### SHALL WE USE THE A-BOMB?

RE is no easy answer to the ques-on: Shall we use the atomic bomb t the chinese Communists? me extreme are those who would The Bomb now, without further

installations if the U. N. warning is un-heeded.

There is no moral distinction between the atomic bomb and other forms of mass destruction. Such difference as exists as a physical marter atomic bomb is merely a physical marter atomic bomb is merely Nonetheless, the atomic bomb and the whole atomic energy program have be-come embedded in the broad fabric of world morality. We have fostered that de-velopment by repeatedly urging that A-bombs be outlawed, and that all atomic energy be placed under international con-trol. Soviet Russia, by astute and per-sistent propaganda, has managed also to make the use of atomic bombs a moral question.

Hence, it is not a decision that can be made lightly, or entirely upon our own initiative. We must consider the conse-quences, not only in the Far East but all over the world.

over the world.

A careful analysis of the military factors and the probable effect upon world opinion leads to the conclusion that we have a second or the conclusion that we have a second or the conclusion that we have a second or the conclusion of the conclusion

toss The Bomb against the Chinese. The current agliation aboût using atomic weapons, poses another danger. Many acientists and military leaders have warned repeatedly that American reliance and dependence upon its stock of atom bomba is not unifie the French faith in the Maginot Line early in World War II. We must not forget that the atomic bomb is merely a highly effective auxiliary to our over-all fighting machine, and that not until our full military machine is ready to function can we be sure that the A-bomb will tip the scales in our favor.

### A MEASURE OF OUR SANITY

A MEASURE of American sanity in this moment of great crisis will be our willingness to try to understand, partially at least, the current criticism of our Far Eastern military and diplomatic policies in the press of Western Europe.

The purses of Western Europe.

The suggestions that General MacArthur be relieved of his command, the objections to U. N. bombing of Manchuria, the obvious quaking at the thought of a major war with Communist China-these are evidences of a growing panic that has western Europe in its grip, a panic that has twin roots in fear of Russian military might and doubts of American intentions in Europe.

In surope.

It is easy to get angry at this flood of criticism, to tell our European critics where to head in. The temptation is to do just that. What will it accomplish? Nothing, except the smoothing of our ruffled pride-and hurt feelings.

and hurt feelings.

Europe's fear of a major war in the Far East if not all imagination. They know that full involvement with Communist China, and perhaps Russis, in a Far East-ern war will command most of the energies of the United States and supporting U. N. membeys, leaving Western Europe unprotected against the massive Russian military machine already drawn up behind the Iron Curtain and ready for a quick surge to the Channel.

It may be true that Western Europe has not done all it could to defend itself against Communism. But neither had the United States made any realistic move toward an adequate defense until the Korean incident alerted us to a new dan-

set the program under way since being silerted.

Hence we must shoulder a portion of the biame for the current size of unpreparedness in all the free world. Beyond that, we have given Europe much reason to doubt our continued allegiance to our professed objectives in that area. The continued assaults on the Marshall Plan, the bitter wrangling over the Atlantic Pact and the Milliary Arms Program, and the attacks on the State Department from a major wing of the Republican Party have been calculated to create doubt and confusion among our democlatic allies in Europe. Our own press and our own public officials have criticized Europe harshly on many occasions since the end of World War II. Some of it has been justified; some has been irresponsible. The right to criticize, however, is not an exclusive American inheritance. If we choose to see ercise it against us the special properties of the control of the contro

### FAULTY INTELLIGENCE IN KOREA

WHEN the tragedy of recent serious reverses in Korea is fully comprehended, it is only natural that we should want to know why 110,000 United Nations troops—largely American—were sent into the teeth of at least 200,000 Chinese Communist troops, into almost certain defeat. AP writer Hal Boyle says some of the questions being asked now about strategy and intelligence in Korea will write the same control of the control of the

AP writer Hal Boyle says some of the questions being asked now about strategy and intelligence in Korea will rattle skele-tons in the American military establish-ment and "perhaps force a regision in the American technique of waging ground warfare."

Article and the state of the st

General MacArthur is on the scene in Korea. He has been described by no less an authority than Winston Churchill as the greatest tactical general of our tibes. He has proved to be an able, even superb, tactician in Korea since June 25. Perhaps General MacArthur did all that

Perhaps General MacArthur did all that any general could have done in Korea: perhaps, as General wallow walker said the attack on Pridap prevented an women disaster ridap prevented an women disaster ridap prevented an women disaster ridap prevented an ware consistent to General jubilantile termed the abortive ofernee as an "end the war" campaign, that he allowed himself to be quoted, even out of context, as asying the boys would be home by Christmas. This climate of optimism created by MacArthur's statements served only to exagererate the impact of the crushing blow delivered by the Communities Monday and Tuesday.

The Pentagon's contradiction of MacArthur's statement that his Army is poweries to cope with the new attack the Pentagon said the U. N. forces have sufficient men and material to prevent a rout; served only to Further confuse the matter.

matter:

Americans are shocked and puzzled by Americans are shocked and puzzled by the turn of events in Korea and other U. N. nations, whose soldiers are fighting under MacArthur's over-all direction are more than likely troubled by the apparent errors of fidigment in Korea. It is not possible at this time, for reasons of military security, to expect an account of recent strategy in Korea, but such an explanation must come in due time.

### DISDAIN MADE DIFFICULT

man.

In House of Commons is that "front enchers" (party leaders who at on the-ont bennels can slump in their seats of put their feet on the table while, oponents are sounding off. No one was tier at expressing disdain in this way an that polished disdain monzer, Win-on Churchill.

ONE of the clubby traditions of the Brit-tah House of Commons is that "front of Commons almost exactly as it had been. in accordance with his wishes. But they put the table a little farther from the front

bench than before. Churchill is a short tester at expressing disdain in this way han that polished disdain monger. Win-ton Churchill.

But the Laborites played him, a mean feet up—and they would not reach.

40-Mile Neutrality Zone



### People's Platform

# Cerebral Palsy Training Center

paley Hospital, Durham, N. C. Also the local hospital for CPa, puts getting started, owas a detu of graittude to Turk News' unfailing support.

The property of the control of the control

and screenyed message hav become reputation and releve only casual attention.

"Fell them you know of the Children's Rehamited doctor and therapist in the rable missing the rable should be reported by the rable missing the rable should be reported by the rable should be reported by the rable should be reported by the rable should be rable to the rable should be rable sh

### Quotes On Alcohol

### Election Coverage

The People's Platform & available to any reader who cares to mount it Communica-tions should be less than 300 words, type-written if possible, and on only one side of the paper. Libel and obscently will be de-leted—otherwise anything goes Each letter must be staned.—Editors. The News

### Quote, Unquote

## Govt. Splits Up Aluminum Orders, Spurs Competition

By MARQUIS CHILDS

WASHINGTON

## Miami Folk Give Freely Of Time, Money To Oust Crooks

By ROBERT C. RUARK

### GANGSTERS' DEPUTIES

### MacArthur's Errors Of Judgment Rile Up Drew Pearson's Merry-Go-Round

### China Warned In September

HOWEVER, the State Dept foreseeing trouble when the UN army approached the Yalu River and the big power dams which supply, electricity to most of Manchuria,

result. MacArthur permitted light U.S. columns included the Manchuran borner on Octumns included the lst Cavaire, 24th hantry nits. The tactic was to reach the border swift permit a quick announcement that the \*\*ar\*

### Chinese Retaliate

However, these units penetrating almost to the Conness
to border, became so oxerestended and were so light in
strength, that Chinese Communiats, popular, out of the
falls and crossing the Yalu River, cut them to pieces. That,
was exactly what the State Dept. and our Prench-British
Allies had feared
On Oct. 30, MaéArthur's spokesman for the first time.

## Mac Says 'No'

MacARTHU Do not tilitary