

SHILL NAZIS FROM RIV

Hold Parts Of City On East Bank Of Dnieper Raking Cliffs With Fire

By EDDY GILMORE
MOSCOW — (AP)—Red Army guns shelled the Germans on the high cliffs of Kiev from numerous positions in the suburbs of the eastern bank of the Dnieper today. The Russians were in possession of the entire eastern suburbs of the city, some of which lies less than 100 yards across the river. They were at the railway and highway bridges on the eastern side of the villages of Pochayiv, Frodymystyna, Sloboda and Trukhanov Island, all in Kiev's front yard. These are just across the river and actually are not villages but subdivisions of the city.

VERY CLOSE TO CITY

Russian troops are so close to the city that in many places they are able to rake the cliffs with machine-guns, and snipers are busy picking off unwary Germans.

Soviet forces which pushed into the suburbs on the eastern bank of the river saw a heavy fire from their fortified positions along the riverfront. They had advanced to the high cliffs and snipers were busy picking off unwary Germans.

The Berlin radio said that Soviet forces were continuing big-scale crossing thrusts along the central Dnieper. It revealed the success of the assaults. It added that Russian reinforcements were being thrown against German defenses near Zaporoche, and Soviet forces still attacking with powerful forces in the Kuznetsov.

It is not known whether the Germans have destroyed railway and highway bridges spanning the Dnieper at Kiev, and there is no indication whether the Russians intend to storm the city's high cliffs frontally from across the river or flank it by crossing to the north and south.

There were no reports here either that Soviet forces had already crossed the river either directly or by means of rafts.

NEAR GOMEL
The fall of Gomel, river fortification above Kiev, appeared imminent as Soviet troops advanced to within 100 miles of the town from the northeast and other columns advanced from the south and east.

Thirty villages lying about Gomel's approaches are in a disorganized state. The capture of Rudnyia, important communication center midway between Gomel and Vitebsk, Red Army forces today were plunging ahead toward the northern borders of White Russia, less than 100 miles from Berlin. The swift advance constituted a

Casualties Reach 115,000 For Army And Navy Service

WASHINGTON — (AP)—War casualties of the nation's armed forces have reached approximately 115,000. Secretary of War Stimson disclosed today that Army casualties to date total about 85,000 while figures announced by the Navy Department placed Naval casualties at 30,162.

The Navy total included 11,250 dead, 5,305 wounded, 9,455 missing and 4,143 taken prisoner. The Army total, Stimson told a press conference, included the period from December 7, 1941, through casualties at Salerno, and including September 15.

SALERNO LOSSES
The casualties at Salerno, where the Allied beachhead was established in Italy and now is expanding, totaled 3,900 killed, wounded and missing.

Stimson gave this breakdown for the war casualties, not including Salerno:

Killed, 10,652.
Wounded, 25,675.
Missing, 27,745.
Taken prisoner, 24,541.

Since the landings in Sicily on July 10 American casualties in the Mediterranean theater of operations up to the Salerno campaign amounted to 1,455 killed, 5,213 wounded and 1,735 missing, Stimson said. Nearly all these casualties resulted from the Sicilian

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Guerrillas Of Yugoslavia Force Nazis Into Retreat

LONDON — (AP)—A Patriot communique broadcast today from somewhere in Yugoslavia said that guerrilla forces had forced German troops to retreat "at many places" near the northeastern Italian city of Gorizia and at Ljubljana, in Yugoslavia.

The war bulletin, recorded here by Reuters, made no mention of how far the irregulars had swept past Gorizia, 25 miles west of the Yugoslav border and 30 miles northwest of Trieste, but the London Daily Mail, quoting German radio accounts, said the guerrillas had penetrated 100 miles into Northern Italy to the Venetia area.

The account described the fighting as being in progress along a 15-mile front between Venice and Trieste to the northeast and northward toward the Austrian border to the northwest foothills.

AREA 'UNSAFE'
The newspaper quoted a Berlin radio spokesman as saying that the entire area was "unsafe" and that the German government was possible only in convoys, and that the bridges and railways were said to have been blocked.

South along the eastern shore of the Adriatic, the Germans were said to be rushing additional troops to the Balkan coastal sector to strengthen the battered bridge and railway network.

The broadest Yugoslav communique today said heavy fighting was in progress near that city, the evacuation of which had been delayed.

In the port of Susak, adjoining the Italian city of Fiume, all Italian troops were said to be firmly held with heavy losses having been inflicted upon the enemy.

ATTACK NAZI CURSE
The first of the First Great Corps were credited with killing 60 Germans and destroying eleven trucks in an attack on a German column moving between Trieste and Udine. Other units derided a German column on the railway between Drob and Gorizia.

The Yugoslav fighting "without a doubt is preliminary to a general attack on the Axis which may lead to the junction of the Allied and Soviet Armies," it said.

Meanwhile, the arrival in Cairo of young King Peter of Yugoslavia was viewed in London as the likeliest herald of Allied moves to bring about a unification of the two Yugoslav guerrilla armies which together are estimated to total around 300,000 men.

Allied officers are said to be attached to the headquarters of the Yugoslav Minister of War, and the British military leader, Joseph Drea ("General Tito").

UNITS SOUGHT
These Allied representatives, it is said, are investigating the possibility of bringing about a common understanding between the two leaders, Yugoslav and German, and of the recent reports of action by Mihailovic's forces, centered in Southern Yugoslavia.

These same sources said "Tito" recently has renewed an old-standing invitation to Mihailovic officials by collaborated with the Germans.

Gas Rationing Probe Coming
WASHINGTON — (AP)—A full-scale investigation of gasoline rationing was announced today by the War Relocation Authority, California, of the House War Relocation Committee.

The announced inquiry, with hearings tentatively set for October, after a conference with the War Relocation Authority, is expected to be held in Washington. The investigation is expected to be made by a subcommittee of the interdepartmental Government Commission on War Relocation, and private industry will be called as witnesses, it is said.

Third War Loan's Campaign Goal Of 15 Billions Met

Morgenthau Announces Objective Reached With Two Days Yet To Go
EVANSVILLE, Ind. — (AP)—Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau announced here today that the nation's Third War Loan drive goal of \$15,000,000,000 had been met.

The Secretary, who came here to participate in the launching of an invasion binge at the Evansville shipyards, made the announcement at the launching ceremony.

"An hour ago, I had word from the Treasury in Washington that at 11 o'clock this morning we met and passed our national goal of \$15,000,000,000," Morgenthau said, "we have two days to go."

"What happens tomorrow and Saturday will measure for the patriotism of the American people and, more than that, will measure for us as the nation's understanding of the principles involved in this war," the Secretary said. "We know now why we are fighting."

"This is no longer a war of defense, if it ever was such a war. Nor is it any mere war of resistance against Germany. This war is a struggle between two ways of thought. The lesson we have in mind, the dictators is that our way of life, our democratic principles can and will beat theirs; that is the preceding day.

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Troops Reach South Slopes Of Vesuvius

Cairo Radio Says Fifth Army Already Investing Italian Seaport
By WES GALLAGHER
ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN NORTH AFRICA (AP)—The American Fifth Army rolled across the coastal plain at the foot of Vesuvius today toward the heavy smoke and flame that marked the city of Naples. Troops second great port of the peninsula.

Overrunning Pompeii, the modern town of 4,000 people built on the ashes of its ancient namesake, they destroyed in 79 A. D. troops of Lt. Gen. Mark W. Clark led to the southern slopes of 3,900-foot Vesuvius and began last stages of their approach around the base of the volcano.

The German command announced the capture of both Pompeii, ten miles along the coast from Naples, and Mercato San Severino, 22 miles south of the big port which has been shaken and swept for a week by the explosions and fires set by German demolition crews, and riddled by repeated machine-gun squads reported to have inflicted a reign of terror among the people.

PROBABLY MUCH NEARER
But it was probable that the troops were much closer than disclosed by the columnists which usually contains no information of operations later than 8 P. M. of the preceding day.

The Cairo radio said the Fifth Army was steadily investing the city from the south and west.

(The German communique, broadcast from Berlin, held that the German positions had been destroyed in an effort to prevent Allied landings, and that "every reverse movement was taken against Communist forces which are flaring up.")

White clouds, Army continued to be broken advances. Gen. Sir Harold Alexander, Allied commander in chief in the Mediterranean, and Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower, Allied commander in chief in the Mediterranean, consolidated the newly won bases at Foggia, only 100 miles from Rome, and broadcast out the capture of the German defenders in a 20-mile advance from Zaporoche.

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Explode Huge Jap Ammunition Store

Liberators Strike at Wewak; Aussies Near Main Jetty At Finschhafen
ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN THE SOUTHWEST PACIFIC (AP)—A huge store of ammunition which the Japanese painstakingly had transported overseas for use against Gen. MacArthur's advancing New Guinea troops was exploded Tuesday at Wewak by Liberator bombers in the greatest pyrotechnic display ever seen in the Southwest Pacific.

This new blow, following by a day the destruction of more than 100 planes and seven ships at Wewak, was reported today in a communique which also announced the had fighting Australians had hatched through bitter Japanese resistance to within 600 yards of the main jetty at Finschhafen.

The Japanese utilized 40 fighter planes and concentrated batteries of heavy guns in an effort to prevent further destruction at Wewak, where approximately 500 of their aircraft have been wiped out in little more than a month.

But the raiders shot down eight bombers to the loss of 10 tons of bombs. The Japanese were Monday and departed intact while the Australians continued to cover the whole Wewak Peninsula. The fighting climax of the operation pilots left returning fire to believe they were under heavy armor thrust in from Rabaul.

GREAT FLAMES
The resultant flames after the incendiary bombs had been set for 60 miles. A large fuel dump and several supply dumps also were destroyed.

Nearer the ground fighting at Finschhafen, Liberators caused hand-to-hand observations with 1,000-pound bombs on the coastal road south of Midang.

The Finschhafen garrison, in addition to falling back from some prepared positions, took cover behind plantation and jungle on the northern outskirts of the main garrison village, and was attacked by a force which crossed the Illie Creek behind the base and by a force moving along the coast from Lae. The defenders were driven back and shelled by artillery.

The swift advance constituted a

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Draft Of Fathers Starts Right Away

Big Majority of States To Begin Inductions Immediately
WASHINGTON — (AP)—With Congress still debating the wisdom of it, the draft of fathers for military service starts tomorrow and an Associated Press survey indicates an overwhelming majority of states will start inductions in the next few days.

Family boards immediately in order to meet their quotas. State boards have been urged to avoid, insofar as possible, induction of pre-war fathers until Oct. 1. Selective Service units, including most of the South, said they definitely expect to call only First War fathers in October. Only ten states reported that they could postpone it until after Nov. 1.

The War Department, which has indicated that it should be no blanket deferments for any group such as fathers, indicated a willingness to meet a group of lawmakers who have backed the father draft idea. General staff meetings were held in Washington and in other cities, discussed plans to deny Government employment to any able-bodied fathers who have been inducted to bar from Washington desk duty and to bar from military service.

MAN Y ALREADY IN
Actually many fathers already are in uniform.

Some of the fathers says some are pre-World War fathers were inducted for these reasons:

1—They were men whose occupations were listed as "non-deferrable."

2—They were farmers who abandoned farming—a violation of the Tydings amendment and answerable by induction.

3—They were men who were financially dependent on them.

Many other fathers volunteered. No dependency of local cases was a ground for deferment in preparation for this pre-World War fathers draft and so they were inducted.

The French Air Force, in action over Corsica where the Germans are being steadily pushed into the sea, shot down six German planes.

"On The Road To Death"
German Shell Kills Three British War Correspondents Near Naples

LONDON — (AP)—Three British war correspondents with the American Fifth Army have been killed near Naples, it was announced today by the War Relocation Authority. Austin of the London Daily Herald, Stewart G. Gale of Reuters Service and William T. DeWitt of the Sydney Morning Herald and the London News Chronicle.

The British newsmen were with a leading unit of Lt. Gen. Mark W. Clark's armor advance upon Naples, and it was after they had seen enemy opposition waded out the outskirts of the town that they were killed.

Say Naples Evacuated

"Too Risky" For Nazis To Stay in City
STOCKHOLM — (AP)—The German evacuation of Naples after destroying the port facilities is a "very serious step," the report from the city.

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U. S. Biggest Nazi Nightmare; Propaganda Stunts Boomerang

Inside Germany

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Weather