthy's appeal to government employees to give him information without regard to secrecy classifications.
The committee recommended that McCarthy be censured. A copy of the report was delivered to his office at 9 a.m. (EST). But some later the Senator's office staff said he had not seen the report, so far as they knew, and that he was not expected to come to his office today.
McCarthy is suffering from a sinus ailment and has been taking daily treatments at Bethesda, Md. Naval Hospital. He went to the hospital in the morning for a treatment.
PLANS FIGHT
Something over an hour after the report was made public, McCarthy's attorney, Edward Bennett Williams, announced that McCarthy would make a "vigorous and lengthy fight" on the Senate floor in defense against the committee recommendations.
The Senate is to convene in special session Nov. 8 to consider the committee's recommendations. McCarthy and other Senators to present vigorous arguments on the Senate floor—including many who were barred by Chairman Watkins (R-Ill.) during the censure hearings themselves.
McCarthy has several warm supporters in the Senate, and a vigorous debate is in prospect. Williams told a news conference, "of course, we think the report is wrong where it recommends censure."



SEN. ERVIN

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Ervin said that when the Senate meets in special session Nov. 8 to consider the committee's recommendations, he will vote to sustain the report, that is, to censure McCarthy in some categories but not in others.
Scott Keeps Silent
On Committee Report
HAW RIVER, Va.—Former Gov. W. Kerr Scott, whose nomination as Democratic candidate virtually assures him election to the Senate on Nov. 2, said today would not be appropriate at this time for him to comment on a special Senate committee's recommendation that Sen. McCarthy be censured.
North Carolina law fixes the date for canvassing the returns at three weeks after the election. The State Board of Elections will meet Nov. 23 to canvass returns, and therefore if Scott wins both the short term and the full six-year term he cannot be officially certified until then.
The Senate will meet in special session Nov. 8 to consider the committee's recommendation. Scott said in an interview today that it still will be more than two weeks after that until he can take his seat; it would not be appropriate for him to comment on the recommendations at this time.

Lennon Would Vote
To Censure McCarthy
WILMINGTON, Del.—Sen. A. Lennon (D-NC) said today that if he had a chance to vote he was not in fact a letter from the report of a special Senate committee.
See MCCARTHY on page 2-A
See LENNON on page 2-A

Dulles Optimistic
Following Talks

By EDDY GILMORE
WASHINGTON—Secretary of State Dulles talked 30 minutes today with French Premier Mendès-France and was reported optimistic when he emerged on the chances for an agreement on West German rearmament.
A top informant said they had a cordial exchange of views at the French Embassy and the nine-power conference opening tomorrow at state's Lancaster House will find the two key figures "not very far apart in principle."
The United States was reported ready to renew its pledge to keep a fair share of American troops in Europe as long as the Communist threat exists—provided agreement is attained.
Dulles talked earlier with Gen. Alfred Gruenther, supreme Allied commander in Europe, who broke off his visit to NATO maneuvers in Germany to fly here and consult with the leader of the American delegation.
British Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden, who will be chairman of tomorrow's opening meeting in the music room of Lancaster House, called on Mendès-France before the French premier received Dulles.
A highly informed conference source said Dulles told Mendès-France that while the United States has a great stake in European defense, the Europeans must take the initiative in organizing that defense.
WANTS TO HELP
The source said Dulles also told the French premier the U. S. delegation is here to be "as helpful as it can." Reportedly the

American secretary also hoped to find out exact details of Mendès-France's proposals for the rearming of West Germany.
That was only the beginning of the U. S. secretary's crowded schedule. He also had appointments with Italian Foreign Minister Gaetano Martino, the foreign ministers of Belgium, Holland and Luxembourg, and with Eden, with whom he conferred for three hours over dinner last night at the home of U. S. Ambassador Winthrop Aldrich.
Upon his arrival by plane from Washington last night, Dulles urged the West to move quickly in bringing West Germany into the Atlantic alliance.
"If we don't move rapidly," he declared, "things could fall apart. We come here hopeful of good results because it is imperative there should be good results."

The London press echoes Dulles' sense of urgency. The liberal News Chronicle set the tone, saying success of the conference has promise of "a matter of life or death."
Mendès-France, whose political life probably hinges on the outcome of the conference, has proposed controlled rearmament of the Germans within a seven-nation European alliance. He wants this European group, and not NATO, to exercise control over German arms.
The alliance would be based on the Brussels Pact organization, whose members now are Britain, France, Belgium, Luxembourg and the Netherlands. West Germany and Italy would be brought in.
In arranging a preliminary conference with Mendès-France, Dulles wanted the premier to nail down French conditions for German rearmament and an immediate grant of sovereignty to the German federal republic.

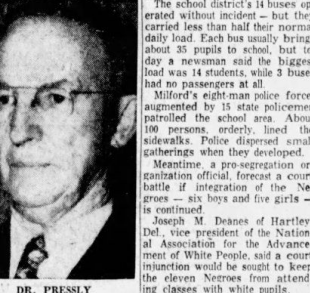
Milford High Reopens

By BILL LOFTUS
MILFORD, Del.—Ten of 11 registered Negroes reported for classes at Milford High School today but more than two-thirds of the 1,362 white pupils boycotted the place.
Parents on the scene said they kept their children home for two reasons: (1) fear of possible violence; (2) opposition against integration of white and Negro students in one school.
De George R. Miller, state commissioner of education, stood in the front entrance of the school and announced that less than 20 per cent of the white pupils reported for classes this morning. Reporters were not allowed in the school building.
Miller, acting as chief administrator of the school district since the state board of education took over in place of the resigned Milford board, gave the breakdown of the attendance:
Two hundred seventy-four of the 382 elementary grade pupils reported and 182 of the 670 high school pupils attended classes, making a total of 466 pupils out of 1,052 officially enrolled.
Delaware has a state law which requires compulsory attendance at school until a child reaches the age of 16.
The previously all-white school and the town's only other school, which houses 237 elementary grade Negro students, had been closed a week. The shutdown occurred when a group of Milford's 3,700 residents protested the attendance of 11 Negroes in the high school section.
The school district's 14 buses operated without incident—but they carried less than half their normal daily load. Each bus usually brings about 35 pupils to school, but today a newsman said the biggest load was 14 students, while 3 buses had no passengers at all.
Milford's eight-man police force, augmented by 15 state policemen paroled from other schools, lined the sidewalks. Police dispersed small gatherings when they developed.
Meanwhile, a pro-segregation organization official, forecast a court battle if integration of the Negroes—six boys and five girls—is continued.
Joseph M. Deanes of Hartley, Del., vice president of the National Association for the Advancement of White People, said a court injunction would be sought to keep the eleven Negroes from attending classes with white pupils.
And this maneuver was given further impetus yesterday at a mass meeting of some 1,000 persons at Harrington Airport, 8 miles outside this race-conscious town.
Brant Bowles, president of the NAACP, told the meeting:
"You certainly have the right to protect your child by keeping it at home if you are afraid there is going to be violence stirred up by the opposition. I would have the door before it was not and not after."

Whites Boycott Mixed School

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'Buck' Pressly, 1948
Doctor Of Year, Dies



DR. PRESSLY

The first three winters he used a horse and buggy because the roads were so rough. Then he turned to model T Fords, using one in 1922, then on the rocky roads.
Funeral services will be held tomorrow at 3 p.m. at the Associate Reformed Presbyterian Church in Due West. Burial will be in the church cemetery.
His wife died in 1948. Survivors include two daughters and three grandchildren.

OUR WEATHER

Fair to partly cloudy with little change in temperature today, tonight and tomorrow.
High temperature yesterday 87 degrees.
High temperature expected today 90 degrees.
Low temperature this morning 58 degrees.
Low temperature expected tonight 53 degrees.
Sunrise 6:15 a.m.; sunset 6:13 p.m.
More Weather Data on Page 10-B

EVENING PRAYER

Heavenly Father, help us to realize the debt of sin Jesus took upon himself on the Cross for us. Help us to be ready to tell others of Christ's desire and power to forgive sins. Free us from any feeling of being ashamed of the Gospel of Christ. In the name of our Lord. Amen.

WHAT'S INSIDE

IT WAS A BIG WEEKEND in the football world. The News' sports staff has heard from several of the biggest opening games, with full reports. You'll find the stories on pages 6-B.

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