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THE CHARLOTTE NEWS

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Soviet Bloc States Step Up Campaign Against Tito

PROGRESS REPORTED IN KREMLIN TALKS

Communists Denounce Leader Of Yugoslavia

May Turn West For Support

By JOHN SCALI

WASHINGTON — (AP) — Russia and her Balkan satellites are stepping up their campaign to oust Marshal Tito as boss of Yugoslavia, diplomatic officials said today.

These authorities point to increasingly violent denunciations of Tito from every top Communist official in Eastern Europe outside Yugoslavia.

In addition, party leaders in Italy and France also have lined up behind Moscow in condemning Tito as a "traitor" to the Communist cause.

This Moscow-led torrent of abuse keeps up, even while Tito is playing host to the recent Danube River conference in Belgrade and voting consistently with the Soviet bloc.

NO COMPROMISE SEEN

Government officials familiar with Eastern Europe say the disagreement between Tito and the Russian brand of Communism is now so fundamental it rules out any possibility of compromise.

This increases the chance that Tito may, in desperation, turn to the West for support, but there is no real sign of such a move yet.

And, despite the swelling stream of anti-Tito invective, officials here say they regard it as unlikely that Russian or any of her satellites will order troops into Yugoslavia.

Their view is that any such move is sure to force not only would certainly drive Tito into the arms of the West but would bring the United Nations into the picture. Yugoslavia as a full-fledged UN member could appeal to the Security Council for help and thus haul Russia onto the docket.

Thus officials say the campaign appears to be pointed more directly at Tito in person rather than his government. In this connection, they cite a letter reportedly sent to Tito last March 27 by the central committee of the Russian Communist Party.

This letter pointedly recalled how Leon Trotsky, another "traitor" in Soviet eyes met his death in Mexico in 1940 at the hands of an assassin.

Authorities here say they have not yet seen the complete text of this and other letters which Russian officials in Yugoslavia distributed to some Western correspondents recently. But they add that they have no reason to doubt their authenticity.

Anti-Dock Strike Order Extended

NEW YORK—(AP)—A temporary court order which held off a strike of 45,000 East Coast longshoremen Saturday was extended into an 80-day injunction today.

Federal Judge Harold R. Medina issued the injunction. It was unopposed by both parties to the wage dispute—the AFL International Longshoremen's Association and the New York Shipping Association.

The injunction was asked by Joseph M. Friedman, Assistant U. S. Attorney General. Friedman obtained the stay last Saturday on instructions from President Truman to Attorney General Tom C. Clark.

'LITTLE MISS AMERICA'—Kathleen Cecile Flynn of Spokane, Wash., poses with Movie Director Harold Schuster after winning the title of "Little Miss America" in Hollywood. Schuster headed the Screen Children's Guild board of judges who made the selection. The five-year-old Irish lass turned down a movie contract prize and grabbed a train for home so she could be with her four brothers and a sister. (AP Wirephoto.)

Behind Closed Doors

Spy Investigators Quiz Witnesses

By DOUGLAS B. CORNELL

WASHINGTON — (AP) — Congressional spy probers questioned a maid, three officials of an automobile agency, and an admitted former Communist behind closed doors today. They were laying the groundwork for Alger Hiss and Whittaker Chambers to confront each other tomorrow.

Hiss, former State Department officials, and Chambers, who says he used to be a Red, have told the committee almost completely opposite stories. Chambers has accused Hiss of being a member of a pre-war Communist underground in Washington, and Hiss has denied it.

Hiss and Chambers also differ on the question of how well acquainted they were some dozen years ago.

In an attempt to check on that angle, the committee today questioned:

A short, heavy-set Negro woman who left the place with her hat over her eyes and a pocketbook shielding her face from photographers.

Joseph Cherner, Sam Menah and Henry Gertler, officials of the Cherner Co., an automobile firm in Washington.

Louis Budenz, former high official of the Communist Party who has renounced Communism and now teaches at Fordham University in New York.

HISS'S MAID

Robert E. Stripling, committee investigation, said the Negro woman was Hiss's maid for several years.

Stripling said Budenz and the maid, whose name is withheld, gave the committee some useful information. He had no comment on whether the other three witnesses were of any help.

Hiss has testified that he knew Chambers in 1934 and 1935 as a free lance writer named George Crosley, that he sublet an apartment to Crosley for a while and that he gave him a car.

Chambers has said Hiss knew him only by the Communist Party name of "Carl" and that the car was not a gift but that he was allowed to use it.

Presumably, the auto dealers were asked about the car.

Cherner told reporters he knew nothing about the Hiss car. But Menah said the company bought a 1929 Ford roadster from Hiss in 1936 and sold it the same day.

Budenz formerly was editor of the Daily Worker. He renounced Communism and became a Catholic.

The committee did not say whether he would testify in open session tomorrow when Chambers and Hiss face each other.

That Hiss-Chambers meeting will be the long heralded public "confrontation."

The two men have told conflicting stories. The big question is which one will make his story "stick" in the opinion of the committee.

Fighters Sweep Over West Berlin

BERLIN—(AP)—A formation of 6 to 10 fighter planes, believed by American air officers to be Russian Yaks, swept over Western Berlin late today at a great height, eyewitnesses reported.

American and British air operation control officers said they had no fighters over Berlin today.

As soon as the fighters were spotted, newspaper offices received telephone calls from excited Berliners.

About two weeks ago a formation of twelve Russian Yak fighters zoomed over Western Berlin. On another occasion one Russian fighter buzzed the British airfield at Gatow where supplies for blockaded Berlin are being landed at a fast clip.

German Vote Barred In Soviet Zone

Red Commander Announces Delay

By EDWIN SHANKE

BERLIN — (AP) — Marshal Vassily D. Sokolovsky announced today that Germans in the Russian zone will not be allowed to hold community elections this Fall.

The Russian commander said the voting will be put off for one year. It is the first time in the occupation that one of the four powers has postponed an election.

Sokolovsky issued his order over the protests of the zone's two non-Communist parties — the Conservative Christian Democrats and the Rightist Liberal Democrats. The Parties demanded only last week through their press and at open meetings that "in the name of democracy" the people be given a chance to vote.

COUNTER CLAIMS

Non - Communist leaders have claimed the Communists want the elections put off because they fear-ed they would suffer a severe defeat. The Communists have claimed the people are "too busy working for recovery" to vote.

The Soviet zone is controlled both politically and economically by the Soviet-sponsored and Communist-dominated Socialist Unity Party (SED).

Both the zone and its "official" party have been having their troubles of late.

The Russian sector has been combatting a food crisis which has forced the Russians to import supplies. The Communists have been seeking to overcome their economic troubles with a two-year plan for which they are demanding the "utmost efforts" from the population. The SED has been undergoing a purge and transformation. The purge, according to announcements by party leaders, has been aimed at weeding out "anti-Soviet elements" and other "unreliables," who fail to adhere strictly to the Marxist-Leninist line.

The Communist press, meantime, is beating the drums again for a share in Western Germany's coal-rich Ruhr.

The demands, seemingly timed with the Moscow negotiations, appear to be an outgrowth of the Soviet zone's economic troubles, which the Western press reported on the increase since the Soviet blockade cut it off from Ruhr output.

"It can be regarded as pretty certain," the Russian-controlled newspaper Nacht - Express said, "that the question of Russian participation in the control of the Ruhr was raised in Moscow."

4 American Fliers Killed

RAVOTZHAUSEN, Germany—(AP)—Two American planes on the supply run to blockaded Berlin collided outside this American zone town today, killing four U. S. fliers.

Five American fliers have been killed previously in two accidents on the air run since the Russians blockaded Berlin late in June.

The planes were two-engined C-47s. They plunged into cornfields around this village which is fourteen miles northeast of Frankfurt. The planes were returning to Wiesbaden from Berlin, where they had delivered supplies.

None of the victims were withheld pending notification of survivors.

Communism Forbids Organization

World Peace Through Law Impossible, Dulles Says

AMSTERDAM, The Netherlands —(AP)—John Foster Dulles declared today that Communist policies make "it impossible to create at once a universal organization of peace through law."

Nevertheless, the Communist problem cannot be solved by trying to crush Communism by force, Dulles said in an address prepared for the assembly of the World Council of Churches. In any analysis of the world situation, he said, "Christian responsibility emerges as an inescapable fact."

Dulles, foreign policy adviser to Gov. Thomas E. Dewey, the Republican Presidential nominee, said "the Soviet regime is not a regime of peace and, indeed, it does not purport to be." He added:

"It may not, and I hope that it does not, want international war. But if so, that is a matter of expediency, not of principle. Violence and coercion are the accepted methods, class war being, however, usually preferred to national war.

"It is inevitable that orthodox Communism should reject peaceful ways, except as a matter of temporary expediency, because it rejects the moral premises that alone make possible the permanent organization of peace."

Peace, Dulles declared, can never be stabilized "except by institutions that seek to reflect the moral law and that respect the dignity of the individual."

"There always have been, there always will be, human spirits that will rebel against totalitarian dictatorship and that fact, in turn requires such dictatorships to be violent and coercive."

JOHN FOSTER DULLES

SOLUTION POSSIBLE

But there is a solution, he went on.

"The solution is for those who have faith to exert themselves more vigorously to translate their faith into works. Those who believe in the moral law and human dignity must be more concerned to make social institutions reflect those ideals. In that way they can provide an example that others will follow and a unifying process will be begun."

Another speaker, a Czech theologian, said the council it is witnessing the end of Western supremacy in world leadership.

MISUNDERSTANDING

He said the west has been driven by anxiety over Soviet-led social transformations to the point of misunderstanding what is going on.

"Even the enormous wealth and the atomic power of the American nation must not deceive us," the speaker said in a strongly worded paper prepared for delivery before the church council's assembly.

The speaker was Joseph L. Hromadka of the Evangelical Church of Czech Brethren, a professor of theology on the John Hus faculty

See DULLES CITES on page 8-A

Realm Of High Arithmetic

Production Nears Quarter Trillion

By CHARLES MOLONY

WASHINGTON — (AP) — If the nation's turnout of goods and services holds to the recent hot pace, it'll amount to a quarter of a trillion dollars a year—and call for higher arithmetic to keep it straight.

The flood of goods produced and services rendered reached the annual rate of $284,000,000,000 in the second quarter of this year, a Commerce Department report showed today.

That compares with totals $231,636,000,000 for the whole of last year and $204,000,000,000 for the year before.

But there were at least a couple of thorns on the rose. The department noted that:

1. A major part of the swollen value merely reflected inflation — higher prices and wages. In consumer goods, especially, value — that is, prices —rose more than the quantity of things produced.

2. Industrial production — the output of factories and mines — was dipping in June as a result of shortages of material. But that was more than offset by increases in the value of farm products and of various services — by doctors, dentists, sales clerks, auto mechanics, etc.

Notable factors entering into the second quarter picture, as reported by the department, included:

Government spending rose more than $2,500,000,000 above the first quarter rate, chiefly due to European aid and state and local outlays for highways and other construction.

Private investment, on the other hand, dropped somewhat, mostly due to a slowdown in the building of business inventories.

No Deadline

Marriage Still Draft Insurance

WASHINGTON— (AP) —Unless President Truman makes a change, young men who marry any time before they register for the draft will be deferred from service.

Scores of inquiries are being received from persons anxious to know whether there is a marriage deadline, a Selective Service official reported. In reply he read from Mr. Truman's order instructing boards to place In Class 3-A (deferred) "a registrant who has a wife or child with whom he maintains a bona fide residence."

"That's just about as plain as language can be," the spokesman commented.

Whether any change will be made between now and the start of registration on Aug. 30 is entirely up to the White House, he added.

Selective Service issued a new reminder to veterans aged eighteen through 25 to bring with them proof of military service when they register. Most veterans are deferred.

"The more veterans who can establish their status at the time of registration the less lost motion there will be in local board operation; with inconvenience to the registrant decreased accordingly," the statement said.

Rebels Are Urged To Continue Fight

ATHENS—(AP)—The rebel radio called on Communist followers of Markos Vafiades today to continue the struggle against Greek Nationals. Army troops clashed with guerillas in several sectors.

The rebel broadcast described the guerrilla withdrawal from the Grammos Mountain stronghold as "successful." Greek Army tabulations indicated Markos lost considerable material as well as many men in the six weeks' campaign which cost him the Grammos area.

A communique said clashes are continuing as guerrillas keep up their efforts to reach the Vitsi area from Albania. Rebel artillery threw 150 shells into Kastoria, south of the Vitsi triangle, formed in the juncture of the Albanian, Yugoslav and Greek borders.

Teacher Is Interviewed

NEW YORK —(AP)— Mrs. Oksana Kasenkina today received a list of thirteen questions from reporters about her experiences with the Soviet consulate and her leap from a third floor window of the consulate building.

Authorities of Roosevelt Hospital, where the 52-year-old school teacher is recovering from her injuries, said she was willing to answer the queries later today.

A hospital authority said earlier that only brief reporters would be admitted to receive her answers to the questions. However, a spokesman indicated later that more than four reporters might be permitted to talk to her.

Heretofore all information about Mrs. Kasenkina's condition and the motive for her leap of Aug. 12 has come from the hospital or police.

The hospital reported at 5:30 A. M. that she "spent a very comfortable night and is improving nicely."

Mrs. Kasenkina, 52, who suffered several fractures and other injuries in her leap to freedom on Aug. 12, was removed from the critical list Saturday.

Postmasters To Be In Rowan

SALISBURY—The annual meeting of the Ninth District National Association of Postmasters will be held at Shatley Springs, Ashe County, Aug. 28, J. H. McKenzie, Salisbury postmaster who is district chairman, announced today.

There will be meetings at 2:30 and 6:30 P. M.

George E. Wilson, Charlotte postmaster and central accounting postmaster, will discuss postal problems as they apply to third and fourth class officers. State officers will discuss the new retirement system.

Faces Federal Probe

N. C. Minister Urges Defiance Of Draft

ALBANY, N. Y. — (AP) — A minister's sermon urging young men to refuse to register for the draft has been referred to a U. S. District Attorney for "investigation and appropriate action."

Col. William H. Boughton, executive assistant to the state director of Selective Service, said today the statements of the Rev. Ernest R. Bromley, as published, had been referred to Irving Higbee of Syracuse, Federal attorney for the Northern District.

Higbee said he would investigate the matter.

The U. S. Attorney also advised that regardless of what Mr. Bromley or anyone else might say regarding the draft law, eligible men still are required to register.

Higbee said there were limits to free speech, as evolved by court interpretations of the Constitutional right, but declined to comment on the Bromley case. The U. S. Attorney said he had not seen the text or published reports of Mr. Bromley's sermon.

In a sermon in Grace Methodist Church at nearby Nassau Sunday, Mr. Bromley was quoted as advocating that men of draft age refuse to register for the draft. He was reported to have called the Selective Service Act "a huge and tragic step toward war, dictatorship and catastrophe."

The Rev. Robert Filmore, pastor of the church, disclaimed any connection between himself or his church and Mr. Bromley's sermon.

Mr. Bromley, visiting in the Nassau area for the Summer, was a guest preacher at Nassau Sunday.

A native of Boston, Bromley said he had held pastorates in a number of communities in North Carolina. He last had a church in Stonewall (Pamlico County), he said.

Conferences On European Problems To Continue

Long Parley Held With Stalin

MOSCOW — (AP) — A qualified source said the Western envoys and Russia have reached a general area of agreement during talks climaxed early today by a four-hour and 40-minute Kremlin interview with Prime Minister Stalin.

The informant said technicalities lie ahead for adjustment but that these are not trifles and will require considerable negotiation.

U. S. Ambassador Walter Bedell Smith emerged from the Kremlin in a buoyant mood and declared "We're going to have more meetings." He added later:

"We're always optimistic. We expect the best and prepare for the worst."

The envoys have been trying since late July to find bases for lifting the land blockade Russia imposed on Berlin and for four power talks on Germany and perhaps other problems in Europe.

The informant said the seven Kremlin conferences, two of which included Stalin, have a "fair" chance of resulting in a solid agreement. He said prospects are far better today than they were at this time yesterday before Smith, French Ambassador Yves Chataigneau and British Envoy Frank Roberts saw Stalin.

"Some progress" has been made, the source said.

He declared there is no cause for pessimism.

The source said the Western powers and the Soviets now have reduced their terms to the "lowest denominator." Had no progress been made last night and early today, he added, the current series of conversations would have ended.

It had been stated on good authority before the meeting last night that the session would be the last.

(Whitehall sources in London said Stalin introduced certain "new ideas" which may lead to an East-West settlement in Berlin. The introduction of these unexplained new thoughts dispelled fears that the diplomat exchanges would break down, the informants said. They added that prolongation of the Moscow negotiations averted a potentially explosive international situation, at least temporarily.)

It was stressed that despite the lateness of the hour and delicacy of the subject and the frankness exhibited by both Stalin and the Western diplomats, there has been no loss of temper. The conversations have been correct and polite.

Indications were that the four powers may issue a public statement shortly on the talks.

It is not definitely known whether this will be tonight or tomorrow or the next day. It is obvious there must be conversations in the four capitals. There is little indication of how much ground the announcement will cover, but it is reported it should be sufficiently substantial to put at rest some of the rumors circulating around the world.

It was learned on excellent authority that the three Western envoys took their case to Stalin after a snag developed in recent meetings with Molotov.

It was the second session the Soviet Prime Minister attended. The previous one was Aug. 2. Molotov was the ranking Russian official at the July 31 and Aug. 6, 9, 12 and 16th meetings.

Last night's meeting opened in the Kremlin at 9 P. M. and was believed to have been the longest talk Stalin ever has had with foreign representatives. It exceeded by one hour the longest previous session in the current Kremlin talks, which began July 31.

Smith said last night's session was interrupted only for "tea and cakes."

Western circles here feel that it may be possible to make decisive progress in the next few weeks on the Berlin and German problems and arrive at what ultimately may be the foundation of a genuine settlement — satisfactory to both sides.

Fighting Fire With Fire

Progress Made In Atom Defense

By ALTON L. BLAKESLEE

BUFFALO, N. Y.—(AP)—A surprising start toward protecting humans from some bad effects of atomic bombs or X-rays was shown today by five Chicago scientists.

One of these bad results is anemia. Radiation from atomic bombs or hospital X-rays can destroy bone marrow, the factory that makes reds and white blood cells. When the marrow is damaged, production of these cells falls off and anemia results.

The surprise is a way to prevent damage to the bone marrow factories, by fighting fire with fire. It is explained in an exhibition at the International Congress on Hematology by Drs. L. O. Jacobson, N. H. Block, F. K. Marks, F. Gaston and E. L. Simmons of the Argonne National Laboratory and University of Chicago.

One big dose of radiation destroys the bone marrow of normal animals, they found. The animals got anemia and it took a long time for them to recover.

They took other animals, and first made them anemic before exposing them to the dose of X-rays or neutrons. This was done by bleeding them, or giving them a drug, phenylhydrazine, that ruptures red blood cells.

These animals, already anemic, escaped any damage to their bone marrow. They escaped it even when given doses of radiation that probably would kill a human being. They weren't made more anemic by the radiation. And they recovered quickly from the induced anemia.

The induced anemia had stimulated the bone marrow to make more blood cells, Dr. Jacobson explained, and this greater activity of the cell factories apparently protected the marrow from radiation damage. Exactly how it is protected has not been learned yet.

FIRE TO FIGHT FIRE

This same kind of fire - against - fire protection probably would occur in humans, Dr. Jacobson said. An anemic person with normal bone marrow presumably wouldn't suffer damage or at least so much damage to his bone marrow factories as the non - anemic person. This would apply to one dose, not too strong, of radiation. Repeated exposures to radiation will kill even the anemic animals.

The discovery is a big step toward protecting humans from radiation.

It wouldn't be practical to bleed people, making them anemic, before they undergo X-ray treatment for cancer or other diseases or before they face radiation hazards in atomic energy plants. Nor could everyone be bled or given a drug to produce anemia when an atomic bomb attack was expected.

The significance is that other chemicals can be sought which would stimulate the production of cells. It had been thought that body cells were more vulnerable to radiation damage when they were actively growing and dividing. Instead, the opposite seems to be true, Dr. Jacobson said. They resist damage. The protection would lie in stimulating the cells before a person was subjected to radioactivity.

WEATHER

Fair and rather hot this afternoon, tonight and Wednesday.

Temperature at 2 P. M. today....97
High and low last 24 hours....89-69
Sunset today 7:01
Sunrise tomorrow 5:50

More Weather Data on page 4-B