

level of industry will not drop disastrously. Once the immediate needs are met, however, the long-run problem of France becomes political rather than economic. The need for reconstruction is here, or most of them, if only agreement could be reached on how it is to be carried out and by whom. An important element ready at

There is considerable evidence to support the view that large employers have been able to make fairly reasonable terms with the unions in the General Confederation of Workers, which is communist-dominated. Communist leaders have repeatedly urged the necessity to work harder and produce more in order to speed French recovery.

...of his being, is perfectly well aware that the ultimate goal of the Communist leadership is the dictatorship of the left in alliance with Soviet Russia. But he is also aware that the present leaders of the Communist Party in France are Frenchmen with the strong national characteristics that mark the French.

The Monnet argument goes something like this: France is a big old country with a rich culture, with a subtle and profound nature. Communism of the dogmatic Marxist-Stalinist type is bound to be modified in such a civilization. By working with the Communists, France may be able to achieve over the years a synthesis in which the Communist system is profoundly modified. The

At the same time, the French people seem to be drifting further apart, torn between the two extremes of left and right. The campaigns for the coming municipal

No French Government that excludes the Communists can hope to succeed, since they have 1,000,000 party members and polled more than 5,000,000 votes, at the

Between these two poles the Hamadid Government of the center flounders in a sea of diffi-

Samuel Grafton  
Charles D.

## Churchill's Pap

WASHINGTON — R. CHURCHILL says he doesn't think Russia wants war. This in which it is "demonstrated" that America is bound to be a warmeronger nation because it is capital

comforting, and Mr. Churchill even has a theory with which to back up his opinion. He says if Russia were planning war she couldn't be as belligerent as she now is; she would be trying to

So both sides wave hope away  
throw hope away, with a prodigality  
worthy of a better cause.

But at this point something peculiar happens in Mr. Churchill's speech. Does he, having established that Russia probably wants peace, go on and suggest that we make peace, that we propose a plan for

And Mr. Churchill says the road to peace is for our side to be militarily stronger than the other. But if a Russian were to say that the way to peace was for Russia to be

could still hope for peace because our side would be so much stronger than the other.

**HUTS DOOR**

Mr. Churchill's peace speech, in strange way, pretty nearly fore-

strange way, pretty nearly loses the hope of peace by agreement. If he doesn't trust Russia now, when (he says) she wants peace, when will he trust her? Surely not when she drops her attitude, because then," by

We can't make peace with Russia  
 hen she is being stubborn, be-  
 use she is being stubborn, and

can't make peace when she is being complacent, because then she probably covering up war preparations. In short, no peace. Those who accept Mr. Churchill's view may confidently be expected to drop

Mr. Churchill's speech is all about peace, yet it amounts to an attempt at a philosophical demonstration that negotiated peace, a peace by conference, is a peace by compromise, a peace that is a peace of both sides. And he will consider that in their reactions to such requests, both sides will reveal their essential natures far more clearly and authoritatively than through

## Arctic Pipeline

## Arctic Pipeline

Mr. Barrows isn't advertising it, but he not only is Republican, but a bitter Roosevelt-hater.

During the war, Barrows was dining with his own friends, Lester H. DeMuth, head of the DeMuth Steel Products Co. Mr. DeMuth is a Missouri Democrat and a conservative one. He had known Mr. Barrows for many years and the families were good friends.

However, at this dinner, Barrows became so vituperative

in his name-calling of President Roosevelt that Delmuth finally rose and left the dinner table. The incident broke up an old friendship.

Now, Mr. Barrows has been given a highly important sub-Cabinet job by the very same man who was made Vice President by the late President, whom Mr. Barrows so bitterly attacked.

**Mrs. Clayton Finally Wins**  
IT was vivacious Mrs. Will Clayton who finally induced her husband to resign, as Undersecretary of State for economic affairs.

"I have spent my best years in the waiting room of life. Mrs. Clayton once told Jimmy Byrnes in demanding that her husband get out of the State Department. "Will beg life at Anderson-Clayton by working until midnight. Now he is doing the same thing for your State Department."

Largely, because of his wife, Clayton resigned about twelve times a year when Byrnes was Secretary of State and continued intermittent resignations during General Marshall's incumbency. Each time, however, he was persuaded to stay.

Just as he resigned this week, Clayton was embroiled in a significant battle on basic State Department policy toward Russia. He argued that the way to rebuild Europe after the war was to soft-pedal the war of words with Russia and emphasize the importance of trade between Russians and

Europe and the Western world. This, Clayton maintained, would eventually break down the economic iron curtain.