

# The Kingston Daily Freeman

By carrier 30 cents per week  
By mail per year in advance \$14.00  
By mail per quarter in advance \$3.50  
By mail per month in advance \$1.00  
By mail per week in advance \$0.25  
By mail per day in advance \$0.10  
By mail per hour in advance \$0.05  
By mail per minute in advance \$0.02  
By mail per second in advance \$0.01

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Post Office at Kingston, N. Y.

Editor: Jay E. Klock  
Published by Freeman Publishing Company, Freeman Building, 200 N. Washington Avenue, Kingston, N. Y.  
President: Harry D. Bost  
Secretary: Harry D. Bost  
Treasurer: Harry D. Bost  
Manager: Harry D. Bost  
Circulation: Harry D. Bost  
Advertising: Harry D. Bost  
Business: Harry D. Bost  
Telephone: 200 N. Washington Avenue  
Main Office: Downtown, 200 N. Washington Avenue  
Telephone: 200 N. Washington Avenue

The Associated Press is entitled exclusively to the use of the name of the Kingston Daily Freeman in its newspaper, as well as all its news dispatches.

Member American Newspaper Publishers Association  
Member Audit Bureau of Circulation  
Member New York State Publishers Association  
Member New York Associated Editors  
Official Paper of Kingston City  
Official Paper of Ulster County

Please address all communications and make all money orders and checks payable to Freeman Publishing Company, Freeman Square

Telephone Calls  
Main Office: Downtown, 200 N. Washington Avenue  
Telephone: 200 N. Washington Avenue

"National Representatives"  
Burke, Kulpers & Mahoney, Inc.  
New York Office: 420 Lexington Avenue  
Chicago Office: 233 N. Wabash Avenue  
Atlanta Office: 1280 Broadway Building  
Boston Office: 307 South Street  
Cleveland Office: 850 First National Building

KINGSTON, NEW YORK, AUGUST 26, 1952

## CHINESE PRISONERS

On Cheju Island, just south of Korea, are located all the Chinese prisoners taken by the United Nations in the Korean War.

Of the total number, 15,000—off in a group by themselves—are the anti-Communists. Whether they should be compelled to return to Communist territory, in event of peace, is the question now holding up the true talks at Panmunjom.

The North Korean and Chinese Communist leaders say the 15,000 should be forced to return. The United Nations says no.

The UN says no because it believes the 15,000 would be returned to almost certain death, due simply to the fact that they are anti-Communists.

That feeling certainly seems to be shared by the 15,000 themselves.

A New York Herald-Tribune correspondent, the first newspaperman to visit Cheju since all the Chinese POW's were relocated there, reports the anti-Communist's fear of being returned to their own soil is almost pathological.

Although the correspondent was not allowed to talk to the prisoners themselves, he was told of their attitude by UN personnel running the camp.

It was told that as indelible proof of their feelings, the anti-Communists point to tattoos on their arms which read, "Anti-Communist, Against Russia."

The assumption here would be that the tattooing was done as a security measure by the Communist forces. But even if the men tattooed themselves, in the hope of getting favored treatment as prisoners, the damning words would go with them if they were returned to their own country.

But the UN officers and men at the camp declare there is no doubt but that the anti-Communists are what they say they are and are ready and anxious to go into battle against the Chinese and North Koreans, if the UN will only furnish them with arms.

Prisoners have been used in that way in wars past, but not by us. And we certainly are not going to start now.

However, there would seem to be some way their unique qualifications could be put to use to help win the propaganda battle for us in the Far East.

Here is a large group of men who for the most part have deserted the enemy to come over to our side. Nearly all say they were not captured fighting but surrendered voluntarily.

They've lived under the Communists and, as prisoners, they've lived under us. From actual experience they know and could surely explain with considerable conviction to other Orientals why they fled from the Communists and why they don't want to go back.

Our fight for men's minds throughout the Far East has by no means yet resulted in a victory for us, one great handicap being that we are Westerners. Another is the devilish and misery existent among the civilian population of South Korea.

Fighting a war and caring adequately for a civilian population is a difficult thing, but nevertheless the civilian suffering in South Korea is not only a hard thing to explain away to other Orientals, but it is a fertile source of Communist propaganda.

We could well use the voices of 15,000 anti-Communists who know what they're talking about to tell the people of that part of the world just what anti-communism means.

## DATE TO REMEMBER

On August 8, 1920, the fifty year fight for women's suffrage ended in the United States. On that day the Secretary of State announced that the Nineteenth Amendment had been ratified by Tennessee, the last state necessary to make it become law. In many states women were already voting but the Nineteenth Amendment was recognition by our Constitution that women were entitled to all the rights of citizenship.

The Nineteenth Amendment, like every worthwhile accomplishment in the history of government, resulted from the energy and effort of dedicated women who believed that they had the same rights and responsibilities

# 'These Days'

By GEORGE SOKOLSKY

## HOLLYWOOD ON WISCONSIN

My Hollywood pals sure have become politically conscious. They have organized the "Hollywood Committee for Senator Joseph R. McCarthy." This is the first I knew that Joe had a middle initial.

It used to be that whenever a committee came out of Hollywood, it stood for something on the Left, often for something that turned out to be subversive and made it tough later for the fellows who signed petitions and sponsored committees.

It is pleasant to see a Hollywood group putting up a fight for an American and that is what Senator Joe McCarthy is, as can be gauged by the kind of people who hate him. Joe called the turn on the Communists in the State Department and he has not been proved to be wrong in a single instance. The McCarthy Committee report establishes that.

The Hollywood Committee for McCarthy consists of the following persons and you can search all the records you want to and you will find no subversives on it:

Rupert Hughes, chairman; John Wayne, vice-chairman; Ward Bond, vice-chairman; Morrie Ryskind, vice-chairman; Mrs. Harold Doane, secretary; Committee members: Cecil B. De Mille, Harold Lloyd, Harold Lloyd, Jr., Louis M. Mayer, Adolphe Menjou, Ray Milland, Dennis Morgan, George Murphy, Leo McCarey, Neil S. McCarthy, Pat O'Brien, Dick Powell, Randolph Scott, Cobina Wright, Harry Goetz.

Joe McCarthy cannot campaign for himself. He went to the hospital to have a sinus infection handled; got the usual check-up and had to have a major operation which has alienated him for most of his campaign. He also has had no opportunity to raise a campaign fund in a light spot. Meanwhile a bunch of Democrats have invaded the Republican Party in Wisconsin and five of them are running for election in the Republican primaries. One of them, a fellow by the name of Schmitt, is trying to establish his fitness to run for the United States Senate. He has been talking the assumption being that the more you talk, the more is proved.

The Leftists are out to get Joe McCarthy. He has destroyed their machine in the State Department. He has driven most of Stalin's stooges out of our government. He is an implacable fighter against Communist internationalism. They have made a slogan of his name, McCarthyism, with which any patriotic American should be proud to associate himself. It means that no fifth column can be tolerated in the United States.

It is an old trick on the Left to put a person a bad name and then by constant repetition establish the lie as though it were the truth. This has been done by Leftists to Senator McCarthy. He published a book on the subject, "McCarthyism: The Fight for America," which is his answer to his detractors.

The final test of McCarthy's correctness was the evidence of Owen Lattimore before the McCarthy Committee. Concerning that, the committee reported:

"Owen Lattimore was, from some time beginning in 1927, a conscious articulate instrument of the Soviet conspiracy. . . . Lattimore testified falsely before the McCarthy Committee. . . . Lattimore's testimony was a deliberate and substantial import. . . ."

"Owen Lattimore, a prominent Carter Vincent were influential in bringing about a change in policy in 1945 favorable to the Chinese Communists."

"The committee recommends: That the Department of Justice submit to a grand jury the question of whether perjury has been committed before the subcommittee by Owen Lattimore."

In spite of that, some Mc-Too Republicans are trying to influence General Eisenhower to turn down Lattimore's reference to Dean Acheson was willing to do to Alger Hiss.

These opportunists among the Republicans so craved a split over reference to Dean Acheson that they would risk a further split in their party over Joe McCarthy, as they have already accomplished a split over reference to Dean Acheson as MacArthur and Herbert Hoover. They sent out achieving the defeat of General Eisenhower in the election of the Left.

This country is full of sound Americans who will go to Joe McCarthy's rescue with funds, time, and energy. The Leftists force Americans to make Joe McCarthy a rallying post, he will be. And now is the time to assert it by coming to the support of McCarthy.

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## That Body of Yours

By JAMES W. BARTON, M.D.

### SIGNS OF MENTAL ILL HEALTH

One of the most common signs of mental illness is a person's inability to meet another person's needs, after taking a look at him, saying, "You're all right; how am I?"

Most of us know what good physical health means. Freedom from illness with good appetite, good digestion, regular bowel movement, sound sleep, ability to face work and responsibilities. However, not all of us know what good mental health means.

Dr. J. D. M. Griffin, general director of the Carle Memorial Hospital, says that mental health is a rare thing. Mental health is the ability to deal with the mental health of every individual, not just a select few. While perfect mental health is a rare thing, mental health does not mean insanity. Many of your friends, relatives, some of your neighbors, your wife, husband or even you yourself may feel mental health in some degree. As a matter of fact, most of us have emotional problems—feel somewhat insecure or unhappy or ill at ease, or socially maladjusted.

How many people do you know who have trouble sleeping at night, or who seem never to feel really well, or who carry a chip on their shoulder, or who always seek excuses, or who can't make a go of marriage, or fail at school or work, or who have body symptoms for which the doctor is unable to find cause or treatment? These people, and many others, actually suffer from a lack of mental or emotional health.

As we look at the above list of the signs of mental health many of us will have to admit that we are guilty of some of them at times but, fortunately, not all of them.

What are Dr. Griffin's suggestions as to the cause and treatment of mental ill-health? Dr. Griffin suggests that measures designed to further the emotional development of children will perhaps accomplish more than anything else to improve the mental health of a community. One of the list of needs is parent education and training in the fundamentals of child care.

Do you think you have some ailment which tests do not reveal? In other words, have you a neurosis? Read Dr. Barton's interesting booklet on this subject entitled "Neurosis," which may be obtained by sending 25 cents in coin to cover cost of handling and mailing, to The Bell Syndicate, Inc., in care of The Kingston Daily Freeman, Post Office Box 90, Station G, New York 19, N. Y.

(Released by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

for government as men. Men and women voters today owe a debt to the suffragettes who worked so hard for the right to vote. The best way that debt can be paid is by an increased use of the voting privilege by all citizens.

# Come Back Again, Sometime, Boys

# Today in Washington

## Agreement of Opposition Candidates on Issues Leaves Question as to Campaign Points

By DAVID LAWRENCE

Washington, Aug. 26—Both presidential candidates, who have been educated in a naval blockade of the China coast. What General Eisenhower undoubtedly will say some day is that he has favored the doctrine of "hot pursuit," and in this he will be found to be in agreement with General MacArthur, who felt that enemy planes coming over the boundary from Manchuria should be pursued to their bases.

Senator Sparkman, Democratic vice-presidential nominee, says he doesn't favor "repeal" of the Taft-Hartley Act and says the law should be "revised." So does Governor Stevenson, and so do General Eisenhower and Senator Nixon. Hence "repeal" of Taft-Hartley as such is out as an issue or at least as a slogan.

Governor Stevenson says he will clean up corruption and that guilt is "personal" and not connected to a party. General Eisenhower however evidently thinks it isn't personal so far as involving Mr. Truman in any scandals, but he does think the political system under the Democratic administration must be held responsible for neglect. To have implied anything personal as to Mr. Truman would have been to forego an answer in the campaign that Stevenson is a different person and that subordinates responsible for irregularities will be changed by Stevenson, if elected. The general's best hope is to attack the system, which he doubts will continue to be a Republican basis for attack, the gentleness with which it has been handled. The far by the Republican standard-bearer gives rise to a belief that may be this is the last time that so prominent a man has been expected.

General Eisenhower says he does not want to travel the "meat road," which is a purposeful character. The Democratic nominee can show that the Republican nominee before it is too late. The change is not so necessary after all.

Maybe all this "brotherly love" in politics will be altered soon, as the two standard-bearers get into their stride. The two parties will not be hammering away at each other but rather will be hammering away at each other.

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A FEW OTHER THINGS TO BE ROUNDED UP

## The Washington Merry-Go-Round

DR. A. V. ASTIN

(Note to Editors: While Drew Pearson is on a brief vacation, the Washington Merry-Go-Round is being written by several distinguished guests, including today's being A. V. Astin, director, National Bureau of Standards.)

Washington—The sweeping scientific and technological development of the past few decades have naturally aroused considerable speculation on future trends.

In terms of major developments, affecting our way of life, several fields are ripe for development. The clues to these lie in the past. Thus, although the applied aspects of atomic energy have received considerable attention, the public is aware of the influence of this program on science itself.

One of these influences is the availability of new tools for research and development. For example, radio-active materials, for example, have been used in a wide variety of fields, from the study of the structure of matter to the study of the structure of matter.

Advances in basic research are apt to come slowly. Partly, that is the nature of such progress, and partly, it involves the accumulation of a great deal of data about the properties of matter. But another reason is that we are inclined to emphasize applied research and development rather than the fundamental research. It is easier to obtain support for development work, which leads to practical things, than for basic research, which sounds visionary.

The interplay between basic science and its applications is complex. Without basic research, advances in applied science are impossible. But the applications themselves often contribute to future basic research by providing the materials and tools. The applications also often require further fundamental investigations.

The field of radio communications illustrates this. With the opening up of the higher frequencies as a result of World War 2 work in radar, we have found ourselves with a vast new region for exploration. The utilization of this new "space" has required the study of the properties of radio waves at the higher frequencies and the development of methods and instruments of measurement. Recent new discoveries have indicated, for example, that very-high-frequency radio waves are not limited by the horizon and that they may normally be expected to be transmitted far beyond it, as a result of the properties of the waves and the atmosphere. This finding has immediate significance in the allocation of channels to television stations. Examples of this type suggest the nature of basic research, the steady, quiet exploration of the properties of matter and the painstaking measurement in order that we may predict its behavior and use it intelligently. They also suggest the role of this work of this basic kind. This is not only in new fields—like the higher radio frequencies, nuclear physics, and temperatures—where close to absolute zero or up in the thousands of degrees, but also in well-established fields.

Atomic Clock  
Thus, science produces what depends upon the interchangeability of parts, requires greater and greater precision. For example, the precision as high as 1 part in 100,000 is now used by industry. Many of the standards used in the measurement of length by the development of more sensitive instruments and by more precise measurement, standard is a lamp containing a particular isotope of mercury. The frequency of the bombardment of gold, whose green light provides a precision of 1 part in 100,000,000 in length measurements.

The earth itself may sometime in the future yield its role as a standard of time. Some years ago Drew Pearson announced the development of an atomic clock by the National Bureau of Standards. That preliminary model has been duplicated, and the more recent one depends upon the vibration of cesium atoms in a beam, and has a precision of the order of 1 part in 100,000,000,000.

The advances of science in such basic fields as measurement and standards will seldom make headlines in the coming years. But this work and the related study of the properties of matter will provide that foundation which applied science and technology will use to better our material lot, and will provide new insights into the nature of the universe.

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## Twenty and Ten Years Ago

Aug. 26, 1932—Plans were completed for the Ulster County Fair to be held at Fortsh Park Aug. 31.

Mrs. Alfred VanValkenburgh died at her home in Schenectady, N. Y., at the age of 80.

Work started on the reconstruction of the interior of the First Presbyterian Church on Elmendorf street.

James A. O'Neill died at Cold Brook.

Martin E. Scully, formerly of Hurley, died here at the age of 70.

Emory Whitaker died at his home in Schenectady, N. Y., at the age of 70.

Aug. 26, 1942—Local schools were closed for the week of Sept. 1, a week earlier than usual.

The Barnhart team defeated the local team 7-6 at Schenectady.

The State ruled against the proposition to build a school district No. 8, town of Ulster, should be transported to Kingston.

Eight boys were arraigned before Justice Percy Bush on charges that they stole water from a field along the Saugerties road.

## RESULTS OF THE ANALYSIS

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