

MADAME PANDIT PAYS A CALL



Madame Vilaya Lakshmi Pandit (center), chief of India's delegation to the UN, was accompanied by Secretary of State John Foster Dulles (left) on a courtesy visit to President Eisenhower at the White House. Although nominated as a successor to Trygve Lie as secretary

general of the UN, Madame Pandit is one of four who have been rejected by the UN's five permanent members—the U. S., Britain, France, Russia and Nationalist China. One negative vote is a candidate. (UP Telephoto).

Big Delegation From France Seeks U. S. Aid

By PRESTON GROVER

PARIS (AP)—Premier Rene Mayer and a large French delegation leave tonight for Washington, seeking U. S. help and hoping to persuade America that France is not the weak link in the Western defense chain that she is sometimes painted.

Several American officials are making the trip with the top-level French government figures aboard the regular Air France flight. They are due in the U. S. capital tomorrow for talks with President Eisenhower, Secretary of State Dulles and other top American officials.

Among other things, the French want:

1. More help in Indo-China, where they have fought a six-year war, waging war with rebellious Communists jungle guerrillas.
2. More aid in Europe, where they have made up-and-downhill progress toward regaining their position of prewar importance.
3. An immediate advance of 125 million dollars to meet their 1953 military schedule.
4. A long-term program of aid from America upon which the European countries can base their budgets, the price of year-to-year uncertainties about what Congress will do.

From Eisenhower's first foreign aid bill, France would like in all about a billion dollars, instead of the approximately two-thirds of a billion she has had in one form or another during the past year. With the extra money, she says she could increase her Air Force 25 per cent, strengthen her Army from five top quality divisions and seven secondary ones to perhaps 10 or 12 second-class units. In addition, she could step up the training of Viet Nam soldiers to take over her fight in Indochina.

Foreign Aid Report Prepared For Ike

WASHINGTON (AP)—President Eisenhower receives from 55 business and financial leaders today a report which may play a big role in determining the size of the administration's foreign aid program.

The group, headed by Clarence Francis, board chairman of General Foods, Inc., is expected to report to the President at the White House about an overseas survey of American aid it made in 10 countries.

AUTO TV BANNED

SALEM, Ore. (AP)—A bill to make it illegal to have a television in the front part of a car or truck was signed into law yesterday by Gov. Paul L. Patterson.

OUR WEATHER

Partly cloudy and mild today and tomorrow. Mostly fair and cooler tonight.

High temperature yesterday, 64 degrees; high expected today, 70 degrees; high expected tomorrow, 68 degrees.

Low this morning, 51 degrees; low expected tonight, 45 degrees; low expected tomorrow, 48 degrees. 6:30 P. M. March 24, 1953.

Russia Turns Down American Protest

By THOMAS F. WHITNEY

MOSCOW (AP)—Russia has rejected a U. S. protest against a shooting scrape involving an American plane in the Far East. A Kremlin note said the American craft made two "premeditated" violations of Russian territory and fired first.

The Soviet rejection printed in Russian newspapers today, countermanded the U. S. government take steps to prevent further violations of Soviet borders by American planes.

A Moscow radio broadcast said the U. S. plane was shot down Saturday to the U. S. Embassy in the Soviet capital.

The American protest had developed the March 15 incident involving an Alaskan-based B-50 bomber which the Air Force reported on weather reconnaissance—occurred 25 miles off the coast of Siberia's Kamchatka Peninsula. It said a Soviet MIG-15 shot at the bomber, which then returned the fire. The U. S. Air Force said neither plane was damaged.

The Russian reply said it had shot down the U. S. plane.

CIO Rift Denied

By McDonald

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. (AP)—President David J. McDonald of the United Steelworkers today denied vigorously published reports that he might have his million-member union in a bolt from the CIO.

McDonald made his pledge from the convention platform of the United Auto Workers, which with 1,300,000 members is the only union in the CIO bigger than the steelworkers.

"The United Steelworkers will not destroy the CIO," McDonald asserted firmly to the 3,000 UAW delegates. "It will be out firmest endeavor to make it bigger, better and stronger."

The steelworkers president also promised to work side by side with Walter P. Reuther, president of the CIO and the auto workers' union, in an effort to win a guaranteed annual wage. That is the UAW's top priority in its next major negotiations in 1955.

Queen Grandmother Mary Takes Turn For Worse

LONDON (AP)—Britain's ailing Queen Grandmother Mary took a sudden turn for the worse today and her doctors said her condition was "causing some anxiety."

Reigning Queen Elizabeth II and other members of the royal family were quickly told the grave report. All Britain anxiously awaited further news. A crowd quickly gathered at Marlborough House, the aged queen's residence near Buckingham Palace.

A medical bulletin posted on the gates there about 11:30 A. M. (6:30 A. M. EST) said:

"Queen Mary had a restless night due to a sudden occurrence of more severe symptoms of gastric trouble. Her majesty's condition is causing some anxiety."

It was signed by Sir Horace Evans, the queen's physician, who specializes in kidney and arterial diseases, and Lord Webb-Johnson, her surgeon.

Queen Mary has been confined to bed for more than a month by what doctors described as a recurrence of an old gastric ailment.

Hearings Open In Revision Of Taft-Hartley

By JOE HALL

WASHINGTON (AP)—The Senate Labor Committee today began six weeks of hearings on revision of the controversial Taft-Hartley law, designed to curb the power of the union.

"Good weather which in both cases enabled the crew of the American aircraft to carry out visual reconnaissance on a large area excluded the possibility of a Soviet orientation and confirmed that the above two cases of violation of the state frontier of the USSR were of clearly premeditated character," the Soviet note declared.

It claimed that the U. S. plane shot at Soviet fighters that had taken off when the second alleged violation occurred and "for the purpose of self-defense one of the Soviet aircraft had to open fire."

The "infringing" plane then turned and headed east toward the Siberian coast, the Russians added.

The U. S. had said that two Soviet MIGs suddenly appeared near the bomber and that it was firing at Kamchatka about 100 miles northeast of the Petropavlovsk base.

The American protest had developed the March 15 incident involving an Alaskan-based B-50 bomber which the Air Force reported on weather reconnaissance—occurred 25 miles off the coast of Siberia's Kamchatka Peninsula. It said a Soviet MIG-15 shot at the bomber, which then returned the fire. The U. S. Air Force said neither plane was damaged.

The Russian reply said it had shot down the U. S. plane.

McDonald made his pledge from the convention platform of the United Auto Workers, which with 1,300,000 members is the only union in the CIO bigger than the steelworkers.

"The United Steelworkers will not destroy the CIO," McDonald asserted firmly to the 3,000 UAW delegates. "It will be out firmest endeavor to make it bigger, better and stronger."

The steelworkers president also promised to work side by side with Walter P. Reuther, president of the CIO and the auto workers' union, in an effort to win a guaranteed annual wage. That is the UAW's top priority in its next major negotiations in 1955.

Queen Grandmother Mary Takes Turn For Worse

LONDON (AP)—Britain's ailing Queen Grandmother Mary took a sudden turn for the worse today and her doctors said her condition was "causing some anxiety."

Reigning Queen Elizabeth II and other members of the royal family were quickly told the grave report. All Britain anxiously awaited further news. A crowd quickly gathered at Marlborough House, the aged queen's residence near Buckingham Palace.

A medical bulletin posted on the gates there about 11:30 A. M. (6:30 A. M. EST) said:

"Queen Mary had a restless night due to a sudden occurrence of more severe symptoms of gastric trouble. Her majesty's condition is causing some anxiety."

It was signed by Sir Horace Evans, the queen's physician, who specializes in kidney and arterial diseases, and Lord Webb-Johnson, her surgeon.

Queen Mary has been confined to bed for more than a month by what doctors described as a recurrence of an old gastric ailment.

The "infringing" plane then turned and headed east toward the Siberian coast, the Russians added.

COMMITTEE DECISION

Two Senators Will Study Bohlen File

WASHINGTON (AP)—The Senate Foreign Relations Committee decided today to have two senators examine FBI files on Charles E. (Chip) Bohlen, nominated for Ambassador to Moscow. The task was assigned to Sen. Taft (R-Ohio) and Sparkman (D-Ala.).

Taft, the Senate Republican leader, and Sparkman, the 1952 Democratic vice presidential nominee, both are supporting Bohlen's appointment.

During hearings on Bohlen, Secretary of State Dulles gave the committee his evaluation of the material in the FBI files. He said there was nothing to raise doubt as to Bohlen from the standpoint of loyalty or security.

But some critics of the appointment have been insisting that the senators themselves should look over this material.

Taft backed Dulles' suggestion that the Senate should not look over the material in the FBI files on Bohlen, but he personally was perfectly willing to accept Dulles' appraisal of it.

The Senate may reach a vote late tomorrow.

Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), a leader of the opposition, has conceded that present prospects point to only four or five votes against Bohlen, a career foreign service officer.

It was not immediately clear whether Taft and Sparkman would accept all of the FBI "raw" files on Bohlen or whether they would be furnished with a summary.

Chairman William (R-Wis.) of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee today began six weeks of hearings on revision of the controversial Taft-Hartley law, designed to curb the power of the union.

"Good weather which in both cases enabled the crew of the American aircraft to carry out visual reconnaissance on a large area excluded the possibility of a Soviet orientation and confirmed that the above two cases of violation of the state frontier of the USSR were of clearly premeditated character," the Soviet note declared.

It claimed that the U. S. plane shot at Soviet fighters that had taken off when the second alleged violation occurred and "for the purpose of self-defense one of the Soviet aircraft had to open fire."

The "infringing" plane then turned and headed east toward the Siberian coast, the Russians added.

The U. S. had said that two Soviet MIGs suddenly appeared near the bomber and that it was firing at Kamchatka about 100 miles northeast of the Petropavlovsk base.

The American protest had developed the March 15 incident involving an Alaskan-based B-50 bomber which the Air Force reported on weather reconnaissance—occurred 25 miles off the coast of Siberia's Kamchatka Peninsula. It said a Soviet MIG-15 shot at the bomber, which then returned the fire. The U. S. Air Force said neither plane was damaged.

The Russian reply said it had shot down the U. S. plane.

McDonald made his pledge from the convention platform of the United Auto Workers, which with 1,300,000 members is the only union in the CIO bigger than the steelworkers.

"The United Steelworkers will not destroy the CIO," McDonald asserted firmly to the 3,000 UAW delegates. "It will be out firmest endeavor to make it bigger, better and stronger."

The steelworkers president also promised to work side by side with Walter P. Reuther, president of the CIO and the auto workers' union, in an effort to win a guaranteed annual wage. That is the UAW's top priority in its next major negotiations in 1955.

Queen Mary has been confined to bed for more than a month by what doctors described as a recurrence of an old gastric ailment.

The "infringing" plane then turned and headed east toward the Siberian coast, the Russians added.

The U. S. had said that two Soviet MIGs suddenly appeared near the bomber and that it was firing at Kamchatka about 100 miles northeast of the Petropavlovsk base.

The American protest had developed the March 15 incident involving an Alaskan-based B-50 bomber which the Air Force reported on weather reconnaissance—occurred 25 miles off the coast of Siberia's Kamchatka Peninsula. It said a Soviet MIG-15 shot at the bomber, which then returned the fire. The U. S. Air Force said neither plane was damaged.

The Russian reply said it had shot down the U. S. plane.

McDonald made his pledge from the convention platform of the United Auto Workers, which with 1,300,000 members is the only union in the CIO bigger than the steelworkers.

"The United Steelworkers will not destroy the CIO," McDonald asserted firmly to the 3,000 UAW delegates. "It will be out firmest endeavor to make it bigger, better and stronger."

The steelworkers president also promised to work side by side with Walter P. Reuther, president of the CIO and the auto workers' union, in an effort to win a guaranteed annual wage. That is the UAW's top priority in its next major negotiations in 1955.

Queen Mary has been confined to bed for more than a month by what doctors described as a recurrence of an old gastric ailment.

The "infringing" plane then turned and headed east toward the Siberian coast, the Russians added.

SENATORS KILL Explosion Second In Spring Series

HOUSE BILL TO ADD 6 JUDGES

WASHINGTON (AP)—The Senate today voted 77-19 to kill a bill to add six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

The bill, introduced by Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.), would have added six judges to the federal judiciary.

Four Anti-Red Czechs Escape With Plane

FRANKFURT, Germany (AP)—Four anti-Communist Czechs—two women—brought a "freedom plane" to the West today after escaping from the East.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.

The plane, a small Cessna, was flown by one of the women, who had been in the East for several years.