

Pop's Car
If you're driving the family car on a date tonight or any night, you should read the fourth installment of the Facts of Life And Love by Dr. Duvall. It's on Page 14.

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To Enforce Rec Agreements Truman Says U.S. Relies On Force

RIDGWAY REPLY AWAITED REDS SUGGEST TALK RENEWAL

TOKYO — (AP) — The Communist high command reversed itself today and suggested that Korean cease-fire talks be resumed immediately in Kaesong.

The Reds broke off the talks 28 days ago. They charged then that an Allied plane bombed and strafed the neutral Kaesong area Aug. 22 in an attempt to murder Communist truce delegates. The Allied planes were charged with fraudulent and faked.

Heretofore the Reds have demanded that the Allies admit responsibility for a string of alleged neutral zone violations before the truce talks could be resumed.

They proposed today only that a "suitable organization" be set up to guarantee the neutrality of Kaesong.

Gen. Matthew B. Ridgway made no immediate comment.

But a release from the Supreme Commander's headquarters said: "There is reason to hope that the latest Communist reversal in policy and agreement to renew the peace talks may bring some sort of a cease-fire in Korea."

CAUTION SUGGESTED

It cautioned, however, that "it is a hope that must be tempered by the realization that a renewal of the talks does not mean necessarily that the Allies will suddenly iron themselves out."

Chinese Gen. Peng Teh-Huai and North Korean Premier Kim Il Sung proposed:

1. That liaison officers of both sides meet to fix the time for reopening the meetings.

2. That at the first session after the conferences resume, delegates discuss a plan to establish a suitable organization for guaranteeing the neutrality of Kaesong and settling differences over previously charged violations.

TWO ADMITTED

The United Nations Command has admitted the validity of only two alleged violations.

The Red leaders said they were willing to consider reopening the talks because of the "responsible attitude" the Allies have taken regarding the admitted violations.

They added: "In order not to let the previously mentioned unsettled incidents continue to obstruct the progress of the negotiations of both sides, we therefore propose that the delegates of both sides should immediately resume the armistice negotiations at Kaesong without any need for further discussion on the conditions for the resumption of armistice negotiations."

This amounted to a rejection of Ridgway's Monday proposal that liaison officers meet to discuss conditions that would be mutually acceptable for reopening the talks.

Earlier, Ridgway had proposed that the talks be shifted from Kaesong. The Reds rejected this. The belief has been general that the Red leader would not insist on switching the site if ironclad agreements could be over the constant bickering over alleged violations of Kaesong's neutrality.

Three Red Jets Damaged By Allied Planes

U. S. EIGHTH ARMY HEADQUARTERS, Korea — (AP) — American fighters today damaged three Russian-made MIG-15 jets in a series of dogfights over North Korea. All three Allied and 78 Red planes were engaged.

The U. S. Fifth Air Force said there were no Red planes shot down. Red losses for two days of dogfights included one MIG destroyed and eight others damaged.

For the first time in history, giant helicopters ferried battle-troops into action. The helicopters delivered a reinforced company of Marines and their equipment to a rugged mountain summit in four hours. By day the same job would have taken two weeks.

Other United Nations troops fended off Red mortar fire as they pushed off again in the bloody "Battle of the Hills" on the east-central front.

Cleaving water gave them badly needed relief.

Communist troops on commanding high ground rained artillery and mortar fire on the attacking Allied infantrymen.

Elsewhere on the east central front, Eighth Army soldiers continued local attacks against Red forces on high ground.

U. N. advances also were reported on the western front. They were north of Yonchon and northwest of Chorwon.

WOULD STOP ALL SEIZURE OF PROSTHETICS

LOS ANGELES — (AP) — If the State Bar Association has its way a man will be able to put up a good personal appearance even if he is behind his rent.

The Lawyer's Club was told here yesterday of a measure introduced at a recent bar association conference.

If it passes the state legislature, landlords seeking payment of back rent will be prevented from seizing false teeth, toupees, wooden legs, crutches or other artificial parts of the body for payment.

OUR WEATHER

Fair with little change in temperature tonight and Friday. Predicted low tonight 55 degrees.

Highest yesterday 80 degrees.

Lowest this morning 55 degrees.

Sunrise, 6:19 A. M.; sunset, 6:25 P. M.

More Weather Data on page 2-A

GOOD OZONE

It's lucky for you that there's just the right amount of ozone in the atmosphere. Otherwise, the world and the people in it would be a lot different. There's only a trace of ozone in the air and it is found 20 to 30 miles aloft. There it absorbs some of the sun's rays which would otherwise destroy our eyes but it allows other rays, which prevent rickets, to pass. If there were less ozone, our eyes could not have developed as they have; if there were more, we could not have developed as we have.

IN ACCORD ON POLITICAL PREDICTIONS



James A. Farley (left) and Edward J. Flynn, both former Democratic National Committee chairmen, had similar predictions to make when they called on President Truman at the White House. Farley predicted that the voters would not turn the Democrats out of office, and Flynn prophesied that Truman could "lick anybody." President Truman agreed with the views of the two Democratic leaders. (Acme Telephoto.)

PRESIDENT CALLS FOR TAX RATE BOOST

WASHINGTON — (AP) — President Truman today predicted a Democratic victory in 1952. He said the opposition is without issues and has resorted to misrepresentation and smear.

Mr. Truman declined answer to say at a news conference whether he did say he expects to have a hard time drafting his party's '52 platform.

Told that Edward J. Flynn, Democratic national committee man from New York, had said yesterday Mr. Truman could beat anyone, including Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower, the President was asked if he agreed.

He said he was happy to hear of Flynn's estimate because he regards the New Yorker as a very able prognosticator. But, the President added, he had no comment on Flynn's remarks.

From the Republican camp, Flynn's prediction brought a remark that the GOP members will next year if he wages a fighting campaign.

The President also:

1.—Said he has the word of Chairman William M. Boyle Jr. of the Democratic National Committee, that he has no fear in connection with RFC loans and corporation incomes. He said the Senate bill now being debated would produce only \$5,000,000,000 a year in the form of a prospective deficit long as they receive no fees for it.

2.—Wrote Vice-President Barkley renewing his plea for \$100,000,000,000 in additional taxes and

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Nominations Will Stand

WASHINGTON — (AP) — President Truman said today he is standing by his nominations of two Federal judges for Illinois despite the action of the Senate Judiciary Committee in bottling them up.

The President said he has no intention of submitting new nominations, because he is satisfied with the ones he made.

Mr. Truman and Senator Douglas (D-Ill.) have split over the nomination of the two judges.

The President, without consulting Douglas, nominated Geraldine Harrison and Joseph J. Drucker to the two posts.

Douglas objected and called "personally objectionable" to him the manner in which Mr. Truman made the selections.

He said he was a traditionalist, the judiciary group declined to approve the two nominations.

Mr. Truman told newsmen today he does not expect further action by the Senate committee, thus raising the prospect that the vacancies will continue indefinitely.

SIDEWALK DRAMA IN CHICAGO

After confronting a messenger and trying to escape with a bag containing \$27,000, 21-year-old Robert Greenberg was captured by Officer Maurice Newman in a chase through Chicago's Loop. Greenberg, a University of Miami student, said he wanted the money to continue his schooling. (Acme Telephoto.)

FOREIGN SUPPLIES TO BE SOUGHT

WASHINGTON — (AP) — The Army today got offers of only 200,000 pounds of beef in response to its request for bids on 13,000,000 pounds.

Only two of 212 packers solicited for bids made offers.

This seemed to make certain that the Army now would turn to overseas markets to get the boneless carcass beef it needs for supplying the European command.

The Army announced yesterday that if domestic packers failed to provide the needed amount it would request authority from the Secretary of State to buy overseas.

The packers have given Government price controls and a shortage of high quality beef as reasons for refusing to submit bids.

Requests for bids were put out by the Chicago quartermaster office and results were sent on to the Pentagon during the night. An Army spokesman this morning told reporters:

"For the country as a whole, slaughter of cattle and calves under federal inspection — the source of military supplies — has been about 18 per cent below a year ago during the last two weeks."

However, the decline during the past two weeks has been 28 per cent in Midwestern slaughter areas where the large packing plants operate and where the Army normally gets the bulk of its supplies.

On the East and West Coast, slaughter has been running above a year ago.

parts, however, predicted today beef supplies would increase within a few weeks and the Army should have less difficulty obtaining meat.

"The Army requested 212 packers to submit bids on 13,000,000 pounds of beef meat needed. Of the 212 packers solicited, 83 replied to the Army's request."

"Of this number, only two made offers to supply beef. These two offered a total of 200,000 pounds."

"These were King & Co. of Indianapolis, which offered 100,000 pounds, and Durdale Packing Co. of St. Joseph, Mo., which offered 90,000 pounds."

Agriculture department meat ex-

President States Strength Necessary

Continued Arms Buildup Called Best Way To Back World Peace Efforts

WASHINGTON — (AP) — President Truman said today this country will continue to seek agreements with Russia but will build up its armed strength to see that they are enforced.

The President told a news conference there is a stronger possibility of preserving the peace as a result of the strengthened arms program. He added that possibility will grow still stronger if we stick to our knitting and go along with our defense program.

Under existing circumstances, Mr. Truman said, it is necessary to rely on force, and he declared he dislikes this very much.

He said the United Nations was organized to settle differences without the use of force, and that Korea was just one example of how the Communists have made this impossible.

The President said he is willing to put forth every effort to get a solution of the Korean conflict without having to kill any more people.

This was his comment on the Communist proposal for resumption of cease-fire talks.

North Atlantic Council Meet Nearing End

Middle East Tack
Into Defense Area

OTTAWA — (AP) — The North Atlantic Council is slated to wind up its Ottawa session today with a significant decision to extend into the strategic, oil-rich Middle East its system of joint defense against possible Soviet aggression.

The decision by Deems that it would not exercise its veto against unanimous approval by the 12-nation council of an American-sponsored resolution recommending that Greece and Turkey be given membership in the Atlantic Pact.

Subject to Greek-Turkish acceptance and later ratification by the NATO governments, including Senate concurrence in the United States, the action will result in extending the pact's security commitments far beyond the North American and Western European areas that were originally designed to protect.

The council opened here Saturday and came up to its final day on schedule with the Greek-Turkish question and a declaration on NATO's future non-military development as the main final business.

The declaration was expected to win swift approval. Its purpose is to put the council on record as favoring greater NATO efforts in the fields of economics, politics and social welfare as well as in the military field.

It also contains an indirect statement in favor of revising the Italian Peace Treaty, which contains provisions for removal of all impediments which might impair the equality of NATO members — which Italy claims is World War II treaty dues.

Officials said this section was written by the Italian Premier Alcide De Gasperi for council support. It contains a revised pact, which he has drafted as harsher than the treaty recently signed with Greece.

The council put on a burst of speed yesterday to clear the way for the agreement in a modified form early in evening. It finally approved plans for a sweeping investigation of the whole joint defense program, primarily to find out how much to increase the flow of troops and weapons to Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower's European Command without bankrupting the economies of Western Europe.

German Trade Pact Signed

BERLIN — (AP) — East and West Germany signed a trade agreement today after the Russian zone reportedly guaranteed that the Berlin blockade will be safe from harassment.

The announcement was made by West German officials and confirmed by East German authorities.

In the announcement, the West German zone had been assured by Moscow (D-Comm) that the constant interference with road, rail and barge traffic between West Berlin and the Bonn republic would be discontinued.

This was the demand of the West on which the signing of the trade agreement depended. The pact presumably goes into effect as quickly as economic machinery can function after a few months' break in trade relations.

Senators Favor Controls Change

WASHINGTON — (AP) — The Senate Banking Committee today voted 9 to 4 to rewrite what President Truman has called "the terrible Capehart amendment."

Senator Moody (D-Mich) told reporters that in his opinion the revision meets Mr. Truman's major objections.

Senator Capehart (R-Ind) denounced the revision, accused Moody of misrepresenting it, and stalked angrily out of a news conference under escort.

The committee also voted, by voice ballot, to repeal — as Mr. Truman has called it — another section of the law dealing with import controls.

This section requires import controls on fats and oils, cheese, butter and other dairy products, and peanuts and rice products.

Under the present law, the controls have to be imposed whenever the Agriculture Department determines that importation of such commodities would dampen domestic production.

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