Weather
Partly cloudy and cool today and tonight. Tuesday fair and warmer.
More Weather Data on page 5-A

THE CHARLOTTE NEWS

★★★★★ Final

Largest Afternoon Newspaper in The Carolines

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Heavily Armed Couple Is Sought In N. C. Mountains

COURT BANS DINING CAR SEGREGATION

Companion Caught At Spartanburg

Trio Sought Since Friday

SHELBY — (AP) — A heavily - armed cock - eyed man and his scar - faced, wigged, wife were sought today in the mountains of North Carolina. Their pal was arrested in a pre-dawn chase at Spartanburg, S. C.

They had been sought since last Thursday when they took a Tennessee highway patrol car. Since then, the FBI said, they had stolen several cars and a truck.

FBI Agent Charles Brown said the couple is Carl Baskin Hensley, 34, of Spartanburg, and Martha Louise Hill Hensley, about 35. Both have FBI records, Brown said. Police at Spartanburg captured Edward Clyde McAllister. He was in a truck, following the Hensley car.

WOMAN'S IDENTITY

Detective Chief E. I. Hildebrand of Atlanta said earlier that the woman was believed to be McAllister's wife. But the FBI said it had definitely established she is Mrs. Hensley.

The State Highway Patrol started its men from here to the Tennessee line, and advised them to use extreme caution. The couple was traveling in a gray Oldsmobile or a black Pontiac, the patrol said, adding that both cars were stolen in South Carolina.

McAllister and Parker were released from the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta last April, Chief Hildebrand said.

The chase began then when Tennessee Highway Patrol Lt. Daisy Garland stopped their car to investigate a report they were driving while drunk.

Exchanging gunfire, they took Garland's patrol car containing a machine gun and 500 rounds of ammunition when he stepped behind a tree to re-load his pistol.

They fled into North Georgia and eluded officers and posses. One of the desperadoes is believed to have been wounded in a series of running gunfights.

The hunt was called off Saturday night when the trio's trail was lost in the small mountain town of Fairmont, Ga.

SPOTTED AT HAYESVILLE

Reports came in Sunday night when they had been spotted late Saturday at Hayesville, N. C., where they bought a cold meal at a grocery store and drove their stolen green pick-up truck into the woods and painted it red.

They were last seen driving toward Murphy, N. C., just across the state line from here, and the Tennessee patrol and North Carolina officers renewed the search.

BULLETIN

WASHINGTON — (AP) — The Supreme Court today gave the Federal Government top rights over the oil-rich tidelands off the coasts of Texas and Louisiana.

Drowsy London Cats Need Extra Lives

LONDON —(AP)—It got so hot in London today that cats got drowsy and fell off window ledges. The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals reported it got 20 calls to pick up cats injured in that manner.

The temperature rose to 82 at noon and was still climbing. That equalled yesterday's high.

Truman Appoints Committee To Study Veterans' Hospitalization

WASHINGTON —(AP)— President Truman today appointed a three-man committee to review the whole controversial veterans hospitalization program.

The committee, a statement by the President said, will pay special attention to the problems of "paraplegics and amputees."

Howard A. Rusk, chairman of the department of physical medicine and rehabilitation at the New York University College of Medicine and Bellevue Hospital; Dr. Arthur Abramson, head of the department of physical medicine and rehabilitation at the Veterans Administration Hospital, The Bronx, an outstanding physician and himself a paraplegic; and Rear Admiral Robert L. Dennison, his own naval aide, to serve on the committee.

FOLLOWS PROTESTS

The President's action came as the aftermath of protests from veterans and from members of Congress over the abandonment of some veterans hospitals.

Particular protest was made against transferring paraplegics—patients paralyzed from the waist down — out of the Birmingham General Hospital at Van Nuys, Calif.

Under present orders these patients are to be moved to another hospital turned over to the Veterans Administration by the Department of Defense.

TO CALL SPECIALISTS

The committee will call in consultants and specialists and report its findings directly to the President.

The brief Presidential statement named the committeemen and said:

"In order to provide clarification of existing hospitalization problems and needs of disabled veterans, I have today appointed a special committee to review certain of these problems, especially those of the paraplegics and amputees. . .

"The committee has been authorized to call in consultants and specialists as it may find necessary. It will report its findings to me."

A committee representing veterans of the Birmingham General Hospital recently complained that the President declined to see them to hear their case. Mr. Truman recently told a news conference he would not see the group.

A number of veterans hospitals were dropped recently.

The controversy ties in to some extent with recommendations of the commission under former President Hoover that nearly all Government hospital operations be lumped into one administration.

The American Legion has led a stern fight against putting veterans hospitals into such a grouping.

Foreign Aid Bill Signed By Truman

President Has Praise For Law

By D. HAROLD OLIVER

WASHINGTON— (AP) — President Truman signed the $3,121,450,000 foreign aid authorization bill today, calling it a "major contribution to peace and freedom in the world."

The measure was signed at a White House ceremony. It authorizes five programs of world-wide aid, including funds for the third-year operation of the European Recovery Plan, and start on the "Point Four" proposal to develop backward areas.

"Taken together," Mr. Truman said of the five programs, "they add up to a broad, enlightened and typically American enterprise in the building of a safe and prosperous world."

In his statement, the President expressed special pleasure over the $35,000,000 fund approved for technical aid under the Point Four program.

IMPORTANT STEP

He said it is an important step toward strengthening freedom and defeating "Communist imperialism," and expressed hope that Congress will soon pass a companion measure authorizing the Government to encourage and support private investment in needy nations.

"The present act, he said, "is a memorable step forward in our program for peace. I am confident that the Congress will follow through promptly by appropriating the full measure of funds necessary to carry out the programs authorized in this act."

Mr. Truman said the act is a tribute to the "wisdom and vigor of the forward-looking members of the Congress of both political parties, of both houses, and particularly to the hard work of the bipartisan Congressional committees."

MARSHALL PLAN BIGGEST

The measure's biggest authorization is $2,850,000,000 for carrying on the Marshall Plan in Europe for a third year. Other programs:

1 — Aid to the free peoples of Korea, Southeast Asia, and nonCommunist China — $194,000,000. Of this total, $100,000,000 is provided for the republic of Korea.

2 — Technical assistance to underdeveloped areas — $35,000,000.

3—Relief and public works for Arab refugees from Palestine — $27,450,000.

4—Continuing support for United Nations programs for child welfare —$15,000,000.

NOT NEW IDEAS

The President said the exchange of technical assistance and skills under Point Four, and the fostering of capital investment abroad, are not new ideas, but are in line with the American traditions of initiative and free enterprise.

"But we are more ready," he asserted, "to put these activities on an organized, sustained basis and to direct them toward the building of a more prosperous and peaceful world.

"If we can gradually but steadily help to replace sickness with health, illiteracy with education, poverty with a higher standard of living, for the millions of people who live in underdeveloped areas, we shall make a tremendous contribution to the strength of freedom and the defeat of Communist imperialism."

Mr. Truman said far more than Government help is required in this work. He said he looks forward to the continued work of many

See TRUMAN on page 5-A

THEY WAITED FOR HIGH TIDE

Naval Academy midshipmen in motor launches go out to the battleship Missouri, anchored three miles off Annapolis in the Chesapeake Bay, Saturday, to begin a practice cruise. Destroyers of the task force deported, but not the "Mo." Stuck once in Chesapeake mud this year, she waited for Sunday morning's flood tide before pulling out. (AP Wirephoto.)

Top Tribunal Voids Policy Of Railways

Washington Negro Wins Appeal

WASHINGTON— (AP) — The Supreme Court today outlawed segregation of Negroes in railroad dining cars.

By an 8-0 vote the high tribunal declared such segregation violate a section of the Interstate Commerce Act which prohibits "any undue or unreasonable prejudice" to any person using the railroads.

Justice Burton wrote the court opinion. Justice Clark took no part.

Those who voted with Burton are Chief Justice Vinson and Justices Black, Reed, Frankfurter, Douglas Jackson and Minton.

OTHER DECISIONS DUE

The court was expected to rule on two other segregation cases — perhaps later in the day. They involve segregation by state universities.

The dining car decision was on an appeal by Elmer W. Henderson, a Washington Negro. While serving as a field representative of the President's Committee on Fair Employment Practices in 1942 he made a railroad trip to Birmingham. Henderson protested that he was unable to get a meal in a Southern Railway Co. diner.

Southern railroads later adopted a policy of setting aside a table or two for Negroes in dining cars. These tables are separated from others in the cars by partitions or curtains. Henderson, however, pressed his fight against any segregation. He is now a director of the American Council of Human Rights.

APPROVED BY ICC

The new dining car policy was approved by the Interstate Commerce Commission. When Henderson took his fight to the Supreme Court, the commission defended its action, but the Justice Department opposed it.

The department insisted that "the notion that separate but equal facilities meet the requirements of the statutory prohibitions against discrimination is obsolete."

Agreeing, Justice Burton said today: "The right to be free from unreasonable discriminations belongs to each particular person.

"Where a dining car is available to passengers holding tickets entitling them to use it, each such passenger is equally entitled to its facilities in accordance with reasonable regulations."

Buton added:

"The denial of dining service to any passenger by the (railroad) rules before us subjects him to a prohibited disadvantage.

"Under the rules, only four Ne-

See DINING CAR on page 5-A

Public Service Gets In The Act

New Gas Pipeline Proposed

By J. A. DALY
Charlotte News Staff Writer

Public Service Co. of North Carolina, with headquarters in Gastonia, will file probably tomorrow an application with Federal Power Commission for authority to construct a network of pipe lines in North Carolina to supply natural gas to communities in which this company already operates utilities.

This report was obtained today by The Charlotte News in a telephone conversation with B. E. Zeigler of Gastonia, the company's vice-president.

C. B. Zeigler, president, was in Washington today completing preparations for filing the application with FPC.

Public Service announced Saturday that it had signed "a firm contract" with Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line to obtain adequate supplies of natural gas for distribution in twenty or more cities and towns.

Public Service explained that its contract with Transcontinental would provide gas supplies for Asheville, Cherryville, Hill, Concord, Dallas, Durham, Gastonia, Kannapolis, Raleigh, and Statesville. This utility already operates in these communities.

However, if Public Service receives authority to construct the network of lines to connect with Transcontinental's main line, natural gas also can be supplied to intermediate points on these various laterals. Vice-President Zeigler added, however, that supplying gas to additional communities of course would necessitate obtaining municipal operating franchises.

"Naturally, we would want to obtain maximum distribution of natural gas when our proposed lines are in operation. Theyeby we would be enabled to hold down charges for natural gas service." Vice-President Zeigler commented.

COMPLICATED CONTEST

This action by Public Service still further complicates an already complicated, long-drawn-out legal contest before the Commission in which natural gas suppliers for the Carolina Piedmont area is at stake.

Other companies involved in one or more closely related phases of this many phased contest are:

Transcontinental, which is applying for authority to extend its main pipe line from its New York area terminal to connect with another company's line already serving the New England area.

Carolina Natural Gas Corp. of Charlotte, of which Murrey Atkins is executive vice-president, which proposes to obtain gas supplies from Transcontinental and build a $7,300,000 network of lateral lines to serve 23 Carolina Piedmont cities, including Charlotte.

Piedmont Natural Gas Pipe Line Co. of Spartanburg, headed by Priestly Conyers Jr., which lost before the Power Commission its fight for authority to construct a $85,000,000 pipe line from Deep South fields into the Norfolk, Va., area.

Piedmont lately reorganized its corporate structure and now proposes to buy Duke Power Co. manufactured gas plants and distributing system in Carolina cities and supply those cities with natural gas to be obtained from Transcontinental.

LINE PUSHED AHEAD

Meantime, Transcontinental is going ahead steadily with its pipe line construction. Work is in progress on numerous sections simultaneously. Work in the Charlotte area is being done by R. F. Fulton Co., contractors, with operating headquarters and the forwarding quarters of Carolina Concrete Pipe Co. on Rozzelle's Ferry Rd. The supply depot is located at Mt. Holly.

Latest estimates from authoritative sources indicated that Transcontinental will complete pipe laying by September and will have the line transporting gas late this

See COMPANY on page 5-A

Winning Belgian Party Seeks Return Of Leopold

By ALFRED CHEVAL

BRUSSELS, Belgium —(AP) —The Social Christian Party, victorious in yesterday's parliamentary elections, embarked today on a program to bring exiled King Leopold III back to the throne. Political static party leaders predicted this will be accomplished by July 1 but leaders of the anti-Leopold opposition were not so sure.

The Social Christians, predominantly a Catholic party, won 108 seats in the lower house against 104 for the combined anti-Leopold forces of Socialists, Liberals and Communists. Ministry of the Interior officials said the Social Christians are sure to get control of the Senate, too. By law, only a majority of both Houses sitting in joint session can end the regency of Prince Charles, Leopold's brother.

In yesterday's balloting the Social Christians won 54 of the 106 Senate seats at stake. Ministry of Interior officials said the party would get minimum of 25 of the 48 seats which will be chosen by provincial councillors and at least eleven of the seats which the Senators fill themselves. This would give pro-Leopold partisans at least 90 of the Senate's 175 seats, or 186 votes to 189 in a joint session.

Social Christian strategy calls for formation of a Government which can win a vote of confidence in both houses when they convene June 20. Then the Senate and House would be summoned into joint session to end the regency and return Leopold to the throne.

But the ardently anti-Leopold Socialist party, which also made gains in the election, could throw a monkey wrench in the planning by rallying general strikes and thus creating general unrest. The Socialists threatened prior to the election to follow such a course if Leopold is called back. The party's leaders were meeting today to consider a course of action in the light of yesterday's voting in which the Social Christians got only 47.74 per cent of the popular vote.

The Socialists could interpret this as indicating that slightly more than half of Belgium's population was still opposed to restoring the handsome, 46-year-old monarch to the throne.

Social Christians were reported planning to form a new government immediately with the premiership going to Jean Duvieusart, present minister of economic affairs and known as a moderate in the party ranks.

Leopold remained in exile after Hitler's defeat because of unpopularity over two issues: his quick surrender to the Germans in 1940 and his marriage to a commoner during postwar exile in Switzerland.

In his absence, Leopold's brother Charles has ruled as prince regent.

Leopold an his Social Christian supporters had hoped for an overwhelming victory to demonstrate that he was king of all the Belgians. His opponents, led by Socialist ex-Premier Paul-Henri Spaak, had argued that he could not rule if only half the population wanted him.

Dr. Tribble Named Wake Forest Prexy

WAKE FOREST —(AP)— Dr. Harold Wayland Tribble today was unanimously elected president of Wake Forest College by the College's Board of Trustees.

Tribble, for 18 years professor of Theology at the Southern Baptist Seminary, is now president of Andover Newton Theological School in Massachusetts. Fifty years old, he is a native of Charlottesville, Va., and has been a frequent visitor to the Wake Forest campus.

Tribble's election was announced by Dr. C. C. Warren of Charlotte, chairman of a committee named a year ago to select a successor to the Wake Forest College president, Dr. Thurman D. Kitchin. Kitchin, now 64 years old, will retire effective July 1.

Dr. Warren asserted that "I know of no man on earth who will do a better job of unifying our forces and leading the college in this crucial era of its history."

Warren said the trustees are leaving to Tribble the exact date when he will arrive here, but added "we hope that he will be here for the opening of the coming Fall term."

Warren said that Tribble was selected for the presidency "after due and full consideration of approximately 25 men."

Henry F. Grady Named U. S. Envoy To Iran

WASHINGTON —(AP)— President Truman today nominated Henry F. Grady as ambassador to Iran.

Grady, who has been ambassador to Greece and is one of the Administration's top diplomatic troubleshooters, will supervise the military aid program to Iran as well as serve as ambassador.

In announcing the appointment, the White House made public a letter of resignation from John C. Wiley, present ambassador to Iran.

Wiley, a veteran foreign service career officer, is returning to the United States soon on a home leave and to await a new assignment.

Truman May Name Board To Review Loyalty Cases

WASHINGTON — (AP)—A White House source said today "there is a strong possibility" that President Truman will appoint a "super panel" to review the cases of 81 State Department employees whose loyalty has been questioned by Senator McCarthy.

This source, unquotable by name, said no final decision has been made but that Mr. Truman is considering the idea.

He said the "super panel", if created, would not supersede the present loyalty review system, but would assist it.

The President may discuss the proposal at a conference he has scheduled late today with Senator Tydings (D-Md), chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee investigating McCarthy's charges.

Tydings' committee now is concentrating on the 1945 Amerasia case which involved illegal removal of secret Government documents from the State Department.

It called Emmanuel S. Larsen, former State Department employee who was one of the six arrested in the case, for secret quizzing this afternoon.

CLOSED QUESTIONING

The group held to plans for questioning of Larsen behind closed doors despite a demand from Senator Knowland (R-Calif) for a public airing of the "unexplained circumstances" of the hotly disputed case.

Knowland suggested that FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover go before an informal session of the Senate to answer questions about those aspects. Such a public meeting would clear the atmosphere, Knowland said.

DOCUMENTS SEIZED

The case involved hundreds of secret Government documents seized five years ago by the FBI and the wartime Office of Strategic Services in the New York headquarters of the now defunct Amerasia magazine. Some papers also were recovered from Larsen's apartment.

There have been charges in Congress of "cover up" and "whitewash" in the Government's handling of the case. Senator McCarthy (R-Wis) revived the controversy in pressing his Communism-in-the-Government accusations.

The American Veterans Committee's national planning commitee called yesterday for McCarthy's impeachment, saying he has repeatedly charged the State Department with harboring Communists without offering proof of his charges.

SENATOR ACCUSED

The planning committee — a sort of executive body for this organization of World War II veterans—accused McCarthy of "moral turpitude" and said he has been more than, any other un-American force to bring world scorn, domestic ideology and general disgrace upon the Senate." He has "traduced, subverted and degraded the Senate," it said.

The group said it has instructed AVC National Commander Michael Straight to seek immediate introduction of impeachment proceedings in the House.

Under the Constitution such proceedings must originate in the House, with the Senate to sit in trial on the impeachment. The House and Senate traditionally have left up to each other the judgment on its own members' right to serve, but the AVC noted that in 1797 the House voted to impeach Senator Blount of Tennessee. In this case, the Senator had already been expelled by the Senate.

McCarthy declined to comment on the AVC blast. "I am too busy with more important things to do, such as cleaning the Communists out of the State Department," he said.

He also reported he plans to make a Senate speech tomorrow in which he promised to produce "State Department files which will shock both sides of the aisle (Democrats and Republicans) and convince them of the danger and urgency of the situation."

FEPC Measure Is Sidetracked

WASHINGTON—(AP)—Senator Lucas (D-Ill) gave up temporarily today efforts to get a Fair Employment Practices Commission (FEPC) bill before the Senate.

The Senate Democratic leader told his colleagues, however, that before the present session of Congress ends he will move again to get action on the measure.

Southern Democrats have opposed the bill with a filibuster and Senator Russell (D-Ga) said talk will start again as soon as Lucas renews his motion.

The argument over FEPC broke out when Lucas formally withdrew his motion, which has been pending several weeks, to take up the bill. He then moved to bring before the Senate a House-approved measure increasing the borrowing power of the Commodity Credit Corp. (CCC) by $2,000,000,000.

Senator Wherry of Nebraska, the Republican leader, said he regretted Lucas' decision to give up now on FEPC. He said the Senate ought to agree unanimously to let the motion stand while it goes ahead with other business.

Russell jumped up to say there wouldn't be any business transacted by unanimous consent as long as the FEPC motion were pending.

Acheson, Johnson Urge Program

Continued Arms Aid Need Is Foreseen

WASHINGTON—(AP) — Secretary of State Acheson soberly told Congress today that America's military assistance for the non-Communist world will still be less than half done a year from now.

He would not set a shut-off date but Secretary of Defense Johnson expressed hope for an end to the task in 1953 or 1954.

Appearing before the House Foreign Affairs Committee in behalf of a second year of the mutual defense aid program, Acheson would not "hazard an opinion" how much longer U. S. arms aid will be required.

But in response to an inquiry by Chairman Kee (D-WVa) whether the "major portion of effort" will be completed at the end of the second year program ending in 1954, Acheson asserted:

"I should not think I could say that.

"In these two years (including 1951) I do not think we have completed a major portion of our effort.

"If 'major portion' means 50 per cent — no, I don't think so."

ONLY ROAD OPEN

The Secretaries of State and Defense agreed that arms aid for the non-Communist world is the one road to peace and security left open.

Both cabinet officers testified before Congressional committees in support of President Truman's call for second-year funds for aiding America's friends overseas against the threat of Communist aggression.

The program is a "vital immediate step" toward peace, Acheson told the House Foreign Affairs Committee.

"The Soviets have blocked every other avenue," Johnson testified before the Senate Armed Services and Foreign Relations Committees.

Acheson told the senate committees last week that he could not guarantee the cost of the arms program would not go up in future years.

But Johnson said today he hopes to be able "to ask for decreasing amounts" with a shut-off of the program in 1953 or 1954.

He said his best judgment is the program for 1952 will cost no more than this year's program.

NOT IN DISAGREEMENT

He hastened to add that he and Acheson are not in disagreement on the point. He said Acheson was talking, in terms of a possible emergency.

Johnson made it clear the arms aid for Europe will mean no reduction in U. S. forces. He said it is "sloppy thinking" to say the United States will "emasculate our own military establishment" because Europe is being strengthened.

There has been speculation that as the ground forces in Europe are increased, there would be less need for large American ground forces.

But Johnson said an integrated and balanced military team in the United States is the best of all the military planning.

Tomorrow Is Decision Day

RALEIGH—Tomorrow is the day that will determine what amount of political activity North Carolina will see for the next three weeks.

Because that is the day Willis Smith will announce whether he will call for a second Democratic primary to determine whether he or Sen. Frank P. Graham will go to Washington as this State's junior Senator.

Smith, who trailed Graham by 52,000 votes for the Democratic Senatorial nomination in the May 29 primary, will announce as the deadline for his announcement. But he has until June 12 legally to signify his intention.

Graham failed by 12,000 votes to clinch the nomination with a majority in the four-man race.

Others running were former U. S. Senator Robert R. Reynolds, and Olla Ray Boyd, Pinetown pig breeder.

Once Over Lightly

By THE OLD SHAVER

By the time I get ready to cut the grass for the first time, the fellow next door has got a garden growing . . . I can remember when every fellow worried his own individual toothpick.

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