

Rock Is and Catcher Government Seizure

Draft Means U. S. To Stay With Korea

By JOHN M. HIGHTOWER
WASHINGTON — (AP) — President Truman's decision to change American armed forces furnished the world new proof that the United States intends to see the Korean fight through to a finish. While Russia is expected to react to the action as further evidence of American "aggression," there is growing confidence here that the Sovietists do not plan to precipitate a world war.

Responsible authorities believe therefore that the draft announcement will not be set upon upon by the Kremlin as a provocative act by the United States, regardless of what propaganda uses the draft to make of the situation.

The other hand, countries supporting the United Nations stand on Korea are expected to hail the draft move as proof of American determination to make a successful fight for South Korea independence, even at the cost of hundreds of thousands more men under arms.

The State Department is understood to have recommended yesterday that the decision to use the draft, if necessary, was to put pressure into uniform — got unanimous approval from legislators reached for comment.

It prompted speculation, however, that other members of the United Nations are called upon to furnish manpower to fight.

Senator Ferguson (R-Mich.) said it is essential that the world know that the United States is not acting in Korea "as a United Nations action and not America's alone."

"I believe we should do through the United Nations everything that is essential," he said. "I don't feel that any of our men should be sacrificed for lack of manpower."

Senator Saltonstall (R-Mass.) an Armed Services Committee member, expressed hope that the strength of the Army, Navy and Air Force will be revealed as much as possible by volunteers before draft inductions begin.

Senator Wherry of Nebraska, the GOP floor leader, said the draft order indicates that the South Koreans are not being abandoned. He added that the President often reviews the situation with Congress.

Senator Robertson (D-Va.), an appropriations committee member, forecast increased requests for military spending. Committee aides said the U. N. is asking for an increase of as many as 100,000 men are added to the armed force. The services now are at 462,000 men below authorized strength.

Railroad Taken Over By Truman Strikers Refuse To Resume Work

CHICAGO (AP) — Francis A. O'Neill of the National (Railway) Mediation Board said today that the striking switchmen's union has refused to send its men back to work "on the basis of the Government's seizure order as it presently exists."

O'Neill said Arthur J. Glover, president of the Switchmen's Union, gave him this information. The union's reply came less than four hours after President Truman ordered Government seizure of the critical Rock Island Railroad and told the Army to run it.

Glover said later that the union will refuse to service on the line "when and if the Government seizes the profits of the railroad as well as the line itself."

The seizure order is effective at 4 P. M. EST.

Glover and union officials left a long protest after conferring with the board saying they would "hold another conference later."

"TOKEN ORDER"
O'Neill said Glover told him that when the President ordered the Government to seize everything in 1948 it was a "token order" and that the present order seems to be the same thing.

"I will not order the men back on that basis," O'Neill said Glover told him.

There were reports that Glover wanted the Government to get an injunction to end the strike.

The President said Government seizure is imperative to protect the national defense and security of the nation.

He acted after the switchmen's union strike refused government requests to end their fourteen-day strike against the Rock Island. The union proposed a pay undisclosed peace proposal last night which it said it would not accept.

In an effort to prevent Government seizure, the switchmen's union canceled its strike Thursday against four other Western and Midwestern railroads. The union said it would be back because of "the threat of direct government intervention."

NEW YORK
The nation's contention the Rock Island lines are paralleled by other lines, but because of a strike on this line alone would create no emergency.

He is continuing the Rock Island strike, a spokesman said at that time, "and he's not going to make an emergency out of that."

Mr. Truman, in a statement issued today to the officers of the Switchmen's Union of North America and other labor organizations as well as the press, called on the union to keep their members at work.

Thus the President expected train to start running again with regular crews, but with the Army as their boss.

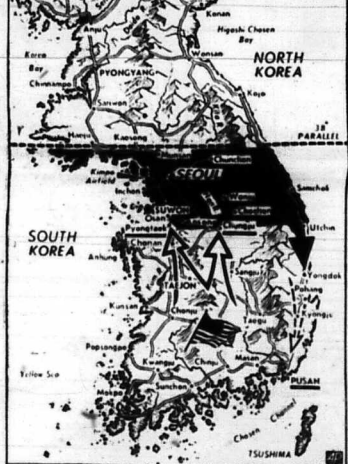
The railroad seizure was the first time the U. S. Government took over all the roads to prevent a threatened strike by engineers, firemen and switchmen.

AMERICAN ANTI-TANK GUNNERS FIGHT KOREAN REDS



Two unidentified U. S. soldiers load their anti-tank weapon in action against North Korean Communists somewhere on the front line in South Korea. This picture was made by Charles Gory, AP staff photographer who is up on the fighting front with the soldiers. (AP Wirephoto.)

REDS MAKE DEEPEST STAB



In their deepest penetration to date into South Korea, the North Koreans were reported today to have captured the town of Chonan (located in the head of the arrow at the left). Meanwhile, Red troops are reported mopping near Wonju for what is expected to be a drive down the coast in an effort to cut American supply lines between Pusan and Taegu. (AP Wirephoto map.)

Congress Willing To Provide Men, Arms

By JACK BELL
WASHINGTON — (AP) — Joined by House and Senate, Congress is ready to provide the men and material to crush Korean Communists or meet any Red outbreak elsewhere.

The President's decision to use the draft power was approved by the law makers as the only course open to win the long-haul struggle to free South Korea of Communist invaders.

To some this decision looked like the forerunner of a belt-tightening campaign that would result in sharply increased military spending and standby powers for federal mobilization and wartime economic controls.

TAX CUT IN DOUBT
The House is expected to vote on the State of the Union bill and on the future of reductions in the Federal spending.

Mr. Truman was quoted by Senator Bridges (R-NH) as having held an emergency conference with lawmakers at the White House Sunday night that he won't ask Congress for any new legislation until the situation has settled somewhat in Korea.

"That could mean a possible wait of several weeks, killing hopes for a Congressional adjournment at the end of this month," some legislators said they thought the critical period would come in the next few weeks with the tide of battle determining how far out the nation will have to go in reversing a serious military situation in South Korea.

SEES THREAT IN EUROPE
House Speaker Wm. W. Whelan said the Communist threat to Europe is much more dangerous potentially than the attack in Korea. He called for a \$2,000,000 increase in foreign arm and funds to bolster defenses there.

Bridges told newsmen he was "brutely encouraged and discouraged" about what he heard at the conference about how the fighting is going.

In connection with the military draft, the Senator said it was his intention that he would be called upon to train any men who might be inducted, but that he would not offer a contract of this.

The draft call — scheduled to take effect August 1 —

Reds Believed Saving Planes

By LEIF ERICKSON
TOKYO — (AP) — A veteran Navy flier who led a carrier strike July 4-7 over North Korea said today the Communists must be conserving their air power for desperation to hunt for them.

Cmdr. Harvey P. Lanham told a news conference the Northern Reds had many planes cleverly hidden in nested revetments which were discovered only by low-level strafing.

The Reds have small dirt fields scattered across the country, he said. One of his boys was sure was a submarine, he said. "But two planes made a strafing and rocket attack because the two boats started firing at our planes. When they got down close they see they were gunboats and not submarines."

PRIME TARGETS
North Korean planes and airfield installations were primary targets for the two-day carrier mission.

On the first day two Red planes were shot down and eight destroyed on the ground. Then, because of their deepest penetration of the South Korea defenses, the carrier targets couldn't be found, the carrier aloft following an airfield along railway lines to Pusan was interrupted at this point before he could give any details.

An hour earlier, however, about 7:30 a. m., July 5, he was on through a dispatch reporting an American fall-back. It follows:

American troops retreated Saturday night and angry as they pulled southward several miles.

"They cursed the absence of heavier artillery tanks and aircraft."

Their anger seemed born of determination to turn the tide of the North Korean invasion and turn it quickly.

They were some encouraging signs. Greatest of these was the presence of American military equipment that has not yet been thrown into the fight or had not been late to it Saturday.

REPLACEMENTS APPEAR
Fresh men also arrived in the general area to replace the weary and discouraged who had withdrawn several hours earlier.

Those who pulled back first were in orderly formations, but those who came later crossed rice paddies or used pell-mell in vehicles.

Hours after the pull-back, no enemy troops had followed. The entire distance of the retreat.

During the American retreat, an artillery battle raged. Shell-

Spending Bill Is Completed

By OLIVER W. DE WOLF
WASHINGTON — (AP) — The Senate Appropriations Committee today completed a \$2,300,000,000 spending bill for fiscal 1951. It was the largest bill ever passed in 77 percent of the money.

The huge "new package" bill is \$1,385,235,976 below President Truman's request for \$2,900,268,648 in cash for the fiscal year which began last July 1 — now gone to the Senate.

The bill is expected to start Tuesday in cash. The remainder represents contract authorizations.

Before giving the measure final approval, the committee turned down three controversial proposals to cut the allotments further.

Philippines To Aid South Koreans In War

LAKE SUCCESS — (AP) — Carlos Romulo, Philippine foreign minister, said today in a speech to the U. N. Assembly, informed the U. N. of his country's aid to the South Korean fight.

He said the Philippines would supply food, clothing, medicine and other supplies to the South Korean forces.

U. N. released a cable from Romulo saying the Philippines pledge moral support to the efforts of the U. N. to safeguard the integrity of the republic of South Korea and to restore international peace and security in that area.

House Vets Committee To Discuss GI Bill Extension

By WILLIAM F. ARBOGAST
WASHINGTON — (AP) — Extension of the G. I. Bill of Rights to all United States military personnel and their dependents will be considered by the House Veterans Committee next week.

Most of the bill's major provisions granting benefits to servicemen apply only to those who saw active duty during World War I. Many of the men now in Korea — or recently there — enlisted later or found themselves in the service only as dependents of the men.

The committee's report may consider the proposed extension at a meeting set for next Thursday.

At the same time it may discuss legislation by Rep. Rogers (D-Tx.) for the Government to guarantee inducted men against loss of their homes or insurance for the payment of premiums or mortgages while in service. Rogers also would exempt them from the draft and exemption from rented homes.

The entire subject of veterans' benefits probably will be discussed in the light of President Truman's decision to start drafting men for military service, if necessary.

Town Falls

Invaders From North

TOKYO (Sunday) — (AP) — Fall of the South Korean town of Chonan and a renewed American retreat before the North Korean invaders were reported today by field dispatches.

This news by telephone from correspondents at the front came shortly after a Tokyo headquarters communique said the Red drive had been "curtailed" but that the invaders were massing troops, armor and artillery for a renewed offensive.

There still has been no major American unit committed, however, a spokesman at American forward headquarters in Korea declared.

He said a major unit would be sent to the front in the next few days. Previous dispatches had mentioned a battalion of 400 to 500 men in action. This line would indicate that the dispatches indicated it was to the men involved, was by comparatively small numbers.

The communique was issued at 11:45 P. M. Saturday (8:45 A. M. EST).

In a telephoned report from the front ten minutes later, AP correspondent O. H. P. King said Army and Navy American forward troops had retreated again Saturday night in a disaster, but were using 74 (45 A. M. Saturday, July 8).

King said the Reds had captured Chonan, a town of 10,000 people, 100 miles south of Seoul for their deepest penetration yet. The call, over the one line mentioned in the news and all correspondents, was interrupted during the report.

The communique was issued at 11:45 P. M. Saturday (8:45 A. M. EST).

In a telephoned report from the front ten minutes later, AP correspondent O. H. P. King said Army and Navy American forward troops had retreated again Saturday night in a disaster, but were using 74 (45 A. M. Saturday, July 8).

King said the Reds had captured Chonan, a town of 10,000 people, 100 miles south of Seoul for their deepest penetration yet. The call, over the one line mentioned in the news and all correspondents, was interrupted during the report.

The communique was issued at 11:45 P. M. Saturday (8:45 A. M. EST).

MacArthur Heads All UN Forces

WASHINGTON — (AP) — President Truman today named Gen. Douglas MacArthur as commanding general of the United Nations forces in Korea.

Acting under a U. S. Security Council resolution, Mr. Truman also directed MacArthur to lead the U. N.'s blue and white flag, along with the flags of participating nations, in ceremonies at the Communist frontier of North Korea.

The Security Council, at a meeting at Lake Success, N. Y., yesterday authorized a unified command of U. N. forces under the United States.

The Council asked the U. S. to furnish a supreme commander.

FIRST UN COMMANDER
MacArthur thus becomes the first military leader to command United Nations forces in a major international organization.

Forty-five of the U. N. member countries have endorsed the Council's decision to take peace enforcement action in Korea. Six nations also authorized the use of their armed forces — the United States, Britain, Australia, Canada, New Zealand and the Netherlands.

Mr. Truman acted after an hour's conference with Secretary of State Acheson.

Planes Loaded For Far East

WASHINGTON — (AP) — Defense officials reported today the first load of 50 B-29 Superfortresses, fighters aboard ship for the Far East.

The B-29s were being loaded for transport to the Far East. The planes are being loaded aboard ship for the Far East. The B-29s were being loaded for transport to the Far East. The planes are being loaded aboard ship for the Far East.

What's Inside

Book Page	Page
Classified Want Ads	5B-7B
Church Page	8A
Comics	9A
Crossword Puzzle	6B
Editorials	2A
Feature Programs	1A
Serials	2A
Short Stories	1B-2B
Theater	3A
Shipping	12A
Wishing Well	12A
Women's Page	4A-7A

Looks like the things used most often in the home are the glasses and the air-ways. . . . A man sort of settles down and quite signing things at 24.