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REDS CONTINUE IRAN MANEUVERS

Pepper Calls For Full-Scale Big Three Meeting

Hal Boyle

Royalty Rates No Apartment In Egypt

By HAL BOYLE

CAIRO—(AP)—Egyptian oddities:

There is no royal road to a good apartment in Cairo. Even kings find the housing shortage a problem.

King Zog of Albania, his queen and her four sisters were forced to entertain King Farouk of Egypt in a hotel suite after the Albanian royal party came from London to Cairo, where they may make their home.

MR. BOYLE

They are living temporarily in hotel quarters until royal scouts can locate them an apartment. . . .

American babies ride in push buggies. Japanese babies ride pick-aback in papoose style. So do Chinese babies.

But in Egypt babies ride side saddle—astride their mother's shoulder with their arms clasped around her neck. . . .

So many orthodox Moslem married women, particularly of the uneducated classes, wear black dresses and veils that whole streets some times looks as if they were in mourning.

NOSE CLOTHES PINS

These shy ladies, whose religion forbids them showing their features to strangers, pin veils to their faces with a bronze or gold metal clasp that fastens on the nose like a metal clothes pin. . . .

Household crockery is still scarce—so scarce that in some places you are served water in glasses made by cutting down beer bottles. You have to drink carefully to keep from gashing your initials in your lips—

Cairo is one of the most cosmopolitan cities in the world and quite modern in most respects. If you have money to buy it and time to search it out you can find almost any 20th century product you want. Yet within a day's ride by motor car are villages which live by the same social customs and codes that ruled their ancesters ten centuries ago.

One of the most conservative of these tribes is the Hawarahs of Upper Egypt. It is so conservative that boy children are removed from their mother's care at the age of four and see her no more.

Womenfolk live completely secluded within the walls of their own homes. No men servants are allowed to cross the threshold and these secluded wives have no feminine company except members of their own households. They cannot even see their own male cousins or their husband's brothers. It is an ideal setup for a husband who wants to convince his wife he is the world's most perfect man.

In one of these villages some more daring women have taken to leaving their own homes occasionally to visit neighbor women friends. They are ladies of high rank and their sorties out into the world create quite a stir. They are surrounded by guards and all traffic in and out of the village and in the neighborhood of their visit is suspended. They themselves, of course, are heavily veiled.

No one is quite sure just who is being protected from whom or what but no one is taking any chances—

LONG WEEK-END

There is no place quite like Egypt for holidays. It is the true home of the "long week-end."

Moslems celebrate Friday as a weekly holy day, Jews take Saturdays and Christians have their traditional Sundays off. Cairo barbers, not content with this wide choice, have their own special holiday. They hand out their shears and close shop on Mondays—

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday are supposedly meatless days in Cairo restaurants, but chicken, duck, ham and tongue aren't classified as meat. And neither is steak, if you really want it. The restaurants serve anything you order and nobody thinks anything about it.—

If you start to hail a taxi at least three nightrobed natives will begin running madly up and down the street trying to get you a cab. And when one rolls up from the opposite direction they rush to open the cab door. For this "service" unasked and unwanted, you are expected to give "bakshesh" to each —

The only native of this class I met in Egypt who didn't ask for more money—no matter how much you overtip them they ask for more as a matter of principle—was a dignified old Arab guide at the pyramids. He was extremely religious and has made pilgrimages to Mecca and Medina.

When I paid him his fee and asked if he were satisfied he replied:

"A good name is much better than money. All the time shine like a full mooh."

He must be a very lonesome man—in Egypt.

GOERING TESTIFIES—No. 2 Nazi Hermann Goering testifies in his own behalf at the Nuernberg war crimes trials now in progress. During his testimony, Goering told that court that Nazi Germany had no designs on the American continent. (Acme Photo.)

Nuernberg Trial

Goering Signed Anti-Jew Orders

By NOLAND NORGAARD

NUERNBERG — (AP) — Hermann Goering told the International Military Tribunal today that he had signed numerous anti-Jewish degrees as president of the Reichstag and "I assume full responsibility" for them.

In the witness box for the sixth day in his own defense, the former Reichsmarshal declared that both Joseph Goebbels and Heinrich Himmler were more radical than himself on the Jewish question.

He said defendant Julius Streicher was violently Anti-Jewish, but dismissed him as "not a member of the Government and although he was a gauleiter he had no influence on the Government."

CLASHES OCCUR

Both Goering and Justice Robert H. Jackson, chief U. S. prosecutor, showed the strain of hours of cross-examination and there were frequent clashes between the two.

Lord Justice Geoffrey Lawrence, presiding member of the tribunal, overruled Jackson's effort to compel Goering to stop making what the prosecutor termed "propaganda" remarks from the witness stand. Jackson contended Goering was being permitted to "take control of proceedings."

Jackson's annoyance expressed itself again when Goering testified that he had ordered Security Police to withhold action against the participants in a program in November, 1939, because "I myself wanted to take the necessary action."

"You know that's not the truth," Jackson declared. "I put it to you squarely."

Goering replied again that he

See GEN. SMITH on page 11-A

See GOERING on page 11-A

Smith Gets Approval

WASHINGTON — (AP) — The Senate Foreign Relations committee today unanimously approved the nomination of Lt. Gen. Walter Bedell Smith today as Ambassador to Russia.

Smith, formerly chief of staff to Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower as Allied Supreme Commander in Europe, got the okay after appearing briefly for questioning by committee members.

GOOD IMPRESSION

Chairman Connally, Democrat, Texas, said without elaborating that Smith made an excellent impression.

One committee member had told reporters privately before the meeting that the group wanted to "size up" Smith and get his views on Russo-American relations. The question of international conditions is expected figure in the Senate's decision on extending the draft law.

Connally said he understood

Meat Shortage Threat

Midwest Beef Crisis Investigated By OPA

By ASSOCIATED PRESS

A beef crisis that threatened to empty American meat counters stretched out from the Midwest today, where the drastic reduction in the supply of slaughter steers at packing companies started an OPA investigation to determine the cause of the serious shortage.

Four OPA investigators were at work in Kansas City after the slaughter rate in the city's major packing companies dropped to approximately 10 per cent of normal.

"We are making a pretty thorough investigation of the whole thing," said Joe Koralchik, chief of the Food Enforcement Section of the OPA's district office in Kansas City.

Two Kansas City packing company officials stated that unless the OPA could ease the situation, which they said was caused by OPA price ceilings and a growing black market, the killing of beef would be halted indefinitely.

In the first phase of the Kansas City investigation, the OPA representatives were reported attempting to determine why 7,000 cattle were shipped from the local market to the East last week while only 2,500

See BEEF CRISIS on page 11-A

Conference To Dispel Fear Urged

Would Destroy All Atomic Bombs

WASHINGTON — (AP) — Senator Pepper, Democrat, Florida, today called for a full-scale conference of the Big Three to dispel the fear which he said has led to a "crisis of confidence."

Declaring that "this siege of fear reaches from the highest heads of State to the lowliest man in the street," Pepper proposed that the conference be attended by representatives of all walks of life as well as by the Chiefs of State and the military.

SENATE SPEECH

In a Senate speech, Pepper also proposed that:

The United States "destroy every atomic bomb we have and smash every facility we possess capable of producing only destructive forms of atomic energy";

All atomic energy secrets be shared with Russia;

A reconstruction loan be granted to Russia as well as to Britain.

Pepper addressed a Senate absorbed by the state of Russo-American relations and concerned with requests for an indefinite extension of the draft law and for more funds for the Navy.

Ascribing present world unrest to the "desperate reaching out of the United States, Great Britain and the Soviet Union for security," Pepper said peace hopes are being undermined by a "vicious cycle of so-called 'defensive' measures and counter-measures."

"If we, with our atomic bomb," he said, "with the greatest Navy in the world, the largest air force and the most superbly equipped Army, are fearful; if we, for security, defend a zone in which now includes the Western Hemisphere, the Pacific Ocean, Japan and Central China, and the Atlantic Ocean north to Iceland and east to the Azores; if Britain's defense zone embraces Western Europe, the Mediterranean, the Near East, Africa and Southwest Asia, as well as the Seven Seas; is there any real wonder that Russia, knowing the horrors of war as we have never known them, as even the British have not known them, is determined that never again shall the cruel assault which she has experienced twice in one generation come to curse her."

OPPOSES CHURCHILL PLAN

"No nation today is strong enough to be secure alone," he said, but he assailed any bilateral alliance, even if it is called "A Fraternal Association," as suggested by Winston Churchill.

Pepper, who talked with Generalissimo Stalin during a trip through Europe last fall, said his proposed Big Three conference should be attended by business, labor and agriculture leaders and should remain in session until confidence has been restored among the three powers.

Jap Planes On Java Airfield

BATAVIA — (AP) — The crew of an RAF Catalina plane reported today that 50 Japanese single-engined planes had been seen parked at the Jogjakarta Airfield in central Java, with three in the air and another taxiing.

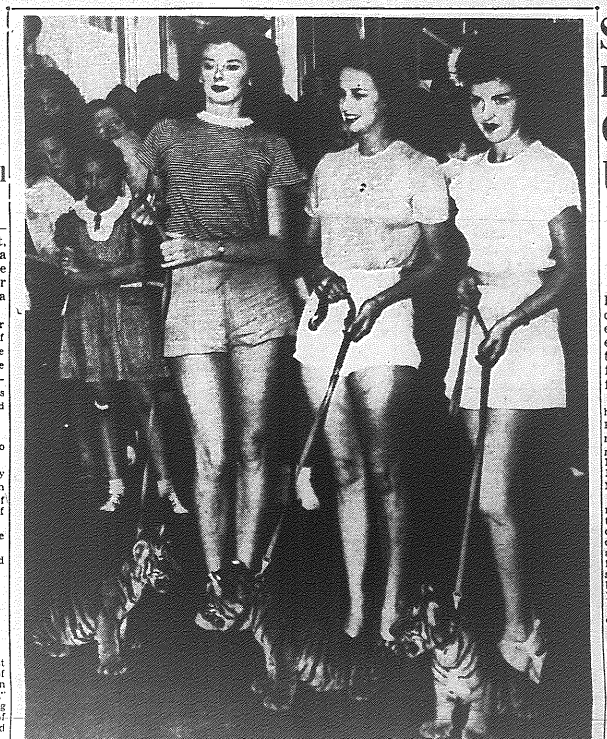
Unofficial conjecture here was that the planes had been hidden in a region closely guarded by Indonesian Nationalist forces.

One British soldier was killed and another wounded in a skirmish between British and Indonesian forces near Soerabaja yesterday and a local British convoy between Andir and Tjimahi in the Bandoeng area was subjected to heavy machine-gun fire, but completed its trip after artillery dispersed the Indonesian attackers.

Russians Leaving Danish Island

MOSCOW — (AP) — The Soviet News Agency Tass informed the Russian people today that Soviet forces had begun withdrawing from the Danish island of Bornholm off the southern tip of Sweden and said the evacuation would be completed within a month. It was the first announcement here that Russian forces were leaving the island where they had been garrisoned since May 10, 1945.

(The Danish Government announced last Saturday that the Russians had agreed to withdraw from Bornholm.)



HOLD THAT TIGER! — When three pretty girls led three baby tigers down Flagler St., in Miami, Fla., they caused something of a traffic-stopping jam. The three Gibson girls of Miami are, left to right: Jan Thomason, Wilma Morton and Beth Patton. The snarling cubs, who seem ready to dispute any minor issue, are from a Miami zoo. (Acme Photo.)

To Ready Plants

GM Will Recall Some Employees

DETROIT — (AP) — General Motors Corp. announced today that it is recalling a limited number of employees "as rapidly as possible" to ready its idle plants for production.

"Where it is agreeable to union shop committees, construction workers, maintenance men and others necessary to ready the plants for production will be recalled as rapidly as possible," a spokesman said.

The recall orders will affect all plants, he added, if the CIO United Auto Workers will permit entry of maintenance men to units still strikebound.

WORK STARTED

Maintenance employees have already begun work in plants in Saginaw, Pontiac and Flint, Mich., where agreements have been reached with local managements.

However, immediate resumption of normal production on the huge auto assembly lines were snagged by a new company-union row over local grievances.

GM, its production facilities idled for the 120th day, stood pat on an assertion it would not reopen any one of its 96 struck plants until the CIO United Auto Workers agreed to open them all.

The UAW, which late Tuesday notified the company that its members had approved the national phases of the strike settlement, was quick to condemn GM's stand.

"The officers of the UAW-CIO . . . had a clear understanding with the corporation that the strike settlement covered only national issues and that upon ratification of the national strike agreement, certain locals might remain on strike because their plant managements had failed to settle local issues satisfactorily," declared the union.

GM told the UAW, "until we receive notification . . . that the strike is ended in all our plants, we will have to assume that the strike continues and that resumption of production will be delayed until that time."

ALL OR NONE

Harry W. Anderson, GM vice-president, declared "you are aware that our manufacturing is so geared that we cannot start production

See GM TO RECALL on page 11-A

Succeeds Kalinin

Shvernik Becomes President Of Russia

By EDDY GILMORE

MOSCOW—(AP)—Nikolai Mikhailovich Shvernik, 58, a leader in the trades union movement in Russia, became the chairman today of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet, a post generally referred to as President of the Soviet Union.

He succeeds Mikhail Ivanovich Kalinin, known to millions of peasants as "the grand old man of the Soviet Union," who resigned because of failing eyesight. Kalinin, 71, had held the office for 27 years. He remains a member of the Presidium.

The Supreme Soviet, before adjourning its first post-war session last night, also re-elected Generalissimo Joseph Stalin Chairman of Russia's Council of Ministers (Premier). The vote was unanimous. Stalin also retains his title of Generalissimo and remains head of the Soviet Union's armed forces and Secretary General of the Central Committee of the Communist Party.

The Moscow radio, heard in London, said Stalin henceforth would be called "Prime Minister."

Stalin first was elected chairman of the Council of Ministers—then known as Commissars—in May, 1941. He succeeded Vyacheslav M. Molotov, who has been re-elected vice-chairman of the Council and continues as Foreign Commissar, to be known in the future as Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Shvernik, the son of a janitor, has been first vice chairman of the Presidium since Feb. 1, 1944.

Iran Clash Reported

By JOSEPH C. GOODWIN

TEHRAN —(AP)— An Iranian General Staff officer said today three Iranian garrisons near the Iraq border were fighting off attacking Kurdish tribesmen and that aerial support has been dispatched to prevent them from being cut off from their divisional headquarters.

The officer told reporters that the garrisons of Sardasht and Baneh in Kurdistan and Saqqiz, on the Azerbaijan-Kurdistan border, "have been under attack for a week, but are holding out."

He said tribesmen from both Iraq and Iran were involved in the action and that his agents had reported strangers who speak a Turkish dialect similar to that heard in northern Azerbaijan were observed among the tribesmen.

He estimated the attackers numbered 3,000.

The general said seven Iranian planes now were operating from airfields at Hamadan and Kermanshah in support of the army in an effort to prevent the tribesmen from cutting the single mountain road southward to headquarters at Sinneh. The planes carry light bombs and machineguns.

The general expressed confidence that the garrisons still were holding out but he said that heavy snows had prevented reinforcement.

"Army forces of approximately 3,000 are divided among the garrisons while the tribesmen may concentrate their entire force against one post at a time," he said.

The area reported under attack is adjacent to the semi-autonomous Shiekdom of Ghazi Mohammed, leader of a separatist Kurdish movement at Saujbulagh (Mahabad), and only a few miles south of Bukan where a Russian combat column was reported to have arrived last week from Tabriz.

20,000 Japs Still Hide In Pacific

TOKYO —(AP)— More than 20,000 Japanese soldiers are hiding in jungles on Pacific islands, still unaware that the war has ended, the newspaper Asahi said today. It based its estimate on stories brought home by recently repatriated soldiers.

Most still hiding are in the Phillippines, the Solomons, New Guinea and Guadalcanal. Some 300, led by a staff officer, remain in secret caves on Guam, conquered by Americans 19 months ago, the newspaper reported.

Still Move Despite Plea Of Iran To UNO Council

Tense Situation Unchanged

By JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON — (AP) — Russia today was reported continuing her troop maneuvers in Iran despite that Government's appeal to the United Nations Security Council for help in getting Soviet forces out of the country.

Late reports reaching officials here described the tense Middle Eastern situation as unchanged with main attention for future developments still directed toward the Kurdish areas of Iran, Turkey and Iraq.

NO EFFECT

Informants who may not be named said that Iran's appeal to the council, charging the presence of Red Army troops in violation of a Soviet-Iranian-British treaty and interference by Soviet agents in Iranian affairs, had had absolutely no effect so far as could be told here on conditions inside Iran.

The formal charges appeared certain to gain council attention.

American officials predicted that this country will support fully the troubled nation's appeal to the Council for prompt action. And indications are that of the eleven Council members, Iran will get an easy majority for putting its case on the agenda for early consideration in the sessions scheduled to open in New York next Monday.

Officials do not discount the possibility that Russia may object. However, since only a majority is required and since Russia normally can count only on Polish support to back up any opposition, the required seven votes for consideration seem assured.

TWO CHARGES

The Iranian complaint was made public here late yesterday by UNO General Secretary Trygve Lie. Filed by Iranian Ambassador Hussein Ala, who has been designated by his Government to plead the case before the Security Council, it made these two specific charges:

1. That Red Army troops are remaining in Iranian territory beyond the March 2 deadline under an Anglo-Soviet-Iranian treaty of January, 1942. This treaty specified that all foreign troops should be withdrawn from the country six months after the end of the war.

2. That Russia "is continuing to interfere in the internal affairs of Iran through the medium of Soviet agents, officials and armed forces."

Iran charged that the presence of the Russian troops and the alleged interference in Iran's internal affairs violates not only the 1942 pact but also the United Nations Charter and the 1943 Big Three Declaration of Tehran signed by President Roosevelt, Prime Minister Churchill and Premier Stalin.

"Immediate and just solution of this dispute by the Security Council is essential," Ala said, "is of the greatest importance to the preservation of the good relations with the USSR which Iran wishes to maintain as an independent and sovereign state, and to the survival of the purposes and principles which the members of the United

See RED TROOPS on page 11-A

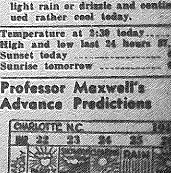
WEATHER

Official Weather Bureau Forecast

Mostly cloudy with occasional light rain or drizzle and continued rather cool today.

Temperature at 2:30 today	[illegible]
High and low last 24 hours	[illegible]
Sunset today	6:28
Sunrise tomorrow	6:29

Professor Maxwell's Advance Predictions



(The News presents Professor Maxwell's advance forecast as an interesting and useful daily feature, but points out that the official forecast is that of the U. S. Weather Bureau.)