

House Votes To Kill Republican Farm Price Law

MAN O'BS REPORTS SEVERAL

Showdown On Brannan Plan Near

Bitter Debate Precedes Voting

WASHINGTON (AP)—The House voted today to kill the Aiken farm law enacted by the Republican 80th Congress.

There were only a few scattered "nays" on the voice vote. The House moved the floor to vote on what should replace it—a continuation of the present farm law or the Administration's new plan.

Many Republicans joined Democrats in voting to repeal the law authorized by Senator Aiken (R-Vt.). The measure provided for a flexible 60 to 65 cent of parity price support program for major crops beginning next year.

Robert Howell Captured Again

PHILADELPHIA (AP)—Prison authorities here said today a man and his wife, both convicted in the murder of a fifteen-year-old girl with whom the man had allegedly been intimate, were apprehended Tuesday night after the man had fled from an Ashe County prison camp.

Robert Howell and his wife, Pratt Dover Howell, were sentenced last November from Cleveland County for the death of Betty Smith.

Mr. Howell was sentenced to one year for manslaughter in the Smith girl's death but was paroled about a month ago.

Howell was sentenced to five years for second degree murder. He would have been eligible for parole next year.

Pact Backed By Italians

ROME (AP)—The Italian Chamber of Deputies ratified the Atlantic pact today after Russian protests.

The vote was 232 to 160. This was the second time the pact was nullified early today when the votes outnumbered the voters.

Giovanni Gronchi, president of the chamber, announced 548 ballots cast, whereas actually only 469 deputies voted. The invalidated vote showed 338 for approval and 208 against the pact.

Reconciliation In-Resaurant Proves Failure

BEVERLY HILLS, Calif.—Betty Hutton and her estranged husband tried to work out a reconciliation last night in a restaurant here, but apparently failed.

Ted Brinkin, wealthy Chicago camera manufacturer, finally stepped in to help.

"It's not quite a reconciliation. There's a lot of things to be brooded out," said Brinkin.

The bouncy blonde actress, however, said "There's no reconciliation at all." He declined to disclose the differences that have plagued the two this week, saying they're personal.

Action Against Mobs Speeded Up

'Bama Klan Head Quits In Policy Row

BERMINGHAM, Ala. (AP)—The presiding officer of the Ku Klux Klan in Alabama quit today after a row with another Klan official over the Klan's refusal to offer up some of the elements that have wormed their way into the Klan.

A grand jury is investigating the white-robed order in connection with a wave of flagging and cross burnings by masked mobs. It has been called into session tomorrow after a week's recess.

William Hugh Morris, Klan director, had announced yesterday that Pruitt is quitting. Morris made the announcement from a jail cell where he is in the fourteenth day of an indefinite sentence for contempt of court.

The Klan director's resignation held until he produces members...

AIRLINER HITS FIVE HOUSES, KILLS 7, STARTS FIRE IN SEATTLE



Seven persons were found dead in the wreckage after a transport plane crashed into five homes at Seattle, Wash., Tuesday night. At left is the tail section of the airliner wedged into wreckage of two houses. Most of the deaths occurred in the homes. The unscheduled plane of Air Transport Associates Inc. was making a chartered flight to Chicago with 32 persons aboard. At right, firemen stand on a wrecked house and fight flames that broke out after the crash. One of the ship's two engines is half-buried in the wreckage of a house. A gasoline tank beside the motor exploded and injured several firemen. (AP Wirephotos.)

Bevin, Churchill Questioned Surrender Stand

U.S. Policy Blamed For Reich 'Shambles'

LONDON (AP)—Winston Churchill and Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin said in Parliament today they doubted from the beginning the wisdom of President Roosevelt's unconditional surrender policy for Germany.

Bevin said in a House of Commons foreign policy debate the policy had left "a shambles" upon which to rebuild Germany. If he had been consulted at the time, he said, he never would have agreed to it.

Bevin, who was a member of Churchill's war government, said he first saw the surrender phrase in the newspapers. He said he never had agreed to it.

Churchill, now leader of the opposition, said he first heard the phrase from President Roosevelt "without consultation."

"But it was not the idea I had formed in my own mind," Churchill said. "But working in a great alliance with loyal and powerful friends across the ocean, we had to accommodate ourselves."

He added that he doubted the British coalition cabinet would have agreed to the unconditional surrender policy if they had been able to consider it at the time.

The unconditional surrender policy was announced in January, 1945, following the conference of President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Churchill at Casablanca. It was the announcement said, that plans had been completed to force the unconditional surrender of Germany, Italy and Japan.

Churchill said he did not support it. "I do not complain," Bevin said. "I look it as it was. But it is rather hard for leaders of the opposition to criticize men when they left me such a shambles to take on."

Opening the debate, Bevin said: "Unconditional surrender left Germany without law, without a constitution, without a single person to deal with and without a stake in the struggle with, and we have had to build from the bottom on nothing at all."

Bevin also criticized American policy on the dismantling of German war plants. He said he tried to carry out the announced British policy of breaking up the "number one" plants by the Allies in 1944, "and was completely upset and hindered by the Allies."

"America took one view at one time, then altered it; appointed inquiry committees and then put up an entirely different proposal," the Foreign Secretary said.

Churchill also joined in the criticism of the American dismantling policy. The Conservative leader said he did not agree with the plan of the then Secretary of the U. S. Treasury, Henry Morgenthau Jr., to dismantle the German war plants, adding that "if my document were brought up to me I shall say I do not agree with it and I was sorry I put my initials to it."

Truman Raps Atomic 'Leak'

WASHINGTON (AP)—President Truman today said there is nothing for the American people to be alarmed about in current hush-hush talks about atomic foreign policy.

Mr. Truman was sharply critical at a news conference, however, of the man he said leaked information to the press in advance of an atomic policy meeting the President held at Blair House last Thursday.

Mr. Truman said he knows who the man is, but he did not identify the man.

The Blair House conference, bringing together high Government and Congressional leaders, was the first of two major conferences which have been held on atomic matters.

The second was a meeting at the Capitol yesterday called by the Senate-House Atomic Energy Committee.

The second meeting appeared to have mixed minglings of some law-breaking by the President's staff act on his own to give Britain some A-bomb secrets.

After he was over, Senators who had talked of making some move to bar the President from acting in this field, were reported they would not press anything along this line now.

Mr. Truman told reporters the subject of the Blair House meeting was important, as are all subjects on which he calls conferences. But he said that newspaper accounts were exaggerated—there were no deep dark secrets at the meeting.

BERLIN (AP)—Western Berlin shared the custody of atomic energy each given resident four times what he got last winter during a year ago.

The American, British and French secrets also have an 80-day supply of rationed food. This is three times the stockpile on hand here.

This was disclosed today by the semi-monthly report of U. S. Military Government. It was the first report issued since John J. McCloy took office as military governor of the eventful civilian high commissioner.

Suggestion Made Just Before Vote

Wide Margin For Treaty Seen

WASHINGTON (AP)—Sen. Wherry, the Republican floor leader, told the Senate today that before approving the North Atlantic Pact it should "close the door" against giving the atom bomb to other members.

With a vote only a few away, the Republican leader said he is concerned that the treaty may obligate Senate members to give up a-bomb secrets.

Wherry argued that present law prohibits disclosure of atomic secrets to other nations but "a treaty superior to law" would let them do so.

"And least of all, atomic secrets," he said.

"If the Senate starts trying to open the door, the matter is up under the pact," Vandenberg said, it can "make a shambles" of the spirit of the pact.

At President Truman's news conference, held shortly before the vote, Wherry said he had mentioned the stand Wherry was taking on the matter.

Mr. Truman brushed it off with the comment that Senator Wherry's suggestion was "a matter which the President is not going to discuss."

Wherry had raised questions yesterday about the a-bomb and the matter of the pact.

At that time, Senator McClellan of the Senate and the Senate-House Atomic Energy Committee said the treaty carried no obligation of atomic secrets. He said the question should be considered by the Senate when the program is taken up by Congress.

When the Senate confirmed today, the treaty would be in force again.

Wherry said the question: "Wherry said, 'are we to share the atomic bomb, its secrets, and the knowledge of how to make it?' There is a moral or legal commitment to that very thing." Wherry pleaded that the Senate should not ratify the treaty unless it had the right to share the secret. Wherry said, "There is a moral or legal commitment to that very thing." Wherry pleaded that the Senate should not ratify the treaty unless it had the right to share the secret.

Group Tracking Others

Scientists Linked To Communist Cell

WASHINGTON (AP)—House subcommittee today said it has tracked down a cell of scientists in the San Francisco Bay area, who they still are tracking down elsewhere.

The House Un-American Activities Committee put the finger on Giovanni Gronchi, president of the chamber, announced 548 ballots cast, whereas actually only 469 deputies voted. The invalidated vote showed 338 for approval and 208 against the pact.

Gronchi said he hoped the canceled vote was "an error," caused by the fact that deputies were casting ballots simultaneously for two motions.

The ballot was cast on a motion of the Christian Democrat Party for approval of the treaty, after the Chamber had defeated a motion by the Communist Party, Communist Party leader, for a rejection of the pact. The vote on the Communist motion was 218 to 136, with thirteen abstentions.

Italian Foreign Minister Carlo Azeglio Natta told the Chamber earlier he was "astounded" by Russia's vote protesting ratification of the pact.

Berlin Has Big Supply of Coal

BERLIN (AP)—Western Berlin shared the custody of atomic energy each given resident four times what he got last winter during a year ago.

The American, British and French secrets also have an 80-day supply of rationed food. This is three times the stockpile on hand here.

This was disclosed today by the semi-monthly report of U. S. Military Government. It was the first report issued since John J. McCloy took office as military governor of the eventful civilian high commissioner.

Clark Takes Charge Of Record Amount For Sex

WASHINGTON (AP)—Mrs. Georgia Nease Clark, the first woman treasurer of the United States, today became keeper of probably the biggest sum ever in the custody of any woman—\$77,424,541.375.78 2/3.

Mrs. Clark, president of a Richmond, Va., bank with \$500,000 in deposits until she took oath as U. S. treasurer one month ago, today signed a receipt, \$5 account, for the amount.

The new anti-trust members of the committee said the "two thirds of a cent."

The \$77,424,541.375.78 2/3 consists of paper money, silver and gold coins, and a member of the committee said the "two thirds of a cent."

The fractional sum was stated by the members of the committee and other securities held in trust—\$216,218.88.

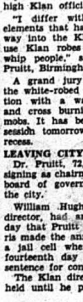
Babs Hutton Takes Swim, May Lose Son's Custody

DEDHAM, Mass. (AP)—Woolworth Heires Barbara Hutton took a swim today and shortly afterward a court across the world was told that swim should cost her the Summer custody of her son.

An attorney for Bab's former husband and the boy's father, former Danish Count Carl Haug-venius Reventlow, promptly filed a protest over the extended custody of thirteen-year-old Hans which the heiress won only yesterday.

The new protest was set for hearing Wednesday.

Haugvenius Reventlow, summing up at Newport, R. I., declined earlier to say anything about court action but commented: "I am delighted to hear that she's well."



Some men will wade water and sit in a hot bath all day, fishing and complaining about a little shower. ... I wonder if these boys on the scrub team ever produce a home.