

# MILITARY FUND SETS RECORD

WASHINGTON — (AP)—This nation's biggest peacetime military appropriation—\$56,937,808,000—has been approved by Congress. Senate passage by a voice vote yesterday sent the measure on to President Truman. The House approved it last week.

The amount is about one billion dollars less than Mr. Truman asked for. The House approved the measure against the threat of world Communism. The bulk of the money is earmarked for armaments, expanding and operating the armed services during the current fiscal year which began last July 1.

With approval of the big bill, the present Congress also has broken the peacetime record for the amount of money appropriated and still has four major money bills to handle before adjournment.

Two bills passed by the Senate and sent to the White House yesterday raised to \$71,136,000,000 total funds approved thus far to run the government in the current fiscal year.

The previous high mark outside of war year was \$61 billion in fiscal 1951 which ended last June 30. The all-time record was set in fiscal 1945 in the midst of World War Two. Appropriations that year totaled \$147 billion.

**\$14 BILLION MORE**

The remaining four bills would add about \$14 billion to the total already approved in the nine measures sent to President Truman.

Although this would take appropriations for fiscal 1952 up to the \$85 billion mark, the Treasury estimates that actual spending for the year will reach \$68 billion and \$73 billion. This is because various military items such as airplanes on which work is started in this fiscal year will not be completed and not paid for until much later.

There have been hints the Pentagon will be back after the Congress meets in January with a request for a supplemental appropriation for the armed services.

The other measure approved yesterday was a \$104,967,887 bill carrying funds for the State, Commerce and Justice Departments and the judiciary.

# Marine Corps Flies To Battle Stations

In the largest such operation in military history, helicopters flew Marines into action Thursday in Korea. These pictures show the steps involved in a personnel movement. While the pilot looks down from on high (above) a member of the crew checks the line down which first scouts scramble before the plane lands. Then the troops climb in under the watchful eye of a non-com (above right). At the scene of debarkation (below) the soldiers file off to assigned positions. (Acme Telephotos.)

# Costly Fire Hits Philly Waterfront

PHILADELPHIA — (AP)—Fire raced through a section of Philadelphia's waterfront producing direct early losses of \$100,000, estimated by police at nearly \$1,000,000.

What started the fire was not known. The blaze was first reported at 2:41 A. M. by two policemen in a patrol car. By 2:45 the fire was under control more than five hours later, the business establishments of the waterfront had been wrecked. Of the 400 men who manned some 50 pieces of fire apparatus, about twenty were protected by heat and smoke. There were no fatalities reported.

# OUR WEATHER

Fair and slightly warmer to clear, mild and Sunday.  
Highest yesterday 66 degrees.  
Expected this morning 64 degrees.  
Expected low tonight 46 degrees.  
Sunrise, 6:27 A. M.; sunset, 5:51 P. M.  
More Weather Data on Page 12-A

# WHY CHINESE DRAWS

Sitting before a cheery open fire on a crisp fall evening, dispiritedly the Chinese draw the chimney draw! It might surprise you to know that it's gravity. Heat of air becomes less dense and it rises. The lighter air is pulled in by gravity under the hot air and makes it up the chimney. Then the new air, in turn, is heated, grows lighter, and is pushed up by the chimney. The higher the chimney, the better it draws, because the larger the volume of air at the more cool air is pulled in below.

# Allies Reach Forward; Battle Troops Advances



Large group of soldiers in military uniforms, some on horseback and some on foot, in a field setting.

# MIDDLE EAST COMMAND Egypt Invited To Join Defense Pact

ALEXANDRIA, Egypt — (AP)—The United States, Britain, France and Turkey invited Egypt today to join them as a full partner in a new Middle East defense command.

Sahel El Din Pasha, whose government this week denounced its Egyptian alliance with Britain and threatened to throw 10,000 British troops out of the Suez Canal area, received the proposal.

Ambassadors of the four powers presented him the plan at the Summer capital in Alexandria just four days after Egypt moved to cancel its treaties with Britain.

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# South Korean And Yank Units Advance 2 Miles

Korean Red Army Nearly Wiped Out

By JOHN RANDOLPH

U. S. EIGHTH ARMY HEADQUARTERS, Korea — (AP)—United Nations infantry supported by tanks and artillery gazed at new gains on the western and central Korean fronts today as fighting flared with renewed savagery across Korea.

The U. S. 2nd Division and two South Korean divisions gained up to nearly two miles along a 22-mile front in the center.

Allied artillery pounded a day-long rain of high explosives on Chinese Communist positions above Yenchon in the west. U. S. First Cavalry troops moved unopposed onto a hill forming the eastern flank of a vital ridge scarred by four days of fighting.

One battalion of the cavalry was badly cut off Friday.

A captured Red officer on the eastern front said the North Korean army—the one that started the war 18 months ago—now was "practically nonexistent."

**MOP UP ON RIDGE**

American and French troops on Heartbreak Ridge in eastern Korea scorched the last Red out of their suicide bunkers on the slopes of the ridge's southernmost peak. The peak, hill 831, was captured Friday. Allied officers said the mop-up action was among the bitterest of the war.

American Sarge Jelski patrolled a valley in eastern Korea. He drew no challenge from Russian-made MIG jets. Fifth Air Force warplanes pounded Red road and rail lines.

The central front drive on Kumgong was led by tanks and supported by artillery batteries. The Allies were threatening the Reds' main supply area and headquarters in the western and central Korea.

Farther to the west the cavalrymen were on the move again after a disastrous day Friday. A battalion of the Seventh Regiment, General Custard's old outfit—was shattered and cut to pieces by waves of attacking Reds west of Yenchon.

Remnants of the battalion were rescued, but only after some 500 men were killed.

The cavalry troops captured a quantity of small arms on the ridge. The Reds had fought for every inch of ground in that area.

West of Yenchon the Reds threw a battalion-sized attack at the British First Commonwealth Division but were hurled back. Communist guns blasted several Red troops concentrations and a battered at supply and traffic targets.

The U. S. 2nd Division and two South Korean divisions gained up to nearly two miles along a 22-mile front in the center.

# Stassen To Testify 5th Time Monday

WASHINGTON — (AP)—Harold E. Stassen will testify at the Capitol Monday for the fifth time in his running controversy with the State Department over China policy.

Senator Sparkman (R-Ala.) announced today that a Senate Foreign Relations Subcommittee he heads has granted Stassen's request to make a second appearance before that group.

Stassen, president of the University of Pennsylvania and a Republican, has been before the Senate's internal security subcommittee three times.

The foreign relations group is considering President Truman's nomination of Ambassador-at-Large Philip C. Jessup as a United Nations delegate.

Last Monday Stassen told the subcommittee Jessup gave a false testimony in declaring under oath that the United States "has never considered recognition of Communist China." Earlier, Jessup had said Stassen made erroneous sworn statements about him.

Stassen was back before the internal security subcommittee yesterday and again challenged the accuracy of Jessup's testimony. Neither he (Jessup) nor the State Department generally has ever conceded recognition of Communist China to the extent of favoring it.

Indications are that Stassen will deal again with the subcommittee at a round-table conference on China policy sponsored by the State Department in October, 1950.

Stassen has said a "prevailing group" at the conference, which he attended, advocated steps which would "bring the victory of the Communists" in China.

The department made the transcript of the conference public. Stassen said the transcript "proved the truth" of his description of it.

Monday's testimony will give Stassen an opportunity to respond to the charges made by Owen Lattimore, Johns Hopkins University professor, whom he had named as leader of the "prevailing group" at the round table session.

# Stassen To Testify 5th Time Monday

Lattimore, in Baltimore, made public today a letter to Stassen saying he was "amazed you... did not do the justice of a full retraction" yesterday.

The professor asked Stassen to point out any passages in the transcript of the meeting which show he took the position Stassen requested to make a second appearance before that group.

Lattimore wrote that he was a "particularly distressed at Stassen's continuing to say he had been misled by the testimony of Prime Minister Nehru of India as reactionary. He said he did not mention India Nehru at the meeting, and declared he considers the Indian leader the "outstanding representative of freedom in the world."

Stassen has charged that the prevailing group in formation of China policy has turned attention to India to undermine Nehru in the manner in which he said Chiang Kai-Shek was undermined in China.

# SHOW FOR ROYALTY

LONDON — (AP)—Two Americans, Singer Patricia Morrison and Dancer Pearl Primus, have been invited to appear before Queen Elizabeth and Princess Margaret at the royal variety performance Oct. 29.

After the Potsdam conference in 1945 with Stalin representing Russia and first Churchill, then Clement Attlee, representing Britain, President Truman said he would not go abroad for any more such occasions.

Observers point out, however, that a great many things have happened since then in that Truman would not be induced to change his mind.

If Mr. Truman is unable to attend, they say, he may name his foreign policy advisor, W. Averell Harriman. Harriman was ambassador to Moscow during World War II.

# Reds' Charges of Attack Investigated Liaison Officers to Try Again For Talks

By NATE POLOWETZKY

MUNSTAD, Korea — (AP)—Liaison officers will meet again Sunday in little Panmunjom in another effort to get the stalled Korean armistice talks rolling again.

The meeting is scheduled for 10 A. M. (8 P. M. Saturday EST).

Negotiations were interrupted Saturday by a Red complaint that three United Nations warplanes strayed the fringe of the Kaesong neutrality zone Friday, killing a 12-year-old boy and wounding his two-year-old brother. U. N. liaison officers investigated.

The Reds and U. N. Allies were nearing agreement on administrative differences holding up resumption of full-fledged armistice talks. The Communists protested by telephone Friday night that three Allied planes had strayed the edge of the cease-fire neutral zone.

The Reds broke off the talks in Kaesong Aug. 23, charging that a U. N. plane had bombed the city the day before, in an attempt to murder the Red armistice delegation.

**BOY'S STORY**

A 15-year-old Korean boy told U. N. investigators Saturday that he saw three United Nations warplanes straying his two younger brothers while they were fishing on the river.

AP Correspondent Robert R. Tucker, who accompanied the U. N. liaison officers in their investigation of the Red complaint, said "correspondents at Panmunjom generally felt the Communists had presented enough tangible evidence to back up their case—at least there still were enough unimpaired factors to make a clear-cut opinion impossible."

A U. N. spokesman said the evidence was being studied and evaluated. The Allied findings probably will be announced by Gen. Matthew B. Ridgway's headquarters in Tokyo.

Allied officers said the Reds had not lodged a formal protest but had asked for an official investigation.

The Communists meanwhile went ahead with their preparations for the resumption of negotiations. They set up three more tents at Panmunjom, presumably to be used by the Red delegates and their staff.

They are about 300 yards north of the large conference tent set up earlier this week. It has been used by liaison officers in their discussions.

The U. N. command has erected a tent and will bring in more officers Saturday.

The 15-year-old boy was fishing in a shallow stream about half a mile north of Panmunjom on the main highway to Kaesong. Friday afternoon, his 12-year-old brother, holding his two-year-old brother in his arms, was watching.

The oldest boy said he saw three planes and dived under a bridge, but that his two brothers were left. The youngest was shot in the leg arm.

Investigators also were told that three North Korean soldiers walking along the road saw the planes and jumped for cover. Presumably they identified the planes for the Red high command.

While the investigators were at the bridge, the dead boy's mother arrived, carrying the injured two-year-old in her arms. The young girl's left arm was bandaged. In his right hand he held a turnip and gnawed on it from time to time.

**COLLINS SEES ITALIANS**

ROME — (AP)—Gen. Lawton Collins, U. S. chief of staff, conferred for 40 minutes today with Randolph Pacciardi, Italy's Minister of Defense, and other Italian officials.

Collins talked to Gen. Effisio Marra, Italian chief of staff, and other high officers of the Army.

# Red Vessels On Schedule To Watch British Games

BURRA FIRTH, Scotland — (AP)—A Russian fishing fleet, which moves quietly into British waters when the Royal Navy holds its exercises, turned up on schedule today off the Shetland Isles—in the middle of a new naval maneuver.

Thirteen Soviet vessels, presumably in search of herring, anchored in the Burra Firth off the Shetland Islands and refused to get involved in any conversations. There were two parent ships of about 20,000 tons and eleven smaller vessels, all flying the hammer and sickle.

Naval observers said a similar fleet of Soviet fishing vessels turned up quietly in May, 1950, in the English Channel just as naval exercises were scheduled to start. They came back again last April when another set of naval maneuvers got under way.

The Royal Navy has had 40 ships, including two aircraft carriers, a cruiser, destroyers, frigates, submarines and auxiliary vessels manuevering in the northwestern approaches of the Shetlands since last Wednesday.

Naval observers said a similar fleet of Soviet fishing vessels turned up quietly in May, 1950, in the English Channel just as naval exercises were scheduled to start. They came back again last April when another set of naval maneuvers got under way.

The Admiralty said the site where the Russians had anchored was not in the path of the naval vessels now on maneuvers. Customs officers said they were unconcerned—none of the Russians was trying to come ashore.

A lighthouse keeper who came ashore this morning said he had passed within 20 yards of the fleet of Russian ships and had waved and shouted a welcome. He said a number of bearded sailors lined the decks to look at him but just stared back in silence.

# Stalin May Agree To Big 3 Meet If Churchill Wins

MOSCOW — (AP)—Western observers here believe that if Winston Churchill wins control of the British government in the Oct. 25 elections, Prime Minister Stalin will agree to a Big Three meeting with President Truman and himself.

Churchill, speaking in a London suburb Oct. 6, said: "I am convinced that a friendly talk on dead level between the heads of leading governments such as we used to have when we were allied in the war could not do any harm and might conceivably lift a load of anxiety from the shoulders of our children."

The British Conservative leader is reported here to have made this statement in reply to a question from the audience as to whether he would call a three-power conference with Prime Minister Stalin, President Truman and himself elected.

The Soviet press has not yet responded to this suggestion, but Westerners believe such an invitation from Churchill would be accepted.

They do not feel that such a meeting would solve all the world's problems, but they agree with Churchill that it could do so harm.

# QUIZ FOR MARRIED WOMEN

How would YOU answer these questions?

1. Would you say that your husband is handsome, or not?

( ) YES ( ) NO ( ) UNDECIDED

2. Would you say he is more handsome or less handsome than when you married him?

( ) MORE ( ) LESS ( ) SAME ( ) UNDECIDED

For answers given by U. S. wives across the nation, see Page 3-A for the results of a Gallup Poll.

# EVENING PRAYER

We pray today, Our Father for the progress of all churches everywhere. Anoint their ministers afresh with spiritual power. Give unto them physical strength and mental perception. Bless every church official, and each church member. May those who should lead the transaction, be joined with they people in the work of Thy Kingdom. Hear our prayer, in His name, amen.

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