Turpentine Drippings
For a break in the daily diet of hectic happenings and ominous occurrences, turn to the editorial page (16-A) and read Bill Sharpe's collection of "Turpentine Drippings".

THE CHARLOTTE NEWS

★★★★★ Final

Largest Afternoon Newspaper in The Carolinas

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Parliament Backs Iran Premier In Seizure Of Oil

RED 'ANNIVERSARY' OFFENSIVE SEEN

Anti-British Crowds Tear Down Signs

'No Compromise', Mossadegh Says

TEHRAN —(AP)— Premier Mohammed Mossadegh won a vote of confidence from Parliament today amid demonstrations against the Anglo-Iranian Oil Co.

Crowds invaded the company's offices and tore down its signs just before Mossadegh went before Parliament with a warning that violence might follow if the legislators failed to support him. They gave him a 91-0 vote of confidence.

Mossadegh told Parliament he will "proceed to take over the Anglo-Iranian Oil Co. because the country demands it." He sought the vote of confidence as a token of nation-wide approval of his policies.

The Premier said there would be "no compromise" with the British-controlled company. The Government has taken control of its refinery and other operations in this country. No method for compensating the company has been determined.

HOLIDAY SPIRIT

The demonstrators were in a holiday spirit as they entered Anglo-Iranian's Tehran offices to tear down its signs. The AIOC placards were kicked to pieces while new signs bearing the name "Iran National Oil Co." were put up. The demonstrators also threw AIOC publicity releases from the windows of its information office. The Cabinet has ordered the information office abolished. Iranian flags flew from oil company offices.

There was no serious damage to the offices, but the British Embassy said a protest would be made against police failure to halt the demonstrators.

"Death to the oil company," was one shouted slogan. Others were: "Down with the British" and "Long live Mossadegh."

The Premier, in seeking the vote of confidence, had to call Parliament into session twice. Mossadegh found a quorum lacking in the morning and demanded another session, saying:

"If the Mahlis (lower house) refuses to meet at 6 P. M., my government will not be responsible for any incidents which may occur."

Committee Bucking Truman Price Plan

WASHINGTON —(AP)— The Senate Banking Committee today approved a wage-price control bill denying President Truman most of the broad new control powers he requested, and forbidding price rollbacks beyond the average for Jan. 25-Feb. 24.

Chairman Maybank (D-SC), said the action was taken by a 12-1 vote of the committee, Senator Dirksen (R-Ill) casting the lone dissenting vote.

Maybank said he will present the bill to the Senate tomorrow and that debate on the measure will start Monday.

Senator Moody (D-Mich) said he and others will wage a fight on the Senate floor to knock out the restriction on rollbacks.

Maybank announced the committee had stricken out a proposal to create an agency to help small business and industrial enterprises get a fair share of defense contracts, with an agreement to report out a separate bill to do the same thing.

By a vote of 7 to 6 the committee beat down an effort to knock out the rollback curb, Maybank said, and by an 8 to 5 vote it rejected a proposal by Senator Douglas (D-Ill) to scrap the entire measure and approve, instead, a one year extension of the existing price-wage control law.

The present Defense Production Act, authorizing price, wage and other economic controls, is due to expire June 30.

The Senate restriction would hold future beef price rollbacks to two per cent instead of the nine per cent Price Stabilizer Michael V. DiSalle has ordered added to the recent 10 per cent rollback on live cattle prices.

DiSalle said last night that adoption of the amendment would cost the American public at least 2.5 billion a year.

Declaring that it could only mean a "rolling forward of prices," the price chief told the International Circulation Managers of the United States and Canada that the amendment would "penalize the American people beyond any measure dictated by necessity or reason."

The House Banking Committee, which earlier in the week voted to cancel the 4½ per cent beef price rollbacks scheduled for Aug. 1 and Oct. 1, approved yesterday

See COMMITTEE on page 5-A

Korea War Called 'Period Of Grace'

WASHINGTON — (AP) —General Omar Bradley said today that in Korea "the free nations gained at least one precious year to prepare for whatever may come."

He told the kinfolk of eleven gallant men of the Army to whom he gave the Medal of Honor, the nation's paramount military decoration, that these men made an "eminent contribution" to attaining that period of grace.

Ten of the men — infantrymen, engineers, a medic, men and officers—are dead and one is missing in action. Of 23 Medals of Honor awarded to Army soldiers who fought in Korea, only three have been alive and present to receive them.

For their deaths and for their daring, the five-star General of the Army offered "the deep sympathy and profound gratitude of our nation."

The chairman of the joint chiefs of staff recalled that "three days less than a year ago" the North Korean Communists crossed the 38th parallel to wage war on the Republic of Korea. This was "part of the continuing Communist plan to test the fortitude of the United States and the sincerity underlying their pledge taken at San Francisco five years before," Bradley said. He continued:

"World War III was a distinct possibility when the 38th parallel was violated that morning in June, 1950. Any sign of weakness on the part of the United States and her allies — any shrinking from the challenge — most certainly would have indicated that the free world was ripe for conquest.

"But the challenge was accepted. The armies of North Korea and later of Red China —puppet armies aided in every way possible short of actual employment of Soviet Union forces — were resisted immediately, firmly and courageously.

"Doubtlessly this earnest stand deterred the Communists from engaging in all-out war; caused them to pause — momentarily perhaps, but pause nevertheless — in their plan for world domination."

Red Leaders Plead For Lower Bail

Further Arrests Seen In Roundup

NEW YORK —(AP)— Twelve of the seventeen Communists arrested by the FBI in a roundup of America's Red leaders went to Federal Court today asking lower bail.

Federal Judge Sidney Sugarman signed a writ of habeas corpus ordering an immediate hearing on a defense motion for lower bail bonds.

The bail set yesterday by Judge Samuel H. Kaufman, ranging from $1,000 to $20,000, is "excessive" and "imposes incarceration before guilt is proven," the defense claimed, adding:

"It vitiates the presumption of innocence before conviction."

Judge Kaufman declined to hear the case immediately.

Should he deny the petition for lower bail, the judge told defense attorneys, they may take their case to the U. S. Court of Appeals.

Defense Attorney Abraham Unger told newsmen he also would try to force the Government to accept as bail U. S. Government bonds offered yesterday by Frederick Vanderbilt Field, secretary of the bail fund of the Civil Rights Congress and reputed left - wing millionaire.

The roundup of Red leaders that netted the seventeen in a series of dawn FBI raids yesterday, widened today.

More junior commissars are due for prosecution, authorities indicated.

Out of 21 Red leaders indicted here yesterday, four still were sought today.

A hundred FBI agents in 25 autos seized sixteen here early yesterday, and a seventeenth was arrested in Pittsburgh.

The roundup came sixteen days

See RED on page 5-A

Child Is Killed In 'Fog' Here

One Negro child was killed and another was critically injured this afternoon when they were struck by an automobile on Independence Blvd. at Long St.

Police said the children were enveloped in the fog caused by a City Health Dept. DDT spraying machine as they were crossing the wide boulevard.

The driver of the car which hit them in the fog was Carl Tison, 32, of 1809 Independence Blvd.

He was held on a charge of manslaughter in the death of Louis Counsar, 525 S. Morrow St.

The other child, who was taken to Good Samaritan Hospital, was Mary Kirkpatrick, 1023 Brown St.

Police said the children were about ten to fourteen years of age.

Officers Jack Wallace and A. B. King said the car apparently carried the children's bodies about 100 feet down the street after the impact.

TROOP MOVEMENTS STILL VERY FLUID

Troops of the 31st Infantry Regiment hunch down into their ponchos while crossing a makeshift bridge over a small river on the Korean Central front during a rain storm. (Acme Telephoto)

UN Patrols Roam Front Area Freely

Air Free After Five Days Action

TOKYO — (AP) — Allied patrols roamed far beyond their lines today on the Western front, where officers predicted the Reds would launch a "limited offensive" by Monday, first anniversary of the Korean war.

United Nations patrols twice entered Kaesong, 25 miles northwest of Seoul on the main highway to Pyongyang, capital of Communist North Korea. A thousand Reds in the hills made no move to intervene.

This is the most westward push of Allied units since Reds swept across Parallel 38 in the April 22 offensive.

Three other U.N. patrols reached to within four miles of Pyonggang, bumping into Chinese outposts. Powerful Chinese forces were reported grouping behind these outposts north of Pyonggang, northern tip of the iron triangle. Pyonggang is 92 miles southeast of Pyongyang.

All along the quiet front U.N. scouts probed for Red strength.

Rain clouds forming over Korea cut air attacks down to the lowest figure this month. The Fifth Air Force reported only 185 sorties, most of them in the early morning darkness before storm clouds blanketed the country.

For the first time in five days the Communist warplanes were aloft.

In the first four days this week the Reds roared across the Yalu River from Manchuria into flaming battles in the North Korean skies.

Far East Air Forces (FEAF) announced three Allied planes were lost in these fights. An American Sabre jet and a Mustang fighter were shot down. Another Sabre jet was missing.

FEAF revised Red losses downward. The corrected total listed 24 Communist aircraft destroyed or damaged, instead of 28. Nine were listed as shot down (six MIG-15 jets, two Stormovik attack bombers and a Yak fighter), one probably destroyed and 14 damaged. The damaged craft were mostly swift Russian-made MIG-15s.

Bad weather cut U. N.-air act-

See PATROL on page 5-A

Near Limit, Doughton Says

$7 Billion New Taxes Sought

By FRANCIS J. KELLY

WASHINGTON —(AP)— Rep. Doughton (D-NC) asked the House today to approve a $7,200,000,000 tax increase, and said he didn't see how the rates could be boosted any higher.

The 87-year-old North Carolinian heads the Ways and Means Committee which drew up the bill, due to come to a final vote in the House late tomorrow.

He endorsed the huge proposed increase, largest in American history as urgently needed to finance the nation's defense program. But he told his colleagues solemnly:

"I consider it unlikely that we shall be able to increase substantially the yield o fthe Federal tax system beyond what is included in the present bill.

FACE THE FACTS

"I say this in all frankness and sincerity, for I consider it essential that we face up to the fact that any higher tax rates on either individuals or corporations or excises would be exceedingly burdensome and difficult to impose."

Rep. Reed of New York, the senior Republican on the ways and means committee, took the floor after Doughton's opening statement and described the measure as "a bill to authorize the bureaucrats to turn the taxpayers' pockets inside out. If enacted, he said, it will fulfill the dream of "the hard core of the Socialist planners within the Truman Administration."

Reed said the bottom of the tax barrel already has been reached, and demanded that the Administration cut back its spending program to keep the nation solvent. He declared at least $8,000,000,000 could be saved by reductions in the foreign economic and military aid programs, defense expenditures and the ordinary operating expenses of the Government.

"All the people are demanding that President Truman and the Congress cut Government spending before imposing higher taxes," he said.

Amid his criticism, Reed found one provision of the bill, praiseworthy — the proposed 10 per cent tax on the take of bookmakers and lottery operators.

THREE CHOICES

Doughton said that under the current fiscal situation, Congress has three choices: increase taxes even higher than proposed in the pending bill; re-examine and reduce Federal spending both the ordinary operations of Government and the military and foreign aid budget; or embark upon a renewed program of borrowing and deficit financing.

He rejected the idea of deficit financing, saying it would contribute to inflation and might permanently impair the Government's credit. He said the proposed $7,200,000,000 tax hike is "as large an amount as could safely be col-

See GIANT on page 5-A

Marine Casualty List Is Announced

CAMP LEJEUNE — (AP) — Two defective mortar shells fell short and burst into a company of advancing Second Division Marines here yesterday afternoon, killing eight and injuring 25.

Witnesses said the mortar gunners saw that the shells were defective a split second after they fired them during a routine training exercise at this big Marine base in Eastern North Carolina about 50 miles northwest of Wilmington. The gunners leaped to field telephones and notified a forward observation post. But before the warning could be relayed the shells burst among the forward group of the weapons company.

BOYS ARE BITTER

Bitter members of the company told a reporter they did not blame the mortar section, but felt that defects in the ammunition could have been noted by careful inspection.

Gen. Clifton Cates, Marine Corps Commandant, was visiting the base when the accident took place about 1 P. M. (EST). He ordered an immediate investigation and a board of inquiry was appointed.

The public information office identified the dead as:

M/Sgt. C. P. Czerwiec, Philadelphia, Pa.

Cpl. A. L. Johnson, Kings Ferry, N. Y.

Sgt. F. E. Frye of Wilmington, N. C.

Cpl. E. N. Stringfellow, Dayton, Ohio.

Pfc. S. J. Albimino, Fresno, Calif.

Pvt. J. L. Pyle, Toledo, Ohio.

Pvt. J. E. Daigle, Leicester, Mass.

Pfc. R. E. Pickel, Indianapolis, Ind.

The PIO said one man was critically wounded. He was listed as James M. Praleton of Baltimore, Md.

The PIO listed eight as seriously wounded, but did not announce home addresses or rank of the men. They are: R. J. Stillman, Robert L. Livingston, Robert Charles Butler, Howard D. Rogers, E. R. Cromley, William A. Banes, Fred I. Holloway, and Harvey J. Bates.

The announcement said eight suffered minor injuries. Their names were not disclosed.

The mortars were returned to the base and impounded for the investigation.

Members of the unit (Co. A, 1st Bn., 6th Marine Regt.) told a reporter that a forward group of the weapons company was advancing through a wooded area when the two mortar shells landed among the troops.

REAL WAR

Then the scene became like a real war. Highways leading into the camp were clogged with ambulances. Other troops ran for cover. Field telephones started buzzing.

Sorrowing relatives who live near the base rushed to determine whether their loved ones were among the casualties. Official parties visited several wives notifying them that their husbands were killed or injured.

Says Paper Disparaging

Hurley Attacks State Dept.

WASHINGTON —(AP)— Patrick J. Hurley accused the State Dept. today of making "a deliberate attempt to disparage me" in its 1949 "white paper" on China.

Hurley, World War II ambassador to China, was testifying for the second day at the Senate inquiry into Far Eastern policy generally and the dismissal of Gen. Douglas MacArthur.

Much of the questioning, as on the first day, turned toward the Yalta agreement.

Senator Wiley (R-Wis.) brought out that one of those who attended the Yalta Conference was Alger Hiss, a State Dept. official since jailed for perjury. Hiss was convicted of lying when he swore he did not give U. S. secrets to a pre-war Communist spy ring.

Wiley noted that Hurley, in his testimony yesterday, had bitterly denounced the 1945 Yalta agreement as an "immoral and cowardly" pact which he said amounted to appeasement of Communism.

Wiley then questioned Hurley as to who were "the prime actors in that great drama" at Yalta "which so changed the world."

NOT THERE

Hurley replied he was not at Yalta, but "there are a number of witnesses who were. . ."

"Well," said Wiley, "Hiss was at Yalta, wasn't he?"

Hurley: "Yes, sir. Hiss was at Yalta."

Wiley: "Do you suggest that we subpoena Hiss?"

Hurley: "Well, I am afraid that there is a certain provision that enables a man to be relieved from testifying against himself, and I think, I don't believe you could get Mr. Hiss to tell you the facts about Yalta."

Hiss attended the 1945 Yalta conference in his capacity as a State Dept. official.

Hurley complained to the Senators that some news accounts of his testimony yesterday "reported that I said the Yalta surrender was due to the cowardice of President Roosevelt." Hurley added:

"I remember distinctly that I said that President Roosevelt was already a sick man at Yalta, and I did not attribute to him what transpired at Yalta."

Wiley followed that up.

"With President Roosevelt ill," Wiley asked, "who dominated that picture at Yalta?"

"That I couldn't tell you, except by mere hearsay," Hurley replied. "I wasn't there."

Wiley earlier had commented that "We are still in the dark as to whether or not Hiss and his kindred, as the tools of the Communists, were the ones who were shaping this thing."

Hurley said: "I think" that the fact that men like Hiss have been shielded"—Hurley broke off his sentence there, then went on to add that there had been a lot of secret hearings by committees

See HURLEY on page 5-A

OUR WEATHER

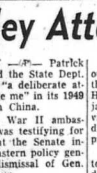
Partly cloudy and continued warm this afternoon, tonight and Friday, scattered afternoon or evening thundershowers.

Sunrise, 5:08 A. M.; sunset, 7:41 P. M.

More Weather Data on Page 5-A

THE SUN'S A FAKER

As Summer begins, we say the sun stands still (which is what the word "solstice" means) at its northernmost point, and then starts its return journey south. But does it? Actually, of course, the sun doesn't move at all; it's the earth that moves around the sun. But because the earth's axis is tilted some 23½ degrees off vertical, it presents different parts of its face to the sun as it makes its yearly journey around it. So although the sun seems to move north and south with the seasons, it doesn't budge. The earth does all the work.



Truth And Fiction Separated

Misunderstandings On Atomic Bomb Dangers Cleared

By HOWARD W. BLAKESLEE
Associated Press Science Editor

NEW YORK —(AP)—The public is being confused these days by many conflicting statements about A-bombs. Here are some of them:

1. The area under an A-bomb explosion is dangerous for hours, days—maybe weeks. (On the other hand, it is said that two minutes after an explosion one can enter the area immediately underneath without danger from radioactivity.

2. Ships at Bikini were so contaminated they could not be cleaned.

3. After each bomb a radioactive cloud circles the earth several times.

4. The radioactive cloud from a single bomb, exploded over the Pacific, could destroy all life in the United States.

What is the truth? The No. 4 statement is not true. It never was anything except a theory. Each of the other statements can be true or false, depending on circumstances which are likely to differ from one bomb to the next.

The confusion arises because radioactivity from the bomb comes in three stages. First is the flash and ball of fire, emitting gamma rays that are the same as X-rays. Second the earth, buildings, metal in your pockets or teeth, may become radioactive by transmutation from the bomb's flash. Third is dust and other things that may fall like rain out of the bomb cloud. After an underwater bomb, the rain is real and all of it radioactive.

ONLY ONE MAJOR

Only one of these radioactivity perils is a major hazard. This is the flash and ball of fire. This danger is all over within one minute. This gamma ray peril reaches out about a mile-and-a-half from the bomb, in all directions. Up to a mile it can make you sick enough to die in a week or more. After a mile-and-a-quarter it does not do much harm.

The second danger, transmutation of atoms of earth and other things on the ground into radioactivity of many kinds, is not possible unless the bomb is exploded close to the earth.

Should the bomb be exploded low down, there will be risk from radioactivity in immediate rescue work. But there will be no risk of death in very short exposures. If the rescue work is monitored, workers will not suffer serious harm, even in an area that remains uninhabitable for months due to radioactivity.

DUST TRICKY

Dust dangers are tricky. At Bikini, on the deck of the German heavy cruiser Prinz Eugen, picked up tiny pieces of metal that had vaporized from warships directly under the bomb. That metallic vapor had been carried downward over the Eugen. The metal fell like tiny hail. This metal was dangerously radioactive (some of mine had a half-life of nine days, which means very high radioactivity). But I was in no danger because I did not keep my pieces close to my person. Members of the crew collected bottles of the same hail, without hurting themselves.

After the New Mexico bomb radioactive dust fell on a herd of cattle, causing hair to fall out of their backs. Some of it never grew again. But no human beings were hurt by this dust. If they got any it was brushed off in time.

That bomb dropped dust in Ohio which afterward fogged some photographic film. There wasn't any danger to human beings. Last winter's Nevada bombs dropped so much radioactivity over the Northeastern United States that in some areas the rays were one hundred times greater than normal. Normal means the amount of radioactivity present everywhere all the time.

See A-BOMB on 5-A

Posting Of Beef Prices Delayed

WASHINGTON — (AP) — Public posting of beef ceiling prices was delayed again by the Government today from June 25 to Aug. 1.

This marks the fifth date set for posting of prices and the fourth delay. The prices originally were due to be put up by retail meat sellers May 14.

The Office of Price Stabilization said the delay to Aug. 1 was ordered because new lower price levels at retail are to take effect then. On that date a four and one half per cent rollback in the live cattle prices is to become effective.

It is expected to bring a reduction at retail of about four and one half cents per pound for various cuts of beef and beef products, unless the rollback is forbidden by Congress. Legislation to ban the full cut was approved today by the Senate Banking Committee.

OPS pointed out that retailers now must list beef prices on trays in which cuts are shown. These prices must be at or below ceilings.

Kosher beef retailers who posted their prices June 11, must continue to display their charts, OPS said. Other beef dealers who want to do so can post present prices before Aug. 1.

What's Inside

	Page
Classified Want Ads	17B-19B
Comics	13B
Crossword Puzzle	17B
Editorials	16A
Radio Program	12A
Serial Story	14A
Sports	14B-16B
Theaters	6A-7A
Wishing Well	14A
Women's Pages	2B-4B