



Marie McDonald tells kidnaping story.

Will Marie Win An Oscar For Kidnap Re-Enactment?

ENCINO, Calif. (AP)—Marie (The Body) McDonald, whose curves are far more dramatic than her histrionics, could claim some kind of award today for her performance in the police movie of the year.

In an all-talkie, color film with police cameramen, the shapely actress re-enacted what she says was a terrifying midnight kidnaping in her paternal San Fernando Valley home.

The movie had everything any Cecil B. DeMille epic ever had—except canals. There were four scenes requiring six takes; a bedroom shot and an outdoor location; a producer and director (both policemen), and, of course, set coverage by a small army of Hollywood press.

One policeman gave it a title (already used by Hollywood)—"The Body Snatchers."

An elaborate walkie-talkie system, manned by two police captains, gave the waiting reporters a blow-by-blow account of what took place in the offices. The officers, looking in heavy tongue-in-cheek, were openly ironic in their descriptions of Miss McDonald's allegations of terror.

NAACP Sets Meeting

Bus Speedup Plan To Be Discussed

By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Plans for a stepped-up campaign to integrate buses in the South will be discussed in Atlanta this week by Negro leaders encouraged by a report the National Assn. for the Advancement of Colored People received more than a million dollars in receipts in 1956.

The Rev. Martin Luther King Jr. of Montgomery, Ala., last night called on Southern Negro leaders to attend a strategy meeting in Atlanta Thursday and Friday "in an effort to coordinate and spur the campaign for integrated transportation in the South."

"We have no moral choice, before God, but to delve deeper into the struggle," said King, leader of the 38-day Negro bus boycott which ended peacefully in Montgomery Dec. 21 with federally ordered bus integration.

segregation in the North."

Other segregation developments included:

Pine Bluff, Ark.—A Negro founder, worker, William Dove, made an unsuccessful attempt to enroll his five children at the Dollarway School. Mrs. Hazel Watkins, school superintendent, said she told Dove the school "just hadn't planned" for integration this year and that she was anxious to avoid any incidents.

Tallahassee, Fla.—The City Commission approved a plan for bus drivers to issue tickets to riders assigning them to seats in an effort to get the buses running again on a segregated basis. Gov. Leroy Collins suspended bus service in the Florida capital by executive order Jan. 1 after an outbreak of violence.

Knoxville, Tenn.—Fourteen Negro children filed a petition in federal court seeking admission to two all-white secondary and two all-white elementary schools. The petition said the 11 girls and three boys were turned away in September.

See BUS on page 3-A

MOST TO INTEGRATE?

"We are convinced that most white Southerners are prepared to accept integration as the law of the land," he said in a statement.

"On the other hand, a small but willful minority, dedicated to violence, is resorting to threats, shootings, cross burnings and bombings."

The Rev. C. K. Steele of Tallahassee, Fla., and the Rev. T. L. Shuttlesworth of Birmingham, Ala., joined King in urging Negro leaders "from troubled areas all over the South" to attend. Both Steele and Shuttlesworth have been active in campaigns for integrated buses in their respective cities.

King said this meeting will be closed to the public but that a statement will be issued after it is over.

Thurgood Marshall, special counsel for the NAACP, said that the organization was going to continue to support legal efforts in the South and at the same time concentrate "on breaking down

Evening Prayer

"Our Father who art in heaven, Thy way is holy though at times we cannot understand or do not want to understand. Pardon our faults, give us Thy spirit so that we shall have Thy love and Thy hand to guide us. For Jesus' sake. Amen."

RATS FAIL

Electrical contractor Louis Salomon sent in rat after rat with strings taped to their tails trying to coax or threaten them out the other end. Some died, some bit of the string and others just covered inside.

Then he tried muskogeese,

SNAKES WELDED

As snakes were fed in, others were welded on until the two sections met in the middle of the pipe where they were fastened by a ball and magnet mechanism.

No Tax Reductions Seen In '57

WASHINGTON (AP)—President Eisenhower and Republican congressional leaders formally decided today to seek a continuance of about three billion dollars in excise and corporation taxes beyond the April 1 expiration date.

The decision was announced at the White House by Senate GOP Leader Knowland of California. It underscored what administration leaders previously have said are dim prospects for any major tax reduction this year.

Knowland announced the decision after the other 63 congressional leaders had conferred with the President. It was the first of the regular Tuesday morning White House sessions with the Republican chiefs in this new session of Congress.

At a conference, Knowland and House Republican Leader Martin of Massachusetts reported that Eisenhower and the leaders drew up a proposed priority list of legislation. Knowland emphasized, however, that the leaders drew up a proposed priority list of legislation which will be up to the Democrats in both the Senate and the House because their party is in control of Congress.

PRIORITY LIST

Topping the GOP priority list was a call for speedy action on the administration's anti-Communist program for the Middle East. Eisenhower outlined his program for thwarting Red aggression in that area to the lawmakers in a special message last Saturday.

Knowland said the GOP priority list already has started hearings on the Middle East program. He estimated it may be two or three weeks before joint hearings planned by the Senate Foreign Relations and Armed Services Committees are completed.

"The President feels there is a need for early action," Knowland said.

Eisenhower called on Congress to authorize an economic aid program coupled with steady authority to use U.S. military force in the Middle East to head off any Communist aggression.

Newly the GOP priority list is legislation to extend three billion dollars in excise and corporation taxes beyond the April 1 expiration date. The excise levies are on such items as liquor and cigarettes among others.

Knowland announced that the administration plans to ask for about three million dollars to finance a study of juvenile delinquency. The senator added that details have not been worked out but the study probably will be authorized by the Federal, state and local governments.

FOUND ON DESERT

Late Friday night she was found wandering dazedly on the desert near India. A truck driver picked her up. Hospital attendants said she had a bruised face and two broken caps on her teeth. She was sent home in an ambulance to recover—and to re-enact the occurrence.

The final scene of yesterday's movie was shot outside. Lohrman's voice crackled: "I've talked to the director of this film and he has agreed to have her come beyond the cars parked in the driveway."

Later, he announced temporarily.

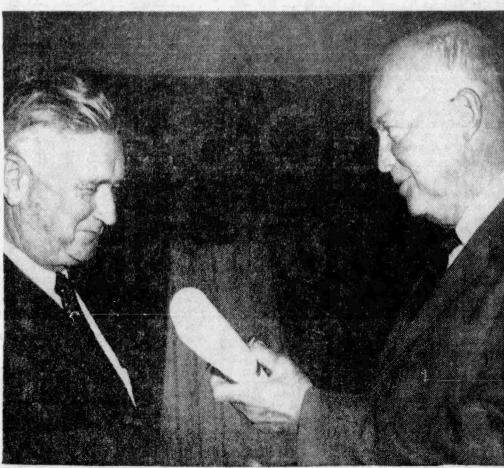
OUR WEATHER

Fair with not much change in temperature today. Increased cloudiness and warmer tonight and Wednesday.

Low this morning... 30
Low tomorrow morning... 32
High today... 52
High tomorrow... 56
High tomorrow... 58
Sunrise today 7:32 a.m.; sunset today 5:28 p.m.

More Weather Data on Page 2-A

Park Board Opens City Golf Links To Negroes



Richards Gets His Commission From President

'Dick' Richards Couldn't Say 'No' When Ike Called

WASHINGTON (AP)—James P. Richards couldn't say "no" the other day when the telephone rang. It was President Eisenhower saying he needed a special message last Saturday.

Knowland said the GOP priority list already has started hearings on the Middle East program. He estimated it may be two or three weeks before joint hearings planned by the Senate Foreign Relations and Armed Services Committees are completed.

"The President feels there is a need for early action," Knowland said.

Eisenhower called on Congress to authorize an economic aid program coupled with steady authority to use U.S. military force in the Middle East to head off any Communist aggression.

Newly the GOP priority list is legislation to extend three billion dollars in excise and corporation taxes beyond the April 1 expiration date. The excise levies are on such items as liquor and cigarettes among others.

Knowland announced that the administration plans to ask for about three million dollars to finance a study of juvenile delinquency. The senator added that details have not been worked out but the study probably will be authorized by the Federal, state and local governments.

Late Friday night she was found wandering dazedly on the desert near India. A truck driver picked her up. Hospital attendants said she had a bruised face and two broken caps on her teeth. She was sent home in an ambulance to recover—and to re-enact the occurrence.

The final scene of yesterday's movie was shot outside. Lohrman's voice crackled: "I've talked to the director of this film and he has agreed to have her come beyond the cars parked in the driveway."

Later, he announced temporarily.

Our weather... Fair with not much change in temperature today. Increased cloudiness and warmer tonight and Wednesday.

More weather data on page 2-A

Purchase Of Reverter Rights OK'd

By DICK YOUNG
Charlotte News Staff Writer

The park board, climaxing years of legal maneuvers, today formally opened Bonnie Brae municipal golf course to Negroes.

It was a step long resisted by the board but made mandatory in a recent court decision.

The commission's action, which came at 11:20 a.m., followed in minutes confirmation by the board of an agreement under which Osmond L. Barringer will surrender reverter rights to Revolution Park property.

Mr. Barringer had donated 40 acres of the present park many years ago, but stipulated that the property should be returned if it were ever used for anything but a white park.

The purchase of the reverter rights removes the possibility of loss of any of the park property because Negroes are allowed to use the golf course.

The purchase of the reverter rights in Mr. Barringer's park deed was at a price of \$17,500.

In addition a provision in the deed that in the event the reverter rights were ever exercised, Mr. Barringer would pay \$3,500 was suspended and payment canceled.

The board's formal action opening the course to Negroes came on the motion of Commissioner J. B. Clark.

Mr. Clark moved that in compliance with a recent order of Judge Susie Sharp in Mecklenburg Superior Court "we proceed to eliminate any existing barriers against the use of Bonnie Brae municipal golf course by Negroes."

UNANIMOUS VOTE

This motion was seconded by Commissioner Joseph W. Grier and was passed unanimously.

It means that Negroes now will be privileged to use the municipal golf course without legal hindrance or interference.

The board devoted considerable time to discussion of future plans for improving the operation and maintenance of the course.

And the golf committee, of which Mr. Clark is chairman, was instructed to work with Marion Diehl, superintendent, and R. L. Barnett, planning engineer, in making recommendations to be submitted to the board.

The question of leasing the property as a means of improving its operation was discussed as a possibility.

But it was emphasized by board members that in the future there is no way to be an attempt on the part of the board to evade the court order.

In early December Judge Sharp announced her intention of signing a court order granting Negroes the legal right to play on municipal golf course.

But she agreed to hold up the court order for 90 days to allow park board officials ample time to conclude any negotiations regarding the Barringer reverter clause.

Mr. Grier said at yesterday's meeting that as yet no formal court decree has been executed and signed by Judge Sharp.

But play by the Negroes will not be affected by the delay in the formal execution of this court order.

The board's action today opens up the course for immediate use by Negroes.

PROTECTS PROPERTY

Purchase by the park board of the reverter rights removes the possibility of loss of any of the park property because Negroes are allowed to use the golf course.

The purchase of the reverter rights in Mr. Barringer's park deed was at a price of \$17,500.

In addition a provision in the deed that in the event the reverter rights were ever exercised, Mr. Barringer would pay \$3,500 was suspended and payment canceled.

The board's formal action opening the course to Negroes came on the motion of Commissioner J. B. Clark.

Mr. Clark moved that in compliance with a recent order of Judge Susie Sharp in Mecklenburg Superior Court "we proceed to eliminate any existing barriers against the use of Bonnie Brae municipal golf course by Negroes."

UNANIMOUS VOTE

This motion was seconded by Commissioner Joseph W. Grier and was passed unanimously.

It means that Negroes now will be privileged to use the municipal golf course without legal hindrance or interference.

The board devoted considerable time to discussion of future plans for improving the operation and maintenance of the course.

And the golf committee, of which Mr. Clark is chairman, was instructed to work with Marion Diehl, superintendent, and R. L. Barnett, planning engineer, in making recommendations to be submitted to the board.

The question of leasing the property as a means of improving its operation was discussed as a possibility.

But it was emphasized by board members that in the future there is no way to be an attempt on the part of the board to evade the court order.

In early December Judge Sharp announced her intention of signing a court order granting Negroes the legal right to play on municipal golf course.

But she agreed to hold up the court order for 90 days to allow park board officials ample time to conclude any negotiations regarding the Barringer reverter clause.

Mr. Grier said at yesterday's meeting that as yet no formal court decree has been executed and signed by Judge Sharp.

But play by the Negroes will not be affected by the delay in the formal execution of this court order.

The board's action today opens up the course for immediate use by Negroes.

"Dick" Richards was always personally popular with his erstwhile colleagues on Capitol Hill. A 24-year veteran of the House, he announced last year he would not run for the new 8th Congress. "I don't want to grow old on the job," he said.

Richards repeated today that he likes hunting, he likes fishing. "I like to tend to cows and I like small town law practice."

But Eisenhower and Dulles impressed upon him the urgency of the Middle East job, Richards said. "I figure it is something I might do for my country, and the way it was presented to me I just couldn't turn it down. I could hardly say 'no' when the President called me on the phone."

See editorial (Rep. Richards: The Moon Can Wait) on page 6-A.

But on foreign policy generally outside of its cost to the American taxpayer—Richards has backed both Democratic and Republican presidents.

Eisenhower picked the 62-year-old Richards to aid him and Secretary of State Dulles on problems of the Middle East. The South Carolina Democrat will head a team to visit the troubled area, then come back to report to Washington.

In his first interview since he stepped into the new post, Richards said he agrees "basically" with Eisenhower's proposed resolution authorizing economic help to Middle East countries and the use of U. S. troops in case of Communist attack there.

"I wouldn't have accepted the job if I couldn't go along with the President and the Secretary of State on this," he said.

Richards said he agrees "basically" with Eisenhower's proposed resolution authorizing economic help to Middle East countries and the use of U. S. troops in case of Communist attack there.

The resolution would pass the resolution overwhelmingly.

Richards' appointment could help smooth the way for Congressional action. Earlier, the President had picked former Sen. George (D-Ga.) as an ambassador to deal with North Atlantic treaty problems. George was chairman of the foreign relations committee before retiring from the Senate.

Rep. Vorys (Ohio), a senior foreign affairs committee Republican, predicted R. C. A. would be a level-headed negotiator on both sides of the aisle and on both sides of the Capitol.

"I think that whatever his conclusions are," Vorys said, "they will be given great weight in the Congress because we know him to be a level-headed man, thoroughly independent."

LOSING SIDE

Vorys didn't mention it, but both he and Eisenhower were

What's Inside

- Business... 8A, 8B
- Classified... 5-7B
- Comics... 8A
- Crossword puzzle... 8A
- Editorials... 6A
- Everyday... 7A
- Obituaries... 5B
- Radio-TV... 9A
- Serials... 12A
- Sports... 10-11A
- Theaters... 9A
- To Your Good Health... 7A
- Women... 5-4B
- Worry Clinic... 7A

Select Foremost Milk Products

from your favorite store.—Adv.

House Group Action

Ike Mideast Plan Expected To Pass

WASHINGTON (AP)—The chairman of the House Foreign Affairs Committee and a top Republican committee member both predicted today that the House group will approve shortly President Eisenhower's resolution on the Middle East.

Chairman Thomas S. Gordon (D-Ill.) and Rep. Vorys (Ohio) expressed that opinion as the committee called Secretary of State Dulles back for more questioning.

Extensive hearings still lay ahead in the Senate. Sen. Russell (D-Ga.) said that "if, for one, am not going to be stamped into action on this."

Eisenhower's resolution, delivered to Congress Saturday on a priority basis, would authorize \$1 billion in aid to Middle East countries and use of U. S. armed forces in case of Communist military attack.

MILITARY DETAILS

Dulles reserved for today's closed session details on some of the military matters he touched on during daylong questioning yesterday. He did step on the press today.

1. There is no plan for stepping up American forces in the Middle East.

2. Despite manpower cuts in the U. S. armed forces, America's military "effectiveness" has increased and he is satisfied the United States has enough strength to commit itself against possible brush fire wars in addition to its other commitments. He said, for instance, that we have the power to protect Syria.

3. American military actions might not be confined to the country where the Reds attack, but could involve strikes in such other areas as the aggressor's staging areas and communications lines.

4. He does not envision an all-

out attack on the Soviet Union, unless it is determined that a Communist invasion is really the beginning of World War III.

Generally, Dulles portrayed the Eisenhower resolution as a "declaration of peace" which would deter war by serving notice of U. S. willingness to fight a Red aggressor and by bolstering the military and economic strength of independent Middle Eastern countries.

By making a Middle East country more resistant to subversion, he added, the Eisenhower military economic plan would also counter any Red move to take over that country by other than open aggression.

Gordon said Dulles made a "pretty good" presentation of his case.

clear of obstructions, dropped off its Egyptian pilot and headed into the Mediterranean.

Next to clear the harbor was the 22,400-ton, Liberty-registered Statio, a Cities Service tanker which has a Dutch captain and crew. The ship entered Port Said harbor, it sounded its whistling several times and drew answering signals from other vessels.

The stranded ships were in a southbound convoy which left Port Said Oct. 29. They were trapped about seven miles north of Ismailia, the canal's midway point. Most of the crew lived in Cairo until their ships were freed.

Stranded Ships Begin Trip From Suez Canal

PORT SAID, Egypt (AP)—Thirteen ships stranded in the Suez Canal more than two months began steaming out of Port Said harbor today into the open sea.

The vessels of seven nations were caught in the canal by the British-French invasion and Egyptian countermeasures. They were moved out under their own power from a point 2 1/2 miles south of Port Said, the canal's northern terminus. The southern portion of the waterway still is blocked and the ships were turned around by tugs for the trip back north.

The first ship through Port Said was the 11,100-ton Norwegian tanker Eli Knudsen. It moved carefully along a harbor channel