

Fair and mild today through Wednesday. More Weather Data on page 4-A

ESTABLISHED DEC. 8, 1888

Largest Afternoon Newspaper in The Carolinas
Charlotte, North Carolina Tuesday, June 13, 1950

26 Pages—Price Five Cents

Census Figures Show

Charlotte's Population: 133,212

Count Makes City Biggest In State By Almost 50,000

Charlotte's population is 133,212. That figure was announced today by U. Chester Wheelchel, assistant district supervisor in charge of the decennial census in Charlotte and Mecklenburg.

The 1950 count makes this city larger, by almost 50,000, than any other in the Carolinas. It represents a population gain of 32,313 or 32 per cent over the official 1940 population of 100,899.

The population count is subject to revision by the Bureau of the Census. However, any adjustment of the figure is likely to be slight. The official figure will not be announced until final auditing has been completed.

Mr. Wheelchel announced also that Charlotte has 38,283 dwelling units. This is an increase of 12,881, or 50.7 per cent, over the 25,404 houses and apartments counted ten years ago.

City Grew Fastest In Past Decade

Charlotte, whose present population was announced today as 133,212, considerably grew faster in the past decade than it did during the 30's.

It showed a 32 per cent growth from the 1940 census to 1950. It showed a 12 per cent growth from 1930 to 1940.

Charlotte has almost tripled its population since 1920. It had 46,328 persons in 1920.

A look over the population figures beginning with the 1900 residents in 1770 shows that the city has never failed to have had a 20 per cent increase in a decade.

When the first official census was taken in 1790, Charlotte had 229 persons. In 1815 this was a village of 70 families. In 1840 the town had 8,000 persons. It passed the 1,000 mark in 1850, when the official population figure went to 1,065.

Then, in the next ten years, Charlotte's rise more than doubled. Twelve hundred more persons were counted, so that the official figure in 1850 was 2,285.

From that time to the present, the city's growth is shown in this list:

Year	Pop.	Per. Growth
1790	229	—
1815	1,065	462.4
1840	8,000	653.8
1850	11,921	48.8
1860	15,821	32.7
1870	22,850	44.4
1880	32,212	41.0
1890	46,328	43.8
1900	62,312	34.5
1910	78,212	25.7
1920	100,899	29.0
1930	113,212	12.2
1940	100,899	-12.2
1950	133,212	32.0

Winners of the population-guessing contest conducted yesterday by Charlotte's five radio stations had predicted Raleigh would have 70,000 residents.

A simultaneous assessment of the city's population by WATN, WBT, WGV, WST and WSO.

There were more than 15,000 guesses entered in the contest.

City's Gain, Numerically, Its Biggest In The State

Raleigh showed a 30 per cent gain, from 46,897 in 1940 to 60,929 now. The Chamber of Commerce had predicted Raleigh would have 70,000 residents.

Wilmington's gain was substantial. It increased from 23,477 ten years ago to a present 44,775, a 35 per cent gain.

Asheville showed only a slight gain, from 31,319 in 1940 to 32,308 now. Buncombe County, however, increased from 108,730 to 127,756.

Salisbury added five per cent, from 38,004 in 1940 to 39,906 in 1950. The city's population increased seven per cent from 15,772 ten years ago to 16,720 now. The Concord Chamber of Commerce had predicted a 1950 population of 25,000.

What's Inside

Classified Want Ads	12A
Comics	12B-12C
Crossword Puzzle	4B
Editorial	5
Radio Program	4A
Sports	4B-4C
Theaters	12B
Writing Well	14A
Women's Page	12B-12C

Remington: "Not Guilty"

Ex-Government Man Denies Charge That He Lied About Red Background

NEW YORK (AP)—William W. Remington, resigned Government economist, pleaded innocent today to a perjury indictment charging him with lying when he testified to a Federal Grand Jury that he was a Communist.

Federal Judge John W. Clancy set July 5 for naming the trial date. Remington resigned from his Commerce Department post after being threatened with contempt proceedings. Clancy set \$5,000 bail for Remington and gave him two days to raise the bond.

Remington's lawyer, Bethuel Webster, told the judge that professional bondmen had refused to post bail for the defendant because "a loyalty question is involved."

He told reporters later that four-teen surety companies had been asked to put up bail for Remington and all have replied they would post bond "for prostitutes and murderers but never where loyalty is questioned."

Clancy set the \$5,000 bail demand of Thomas J. Donagan, special assistant to the U. S. attorney general, despite a plea by Remington's lawyer that the amount be cut in half. The attorney said his client "always has ap-



View of Charlotte, N.C., from the air. The city's population is 133,212.

46 Believed Dead In Crash

PARIS (AP)—Air France said today it is feared that all hope is lost for all but six of the 51 passengers and crew of a DC-4 Skystrainer that ditched into the sea near Bahrain in the Persian Gulf last night.

Survivors include four men passengers, a radio operator and the chief pilot, Jean Padek, who was seriously injured when the plane came down into the sea three miles off the runway at Bahrain island after it had already been given landing instructions.

The bodies of four men and two women—all still unidentified—were recovered by fishing boats. Still missing are 39 persons, including one infant.

Yugoslavia, Italy Locked Over Trieste

BELOGRADE, Yugoslavia (AP)—Foreign Minister Edvard Kardelj says Yugoslavia and Italy have reached a deadlock in their dispute over who shall have Trieste. He told the Joint Foreign Affairs committee of the Yugoslav Parliament last night that Yugoslavia will not yield to Italian pressure.

He declared the dispute over Trieste cannot be settled on the basis of economic relations between the two countries.

World-Telegram And Sun Closed Down By Strike

NEW YORK (AP)—The CIO American Newspaper Guild went on strike at the New York World-Telegram and Sun today. Publication of the big afternoon daily was suspended when AFL mechanical employees refused to cross heavy Guild picket lines.

B. O. McAnney, managing editor of the paper, said, "As long as the treatment of the printers and the strikers stay out we cannot print."

Later, Lee B. Wood, executive editor, announced, "We will not print today. The Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service asked both sides to meet with it at 4 P. M. (EST)."

A skeleton editorial staff remained at work, but in the mechanical department the jobs of molten metal used in stereotyping and printing processes were shut off.

"They're getting cool and it would take some time to heat them," McKinley said. The walkout came after both sides deadlocked yesterday at the end of three months of negotiations. The guild's "rock bottom" demand yesterday fell off with the 10 per cent pay rise for mechanics ranging from \$40 a week for novice boys to \$120 for experienced men. The present is \$118.

The demands also included a new contract for the newspaper's employees hired by guildmen, night differential of one hour's pay

WINDING UP A JOB WELL DONE



The men who did the counting and checking of Charlotte's 133,212 citizens are shown here gazing in contentment at the preliminary census report. Seated is Rufus Johnston, who has supervised the nose-counting in this Congressional District. At right is U. Chester Wheelchel, his assistant who supervised the census in Charlotte and Mecklenburg. At left is J. E. Dowd, head of the Chamber of Commerce committee which kept on double-checking until it was satisfied that all were counted.

Federal Aid To Schools Opposed

MASSANETTA SPRINGS, Va.—The 80th Presbyterian Church of Va. general assembly, went on record here today as opposed to the federal aid to public schools to be parochial schools.

It agreed to "oppose all resolutions which tend to divert such funds to use by parochial schools of a sectarian character."

Further, it agreed to "continue to resist all efforts to weaken our historic position of the separation of church and state."

This action came on recommendation of the standing committee on inter-church relations which brought to the floor of the assembly the final version of business to be transacted at the current session.

The assembly also approved a resolution of commendation of the committee led by Mervin C. Taylor as the president of the assembly.

The assembly also approved a resolution of commendation of the committee led by Mervin C. Taylor as the president of the assembly.

By Supreme Court Ruling NC Handicapped In School Suit

RALEIGH (AP)—North Carolina faces "a very severe handicap" in defending a suit by eight Negroes for admission to the University of North Carolina law school.

The opinion was expressed today by Attorney General Harry McMillan after he had received and studied an opinion handed down last week in the ruling, the Court held that a Negro must be admitted to the University of Texas law school.

On the day the Court ruled McMillan expressed the opinion that the case would have little effect in a case pending in North Carolina in which eight law students at the North Carolina College for Durham are seeking admission to the University of North Carolina law school.

After studying the Court's opinion, however, McMillan came to the conclusion the State faces "a very serious handicap" in defending the North Carolina case.

The State's defense has been based on the contention that facilities provided Negroes at the North Carolina College law school are substantially equal to those at the University of North Carolina law school.

In the Texas case, McMillan pointed out, the Supreme Court observed that Texas had provided a law school for Negroes but that the University of Texas law school facilities were superior in many respects.

WINDING UP A JOB WELL DONE

The men who did the counting and checking of Charlotte's 133,212 citizens are shown here gazing in contentment at the preliminary census report. Seated is Rufus Johnston, who has supervised the nose-counting in this Congressional District. At right is U. Chester Wheelchel, his assistant who supervised the census in Charlotte and Mecklenburg. At left is J. E. Dowd, head of the Chamber of Commerce committee which kept on double-checking until it was satisfied that all were counted.

Truman Urged To Veto Basing Point Measure

WASHINGTON (AP)—Six Senators and five House Republicans today urged President Truman to veto the controversial basing point bill.

Once Over Lightly By The Old Shaver



The President has until midnight Friday to act on the measure. It would legalize uniformity in certain prices on products sold within certain zones, regardless of differing freight costs, so long as there is no collusion.

The bill, which called at the White House today said Mr. Truman was studying the bill from all angles. He said he would not sign it unless he was sure it would do good.

Members of the delegation contended the bill would ease the anti-trust laws and hurt small business.

Sen. Douglas (Ill.) called it an instrument by which competition will be suppressed.

Rep. Patman (Texas) said it would favor the national chain stores.

Sen. Humphrey (Main) described it as one of the "most open attacks on the fair trade law" and said it would "wreck the appetite of modern-day business."

Sen. Lehman (NY) predicted it would stifle free competition and bring higher prices for consumers and thwart the development of the new economy.

Others in the group urging a veto were Sen. Bennett (Ala.) and Sen. McNamara (Ill.). Sen. Lehman (NY) predicted it would stifle free competition and bring higher prices for consumers and thwart the development of the new economy.