

## NEGOTIATORS HIT OBSTACLES DRIVE TOWARD ARMISTICE

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### FINANCIAL FOREIGN POLICY

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## A Foreign Policy For Americans

By Senator Robert A. Taft

(NOTE—Senator Robert A. Taft's recent announcement as a candidate for the Presidency makes this view of interest to all citizens. With that in mind The News is carrying a serialisation of the Senator's new book "A Foreign Policy for Americans." You may not agree with him but you will not miss his views. They will be expressed in the series of 12 articles of which this is the second.—Editors, The News.)

### CHAPTER 2

#### THE PLACE OF THE PRESIDENT AND CONGRESS IN FOREIGN POLICY

No one can question the fact that the initiative in American foreign policy lies with the President. But, if I can judge from my mail and from many considered editorial expressions, the American people certainly do not believe or intend that his power shall be arbitrary and unrestrained. They want a voice in the more important features of that policy, particularly those relating to peace and war. They expect their Senators and Congressmen to be their voice.

There can be no question that the executive departments have claimed more and more power over the field of foreign policy at the same time that the importance of foreign policy and its effect on every feature of American life has steadily increased. If the present trend continues it seems to me obvious that the President will become a complete dictator in the entire field of foreign policy and thereby acquire power to force upon Congress all kinds of domestic policies which must necessarily follow. The fundamental question in the "great debate" was, and is, whether the President shall decide when the United States shall go to war or whether the policy of the United States themselves shall make that decision.

#### Action By Executive Agreement

Also, for many years the State Department has been developing a theory that almost any action can be taken by executive agreement, which does not now require any congressional approval at all. Instead of by the treaty method prescribed in the Constitution, (undoubtedly) the use of executive agreement is a two-step process in the Senate is very difficult and has encouraged many people to think that this development was necessary. But if the treaty method is not satisfactory then the Constitution should be amended to provide for the approval of all executive agreements and to define the scope and effect of such agreements much more clearly than at present.

More and more the State Department has assumed to do many things which are beyond its power in the field of trade, by an executive agreement known as the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT). It has insisted that the Executive have the power to raise and lower tariffs, through reciprocal trade agreements, without consulting Congress, and without the slightest shadow of a standard prescribed by law. Political agreements of this kind, as those made at Yalta have never been submitted to Congress and are not subject to ratification.

I think it is fair to say that the State Department has adopted an attitude of hostility toward Congress and an unwillingness to submit any matter to Congress if it thinks it can possibly carry through without that submission. It shows a complete distrust of the opinion of the people, unless carefully nursed by the State Department propagandists.

#### A Serious Issue

This matter was brought to an issue by the intervention of the President in the Korean War without even telling Congress what he was doing for several weeks. And it was brought still

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## Czech Vice Premier Fired And Arrested

LONDON—(AP)—Moscow-trained Rudolf Slansky, one-time henchman of the Czech Communist Party, was fired and arrested for "activities against the State," the Prague radio announced Tuesday.

The arrest was ordered by Communist Premier Klement Gottwald at the suggestion of Premier Antonin Novotny, Czech Communist Party head, because "investigations into activities of subversive groups" had brought out facts that convicted Slansky.

Slansky was removed from his job as secretary-general of the Czechoslovak Communist Party last September in a move tied with Western observers to Moscow orders to the Czech Communists to tighten their ranks against invasion of "Titoism."

The announcement at that time said Slansky would get another important state post, but did not say what the post was to be.

The Czech government shakeup was being hailed by Communist Party leaders in Czechoslovakia at the rising demands of the ruling Communists for greater production to feed the Korean war machine. The demands of Czech economy created critical shortages and massive unrest among some of the workers.

An underground source reported that the Slansky ouster came because the Otto case backfired. The Czech Communist Party had arrested and convicted prominent Press Correspondent William N. O'Day as a "spy," sentencing him to ten years in the Communist-organized prison.

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### EVENING PRAYER

Grant us, Gracious Father, to realize that as we have found our life in Thee we have found life abundant, and to the extent that we have departed from Thy will we have multiplied our errors; help us be compounded, our difficulties. We thank Thee that that will has been perfectly revealed in Jesus Christ for our salvation. Amen.

## Agreement On Cease-Fire Line Signed

### Inspection, Arms Buildup Next Issues

MUNSAN, Korea—(AP)—Truce negotiators signed a cease-fire line agreement today and immediately developed two vital differences on how to supervise an armistice in Korea.

United Nations delegates insisted on:

- 1. Joint Allied-Communist inspection teams with "free access to all parts of Korea."
- 2. Provision against military buildups by either side.

Neither point was included in a plan proposed by the Reds, who have never permitted outsiders in Communist Korea.

### SESSION 'SHORT, SWEET'

The differences developed in a session described by the top Allied negotiator as "short and sweet."

The full five-man negotiating teams all in full dress except two drably clothed Chinese generals approved a cease-fire line agreement today for an armistice within 30 days. Then they shifted into the next truce question, that is supervision of the armistice.

The two plans were in general agreement on four points: (1) shooting to stop when an armistice is signed, (2) a joint committee to supervise the truce, (3) all forces to withdraw from the buffer zone and enemy territory after the armistice is signed, and (4) armed troops to stay out of the buffer zone.

### JOY PRESIDENT'S TURN

Vice Adm. C. Turner Joy, chief U. N. delegate, presented the seven-point Allied plan after hearing the Communist suggestions.

"We started the ball rolling by telling the Communists their proposal was broad enough on the general principles (for supervision). Then we gave them an idea of what we wanted."

The committee asked for an adjournment until 11 a. m. Wednesday (9 p. m. Tuesday, EST) to study the U. N. plan.

In a Christmas landscape in the snow of Panmunjom, opened warfare with a series of agreements on the line of the truce. The staff officers who drew the line on a 14-foot map, then by agreement, which had argued over a buffer zone for more than three

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### OUR WEATHER

Partly cloudy and cooler today, mostly cloudy and continued cool with occasional light rain likely tomorrow.

High temperature yesterday, 53 degrees; low this morning, 37 degrees; expected low tonight, 35. Sunrise, 7:09 A. M.; sunset, 5:12 P. M.

### More Weather Data on page 3-A

### "DRY" ENGLAND

Which is rainier, North America or England? North American weather of the British Isles may be surprised to know that the rain falls in more than three parts of this country. London averages only 25 inches of rainfall yearly, less than that of any other city in the world. Fort Worth, Texas, with 56 and 52 inches, respectively, and considerably less than such cities as Louisville, Ky. (40 inches); Charlotte, N. C. (44); Newark, N. J. (47); and Miami, Fla. (59). The reason is that most of England's rain falls as drizzle or frequent light showers.



Keith Beatty, (left), Charlotte taxi fleet operator and beer distributor, listens to testimony by T. Lamar Caule, (right), former assistant attorney general, before a House investigating committee in Washington. Caule said that

## BEATY GRINS AS CAULE TESTIFIES

Beatty got him a new car at a reduced price while the latter was under Federal tax investigation and that he still owes Beatty \$225. Caule was recalled to the stand today as the committee continued its investigation. (Acme Telephoto).

## Biggest Shakeup Yet Pending

### Dunlap Promises Internal Revenue Purge

WASHINGTON (AP)—Commissioner John B. Dunlap of the Internal Revenue Bureau plans to lose tomorrow with the biggest broadside yet in his announced drive to improve efficiency and weed out employees "who have betrayed their high trust."

As for the new officers to be brought into the shake-up, Dunlap is said to feel the bureau should clean its own house, where it can, without waiting for investigations by grand juries or congressmen.

Another, more than 30 employees have been fired, suspended or resigned, including six collectors. In many cases the bureau has placed some employees under suspension while it investigated charges against them.

Dunlap took over the bureau Aug. 1, after the resignation of George J. Schoeneman. At the irregularities developed, he proclaimed he would spare no effort to "eliminate from our service any employees who have betrayed their high trust."

The subcommittee, meanwhile, continued its sparring with the Justice Department over access to the files and fraud prosecution records.

Recessing the hearings yesterday afternoon, committee investigators conferred at the department on Attorney General McGrath's Sunday night offer of "complete cooperation" with the committee.

Caule said that after the fishing trips, Whitehead telephoned him and told him about his tax difficulties. He said he had been told by Whitehead to call Olyphant, who would be able to tell him what to do.

He said he called Olyphant against his "better judgment" and Olyphant gave him a matter for collection for internal revenue at Greenvboro, N. C.

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## BE IT EVER SO DRIPPY, THE SHOW MUST GO ON

LONDON—(AP)—The New Theater presented the farce "And So To Bed" last night—and it was a swarming success.

In the first act Hazel Jennings reached for the top note in the song "Gaze Not On Swans" and was hit in the neck by a jet of water. A stage hand swarmed up a ladder and put his finger over a leak in the fire sprinkler.

In the second act, Keith Mitchell was making his way to American Actress Jessie Royce Landis when the sprinkler lost all control of itself. Water drenched the two players and sprayed into the orchestra pit.

This time they cut the sprinkler off at the main. But the show went on.

That was not present as Ferguson testified. He is in North Carolina on a speaking tour. Jack Martin, his administrative assistant, sat behind the committee and listened to the testimony.

The audience was just about the same as yesterday — some 400 people.

Ferguson came before the committee with a statement in which he estimated the costs of the Taft campaign at \$5,000. But he had also a "supplement" in which he said the cost might be figured at \$100,000.

Ferguson commented: "The only Communist — or ex-Communist — who came into Ohio — that I know of was Ben Glines who made several speeches for Mr. Taft."

LISTS OUTSIDERS As for Taft's charges of "carpetbaggers" (out-of-staters) engaging in the campaign, Ferguson said there were plenty on Taft's side. He ticked off the names of Senator

Therry (R-Nebr), Republican National Committee Chairman Guy Gabrielson, Movie Actor Adolphe Menjou, Harold Stassen, Senator McCarthy (R-Wis).

No contest is involved in the present hearing. The elections subcommittee is hearing testimony on the basis that it may be helpful in developing improved election laws. Each side in the Ohio contest charged the other with excessive spending.

Ferguson said a "partial list" of well-known reporters and commentators supporting Taft included Paul Lewis Jr., Dorothy Thompson, Victor Belser, Raymond Moley, David Lawrence, Westbrook Pegler, George Sokolsky, Jay Franklin, Frank Kent, Gould Lincoln, George Dixon, and "probably a lot of others whom I can't recall."

"The political value of a constant bombardment of publicity from these columnists and the extreme partisan newspapers of Ohio is beyond a doubt," Ferguson said.

Ferguson contended, too, that Taft's campaign was partially subsidized by the Government. In making this statement, he argued that the Government "was cheated out of tax money" because large companies ran political advertising, deductible for tax purposes, which supported Taft.

## TELLS ABOUT FIGHTS WITH WHITEHEAD

### Admits Talking With Olyphant About Local Man's Tax Case

WASHINGTON—(AP)—Former Assistant Attorney General T. Lamar Caule testified today that he and Charles Olyphant, chief counsel of the Internal Revenue Bureau, were Florida fishing guests of a North Carolina manufacturer under investigation for tax fraud.

Caule told a House Ways & Means subcommittee he and Olyphant flew to Palm Beach, Fla., in the summer of 1947 in a plane owned by Troy Whitehead of Charlotte, N. C.

Caule said he had recently by President Truman from his Justice Department post, denied that he was an assistant to the late Justice Department in the late 1940s.

"If I had known Mr. Whitehead was in tax trouble, I would never have invited Mr. Olyphant," Caule said.

EXPENSE PAID TRIP Caule also testified also that "some time in March, 1947, Whitehead sent his plane to Washington to take Caule to Palm Beach, where he stayed with other members of a fishing party without expense of the Royal Poinciana apartments."

Caule said others on the trip were James Bennett, director of Federal appeals to the late President Truman from his Justice Department at the time; and I. T. Cohen, official attorney who he said sometimes appeared in tax cases before the Justice Department.

On the second trip, too, Caule said, free accommodation also was provided by Whitehead.

On the second trip, along with himself and Olyphant, Caule said, were James M. Barnes, former administrative assistant to the late President Roosevelt and now a Washington attorney; and a man he identified only as the United States attorney in the District of Columbia.

Later Caule told reporters he referred to Harry Holt, former U. S. attorney in the District of Columbia, as a "Barnes" law firm appears before the Justice Dept. in tax cases, Caule said.

Caule was asked if Whitehead had asked if about a pending tax case during the first Florida trip.

"No, sir," he replied. "He did not know anything about such a case on the second trip, either, but that in subsequent discussions he was a matter for collection for the Charlotte business man was in tax trouble."

The House subcommittee, headed by Rep. Kin (D-Calif.), is investigating charges of nationwide tax collection irregularities, including the Justice Dept.'s handling of tax fraud cases while Caule was the top prosecutor of them.

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## Norris Retires As Rail Head

NEW YORK—(AP)—The Southern Railway announced today retirement of Ernest E. Norris, system president since 1937.

It said the resignation will be effective Dec. 31, and Harry A. DeBotts now vice president in charge of operations, will become president on Jan. 1.

The announcement was made after a meeting of the railway's board of directors. It said Norris is retiring at his own request and will receive compensation of the board effective Jan. 1.

D. W. Brozman, Southern's general manager, was elected vice president for operations, succeeding DeBotts.

RUSSIANS TRAIN CHINESE HONG KONG—(AP)—The independent newspaper Wah Kit Yat Po says Russian advisers are drilling 3,000 Chinese Communists in marine training in amphibious landings on Hainan Island off the South China coast. A first group of 2,500 completed a six-month amphibious course, Aug. 15, the newspaper says.

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