History Has An Unpleasant Stutter

WAEN Talleyrand went to Vienna in 1818 he was the defeated and discredited agent of a broken empire. His scheming sentus had led France to disastronates of the sentence of th

The building of the new Europe II didn't little to the conquerors, in fear of the future, began to fight among themselves, and one by one they went secretly to Talleyrand, pleading that he halt the threat of Prussia, of Austria, of Russia, of England. In the end he became the most important figure of the Congress, and in siding with the Russian-Prussian axis he defeated England and Austria. In exchange he bought a goodly bargain for his defeated France.

Many observers in Europe today look back to Vienna, and draw alarming parallels to that Ill-fated peace settlement. They report that Britain and Russia are each trying to revive Germany, and stand her on her feet as a stout ally against the

consum Stutter

other, As in the aftermath of the Napoleonic wars, the victors court the vaneuthaonic wars, the victors court the vaneuthastate of the state of the stat

Mayor Baxter And The Golden Fleece

MAYOR Herbert Baxter was probably sick of Morris Field long before he finally clutched that precious deed in his hand. But he carried through, pressing forward over one obstacle after another. forward over one obstacle after another, through the long months of wrestling with Washington red tape. More than once it appeared that Charlotte would never acquire title to the field, its barracks and acreage. The struggle might have gone on

guare the struggle might have gone on forever.

The Mayor was singularly determined to turn this deal, and his leadership made possible this partial solution to the local housing problem and great addition to our eviation facilities. And here he had a solution to was working all the while from the mass working all the while from the timester, where the effects of red tape were most exaspersting. As the go-between, he cut the quibbling short by many months. Mr. Hanson worked as an agent of City Council, and Representative Sum Evrin, who saw him at his job in Washington, praised him highly for his handling of the

whole affair. What Mr. Hanson has done, apparently, has given us an airport, a number of important buildings and a sizeable housing project in advance of schedule. He proved himself most adept at pulling various Government agencies into agreement, and reducing red tape to a

pulling various overtiments agreement, and reducing red tape to a minimum.

In the end, Charlotte got almost everythins it asked of Washington, a remarkable success in such a transaction. Now, of course, it is Charlotte's move. Even with this expansion, our aviation facilities must be improved if we are to meet the challenge of other cities for air transport. And those barracks must be converted quickly if we are to ease the housing tension with 400 units while the pinch is at its tightest. Thanks to the Council, Mayor and Attorney Hanson, we hold a valuable property, and have the chance to break a couple of important municipal log Jams. If Mayor Baxter and his people work as hard to develop the Morris Field property as they did to gain title to it, we'll be getting somewhere.

John L. Has Family Troubles Too

John L. Has Family

Labor's agonies as Congress prepares
the glasiation to halt John L. Lewis and
other union leaders who can, almost single-handedly, dely the nation, are not for
Lewis himself. All organized labor obviousby fears the bill written for the purpose of
scotching one man. It rightly suspects that
any such legislation would injure the
cause of all labor, and in addition to hampering the willful and selfish leader, would
place all unions in danger.

But there are no lears for John L. He
has an many ensentes among the great
laborate annitations as any the great
laborate annitations as a state of the conlaborate annitation and the conlaborate annitation and the conlaborate annitation and the conscool strikes, spoke of him bitterly.

When he bolted AFL in 1955 and set out
to organize the CIO he left many enemies
behind in that conservative labor group.

When he resigned the CIO presidency in
1940 and organized a third labor movement around his rough-and-ready District
of of the United Mine Workers, he created
a whole class of new enemies.

He left bitterness behind in the campaigns of 1940 and 1944 when he stumped
against Franklin Roosevetti; in the early

New Deal days he had been a fanatic FDR
strict, "A plague of both your houses.").

Now, after ten years of scoffing at the AFL, he is back in the fold, a too-powerful

Lewis has been given the fullest sup-

Lewis has been given the fullest support by his miners from the start He found them well on the way to organization, and made them powerful. But they did not follow where he led when he switched political camps: they follow him for dollars, not for ideals. No. labor's anxiety is not for Lewis. but for itself, for its future as a great movement. Many of its members, top to bottom, would gladly see him sacrificed to the national urge for control of strikes and strikers. But labor knows well enough that Lewis is not the only Congressional target. It fears that many Congressions who

ers. But labor knows well enough that Lewis is not the only Congressional target. It fears that many Congressional target. It fears that many Congressional target. It fears that many Congressional target and the construction of the congression of the congressi

Another Voice

Democracy At Work

There are those who, when they de-cide to make themselves feil, are the most powerful pressure group in the world. I mean the American People, -President Harry S. Truman.

THAT is another way of saying democ-

THAT is another way of saying democracy and works.

A democracy is a nation governed by public servants of the majority's choice. When those public servants translate the majority will into action on basic questions, democracy works. When they fail to do so, democracy into the servant of speaking out, er-masse, the moment of speaking out, er-masse, the moment they have decided. That takes time. When President Truman submitted his post-war program for America, the great majority of the people favored it. The Republican Party, and a minority of special interests, opposed it.

For a time the opposition seemed successful. But the main reason for the illusion of success was the simple fact that public opinion had not yet caught on to

cork. Now they were out to murder the Truman program. They were going to cut the heart out of veterans' housing. They were going to draw and quarter the OPA.

the heart out of veterans housing. They were going to draw and quarter the OPA. Then something happened.

That something was the voice of the American people. It now a pipe are that the most important points in the programs are going to be restored and enacted—in determine to the people of the United States, other important parts of the Truman program, will be completed to the true of the United States, other important parts of the Truman program, will be completed to the true of the United States, other important parts of the Truman program, will be completed to the true of the Wagner-Murray-Dingell bill.

The public wants that health insurance. A recent poll of popular opinion in Washington showed that 70 per cent of the people in the nation's capital were strongly in favor of the President's -health insurance plan.

If we want health insurance as much as we wanted price control, let's speak out for it Let's "consolidate the gains". Let's keep

For a time the opposition seemed successful. But the main reason for the ilusion of success was the simple fact that public opinion had not yet caucht on to what a minority representation in Congress via doling.

Republican readers misinterpreted this.

They were power-drunk on a snift of the committee paper.



Oh, Are You Still Kicking Around?

Burning Question

Is The Right To Strike Sacred?

By GEORGE ERICSON

In The Christian Science Monitor
Thile nation is certainly in the ridist of what has
been termed to Inculad R. Richberg, former National Recovery Administrator, as a "shameful era
of legalized industrial warfare." The situation calls
for a law or laws which will protect the public
interest against the disasters which ensure the
interest against the disasters which ensure the
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interest against the disasters which ensure
the control of the control of the control of the control
interest against the disasters which ensure
the cannot be among the control of the control
interest against which will speed the way to accord.
Today, the question is more insistent than ever:
Shall there be any restrictions on the right to
strike? The labor leaders, certain members of
to strike cannot be abridged. Harold E. Stassen said
in a recent article in a nationally distributed magatine: "The right to strike must remain inviolate."
On the other hand, in addition to the industrialsert that the right to strike has no greater validity
than the right to write. that the strike waspon cannot legitimately be defended when it deprives communities of those facilities meessary to maintain
transportation, food, etc.

It has been said repeatedly that there are certain
types of occupation which are in a separate categrown and that such workers have, by the public ascall an "inalienable" right to strike. This category
the control of the public servents.

includes solders, policemen, firemen and other public servants.

Then there are public utilities, which, though privately owned and managed, have a special status because they operate under a public franchies. These required was a public franchies. These regulated, surely no isalizable right for a such other exists. For it can be shown that a strike for higher wages or changed working conditions which deprives a community of its necessities creates so much harm that the community itself is entitled to the strike of the strike of

In the present instance, where a coal strike has been slowly paralyzing many of the most important industrial processes of the country, it cannot be said that the industry struck against is a utility. That fact, however, becomes a technicality when the results are such as to endanger the functioning of the whole economy.

New Legislation Needed

New Legislation Needed

When the welfare of the millions of non-particlpunts in the strike is being damaged to an extention of the strike is being damaged to an extention dissenting the immediate objectives of they of the station to move in upon the fields of battle and say, "No more of this noncense!" Neither the characy of the mine owners nor the demands of the mine workers furneled through the personality of use mine workers furneled through the personality of use mine workers furneled through the personality of the mine workers furneled through the spilication of commenceuse embodied that the application of commenceuse embodied that the application of commenceuse embodied that the application of the strike of the str

Act: another is the Smith-Connaly law. The for-mer was inaugurated at a time when labor union from the might of industry. It is now regarded by many experts and legislators as discriminating against industry. The latter was passed in haste as a deterrent to strikes, but labor leaders assert that it has provoked the greatest strike wave in history

What Of Right To Work?

instance, the right to work is but a feeble shadow.

The fellow who, by some chance is not a joiner, who is a holdout, who feels a union to be restrictive, is then likely to be called by union members a "scab." a "free-rider," a "stooge," or even a "trattor." When this is how unionism protects itself, the right to work becomes merely, a tag for outunely or ostracism.

self, the right to war becomes merely a tag for contunely or orderection.

But "rights" have a way of changing either in appearance or substance as the years roll by. There is a growing insistence today upon demanding from unions that they regard responsibilities as coequal with rights. Such insistence is funding reflection in the demand for redomo of the following reflection in the demand for redomo of the such a substitution of the demand of th

Court Of Last Resort

Outlawing all strikes is not feasible. But when mediation and voluntary arbitration fail, then bringing the power of public opinion to bear on the matter under dispute has always had effect. If the
public is given the facts, then the disputants must
bow to the court of last resort. These facts must
bow to the court of last resort. These facts must
bow to the court of last resort. These facts must
bow an impartial group representing the workers, the
man impartial group representing the workers, the
uldgment should be fine the statement of public, whose
longer of the court of the court of the
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judgment should be final.

The time has come when the public can no longer wait for either or both of the disputing parties to distent to reason or compromise. The President, whether reluctant or not, may have to order selsure of the coal mines — and later the rultroads. The alternative is widespread disorder and stagnation of the nation's economic life. The fight to the finish—like law of the jungle—must become legally the share of the compromise the compromise of the compromise t

Marquis Childs

Democracy In UMW

coal industry.

The district bears of the post of the entite labor movement. For Lewis knows into the tentre of the entite labor movement. For Lewis knows into we to use money of the entite labor movement. For Lewis knows into the tentre of the entite labor movement. For Lewis knows how to use movement to the tentre of the control of the entitle tentre of the control of the control of the entitle tentre of the control of the entitle tentre of the control of

bringing about drastic changes in what was at one time a sweaked industry paying starvation wages. The LIGWU carries on an exception of the start of the problems not only of the archemotic and the problems not only of the start of the problems of the natural of the natural of the natural of the natural of the problems of the probl

Samuel Grafton

A People Preoccupied

COMMENTATORS ENPANDEMENT
Political commentators are no
longer pampered, he said; and both
radio executives and the listening
public seem to get some curious
form of relief from shows in which
the contestant blows out a candle

the contestant blows out a candie while hanging by one foot from the ceiling, or indules in other amiliar activities which are no the ceiling or indules in the central problems of our time.

A manufacturing leweler told me had noticed a slight into big, just slight) failing off in sales of increase in the sales of high-priced goods. It asked him to be also the condient: but he had a feeling that the condient: but he had a feeling that the sales of the condient is the had a feeling that the sale of the condient is the had a feeling that the sale of the condient is the had a feeling that the sale of the condient is the had a feeling that the sale of the sale o

lars floating around, maybe even some from the black market. This kind of spending pattern is, of course, typical of an inflated of become even a little better-bested than they were before, while the relatively unheeled lose what little economic heeling they had.

CAFE SOCIETY

CAFE SOCIETY

friend in the entertainment

Brew Pearson's: Hoover, Roosevelt And Truman Compared Merry-Go-Round:

WASHINGTON Best Lewis Weapon Neglected

INSIDERS who have waiched the Hoover. Rossevil and Truman Administrations point to two serving and the training their methods of approaching national problems. Those two events are: The bonus army under Herbert Hoover, and the coal strike under Harry Truman. Rosseverla salos was threatened with a bonus army, also with several coal strikes. But they have been forgotten, which the current coal crisis.

And in this very fact is found the basic difference of the current coal crisis.

And in this very fact is found the basic difference of the city by General MacArthur, leaving a black mark against the Hoover Administration never to be lived down.

As Rossevell came into office, bonus army veterans fanfare, sent them to Pt. Hunt, Va. where they were feed, clothed and sent to areas where work was most available. In handling the threatened coal strike, Rossevel and fanfare, went them to Pt. Hunt, Va. where they were feed, clothed and sent to areas where work was most available. In handling the threatened coal strike Rossevel show three to meet the issue before it met him. Sixty days time—the hald Harold Rose, one of his Atongest Cabine members, start knocking Lewis and the mine operators' heads together, And at one time he was all set to go on the radio with the most scatting denunciation Lewis had Rossevel; of course, had the full force of "no strikes in war-time" behind him. Truman dight. However, not only did Truman dight thereof to be get a statistice, of course, had the full force of "no strikes in war-time" behind him. Truman dight. However, not only did Truman dight thereof to be get a statistic or active it was a beginning to be get a statistic or active it was designed to get a statistic or active it was been able to get a statistic or active it was designed.